2016 Sec 4 Emath

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Candidate Name ()

Anglican High School Preliminary Examination 2016 Secondary Four **Mathematics Paper 1** [4048 / 01]

Date of Examination: 5 August 2016

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, register number and class in the spaces at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 80.

Table of Penalties					
	Develte				
Error	Penalty	Q NO.			
Significant figures	-1				
Units	-1				
Presentation/					
Missing statements/	-1				
Not using ink					

80

 $\overline{}$

Parent's Signature :

This document consists of 20 printed pages.

2016 PRELIM EXAM SEC4 EM P1



Class: Sec 4 /

Duration : 2 hours

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi$$

Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

2016 PRELIM EXAM SEC4 EM P1

For Examiner's		3	For Examiner?
Use		Answer all the questions.	USP
	1	Calculate $\frac{-6.23^2 \div \sqrt[3]{-124.5}}{3.22(-5.003)^2}$.	
		(a) Write down the first six digits on your calculator display.	
		Answer (a)[1]	
		(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 significant figures.	
		Answer (b)[1]	
	2	Given that $\frac{\sqrt[4]{x^{-3}} \times x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{x^{-2}} = x^{\frac{2}{3}k}$, find the value of k.	
		<i>Answer</i>	



For

Use

For

Use

6

4	(a)	The population density of Singapore is 7697 people per square kilometre. The population density in Hong Kong is 17019 people per square mile. State, showing your working, the country that is more densely populated, given that 1 mile = 1.61 kilometre.
		Answer
	(b)	Given that the land space in Singapore is 719 km ² , calculate the total population residing in Singapore, leaving your answer in standard form.
		Answer
		2016 PRELIM EXAM SEC4 EM P1
		[Turn o

aminer's Use		6	For Examiner Use
	5	A car travelled at an average speed of 80 km/h on a recent journey to Malacca. Along the way, a 15-minute rest stop was taken before continuing on the trip. The ratio of the times of the whole journey is $5:3:7$. Calculate the distance travelled.	
		Answer	
	6	The diagram shows a sector <i>AOB</i> with radius 6 cm. Angle <i>AOB</i> is 75°. (i) Express 75° in radians. $A \xrightarrow{75^{\circ}}_{O} 6 \text{ cm}$ <i>Answer</i> (i)	
		(ii) Hence, find the arc length <i>AB</i> .	



0	Determin	ie whether tria	ingle ADC IS FIGH	i-aligieu.		[2]
				B		
			16 cm	6 cm		
		4				
		11	17 cm	C		
	Answer.					
	••••••					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Datas as d	Mony	ad in a writtan N	Inthomatics and t	hat required them to	onewer
,	twenty qu	uestions.	cu ili a witttell IV	ramematics quiz t	nat required them to	answer
	The table	e shows the nu	mber of question	s they have answe	ered correctly, wrong	gly or did
	not attempt.					
	[Correct	Wrong	Did not attemp	ot	
	Peter	Correct 10	Wrong 5	Did not attemp 5	ot	
	Peter Mary	Correct 10 12	Wrong 5 7	Did not attemp 5 1	ot	
	Peter Mary The table wrongly	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not atten	Wrong 5 7 mber of points th mpt.	Did not attemp 5 1 ney will be awarde	ed if they answer cor	rectly,
	Peter Mary The table wrongly	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not atten	Wrong 5 7 mber of points th mpt.	Did not attemp 5 1 ney will be awarde	ed if they answer cor	rectly,
	Peter Mary The table wrongly Poin	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not atten ts Awarded	Wrong 5 7 mber of points the mpt. Correct 2	Did not attemp 5 1 wey will be awarde Wrong -1	ed if they answer cor Did not attempt 0	rectly,
	Peter Mary The table wrongly Poin Using ma	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not atten ts Awarded atrix multiplica	Wrong 5 7 mber of points the mpt. Correct 2 ation, find the nu	Did not attemp 5 1 hey will be awarded Wrong -1 mber of points aw	ed if they answer cor Did not attempt 0 varded to Peter and N	rectly,
	Peter Mary The table wrongly Poin Using ma respectiv	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not atten ts Awarded atrix multiplicately.	Wrong 5 7 mber of points the mpt. Correct 2 ation, find the nu	Did not attemp 5 1 1 1 hey will be awarded Wrong -1 -1 mber of points awarded 1	ot ed if they answer cor Did not attempt 0 varded to Peter and N	rectly,
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	Peter Mary The table wrongly Poin Using marge Using marge	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not attent ts Awarded atrix multiplicately.	Wrong 5 7 mber of points the mpt. Correct 2 ation, find the nu	Did not attemp 5 1 hey will be awarded Wrong -1 mber of points aw	ed if they answer cor Did not attempt 0 varded to Peter and N	rectly,
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	Peter Mary The table wrongly Poin Using ma respectiv	Correct 10 12 e shows the num or did not attent ts Awarded atrix multiplicately.	Wrong 5 7 mber of points the mpt. Correct 2 ation, find the nu	Did not attemp 5 1 hey will be awarded Wrong -1 mber of points awarded	ed if they answer cor Did not attempt 0 varded to Peter and N	rectly,



For Examiner's Use	12	(i)	10 If x is directly proportional to y^2 , and y is inversely proportional to z. Prove that xy is inversely proportional to z^3 .	For Examiner's Use
		Answe	er (i)	
			[2]	
		(ii)	Given that when $xy = A$, a particular value of z is obtained. Find the percentage change in z when xy is doubled.	
			Answer (ii) % [2]	
			2016 PRELIM EXAM SEC4 EM P1	

For Examiner's Use	13	11Ian has written down six numbers 3, 4, 7, a , 3 and b where $b > a$.If the mode of these numbers is 3, the mean is 6 and the median is 5,find the value of a and of b .	For Examiner's Us?
		Answer a is and b is	
	14	Factorise $2x^2 - 8xy + 8y^2 - 18$ completely.	
		Answer	

^{uminer's} ^{Use} 15	PQ,	12 QR and RS are adjacent sides of a regular polygon.	F Exam U
	Give	n that $\angle RPQ = 18^{\circ}$, Q	
	(a)	calculate	
		(i) the exterior angle of the polygon, S	
		Answer (a)(i)	
		(ii) the number of sides of the polygon,	
		Answer (a)(ii)[1]	
		(iii) angle <i>PRS</i> .	
		Answer (a)(iii)[1]	
	(b)	Write down the name of this polygon.	
		$Answer(b) \qquad [1]$	

For Fxaminer's	1		13	For Examiner's
Use	16	(a)	Written as a product of its prime factors	Us?
			$2200 = 2^3 \times 5^2 \times 11$.	
			(i) Express 5880 as the product of its prime factors.	
			4 511	
			Answer[1]	
			(ii) Hence write down the greatest integer that will divide both 2200 and 5880	
			exactly.	
			Answer[1]	
			$\overline{2200}$	
			(iii) Write down an integer k, such that $\sqrt{\frac{2-2}{k}}$ will give a whole number.	
			Answer	
		(b)	A glass marble has a mass of 30 grams. If the volume of the marble is 13 cm ³ ,	
			correct to the nearest cubic centimetre. Find the greatest possible mass of 1 cubic	
			centimetre of the marble.	
			<i>Answer</i> grams [2]	







[Turn over

For

Use





For Examiner's Use			18	For Examiner's Use
Use	21	D is the	he point $(-2, 1)$ and E is $(h, 6)$ and $\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 7\\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.	
		(i)	Express \overrightarrow{DE} as a column vector, in terms of <i>h</i> .	
			Answer (i)[1]	
		(ii)	If \overrightarrow{DE} is parallel to \overrightarrow{AB} , find the value of <i>h</i> .	
			Answer (ii) $h =$	
		(iii)	If instead, $ DE = AB $, find the value(s) of <i>h</i> .	
			Answer $(b)(iii)$ $h =$ or	
			2016 PRELIM EXAM SEC4 EM P1	



[Turn over

For

Us?



1(a)	0.09644
1(a)	0.09044
1(1-)	
1(b)	0.096 (28.1)
2	$\frac{7}{4} = \frac{2}{3}k$
	$k = 2\frac{5}{8} (o.e)$
3(a)	69
3(b)	63
3(c)	Group A higher mean or median
4 (a)	$\frac{17019}{1.61^2} = 6565.718915 \text{pop./km}^2$
	Singapore is more densely populated.
4(b)	total population= 5.53×10^{6}
5	distance travelled = $80 \times \frac{5}{4}$
	=100km
6(i)	1.31 / $\frac{5\pi}{12}$ or o.e.
6(ii)	$6 \times \frac{5\pi}{12} = 7.85 \mathrm{cm}$
7(i)	15 units
7(ii)	<i>x</i> = 1
7(iii)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 12 = 18$ sq units
8	According to Pythagoras' Theorem, triangle ABC is
	not right-angled.
	$16^2 + 6^2 = 292$
	$17^2 = 289$
	$AB^2 + BC^2 \neq AC^2$
9	$\begin{pmatrix} 15\\17 \end{pmatrix}$

Marking Scheme for AHS 2016 EM Paper 1

	Peter is awarded <u>15</u> points and Mary is awarded <u>17</u>	
	points.	
10 (a)	$A \cap B'$	
10(b)(i)	Any of the following answers. x = T, R	
10(b)(ii)	$A \cup B = \{T, H, R, O, N, E, S, P\}$	
11	$\frac{y}{x} = \frac{3}{5}$	
12 (i)	$x = ky^2 \& y = \frac{l}{z}$	
	$xy = \left(ky^2\right)\left(\frac{l}{z}\right)$	
	$=k\left(\frac{l}{z}\right)^2\left(\frac{l}{z}\right)$	
	$=\frac{kl^3}{z^3}$, where kl^3 is a constant.	
	$\therefore xy \propto \frac{1}{z^3}$ (shown)	
12 (ii)	Percentage change of $z = -20.6\%$	
13	$\begin{array}{c} a = 6\\ b = 13 \end{array}$	
14	2(x-2y-3)(x-2y+3)	
15(a)(i)	36°	
15(a)(ii)	10	
15(a)(iii) 15(b)	Angle $PRS = 126^{\circ}$	
15(0)		
10(a)(1)	$5880 = 2^{2} \times 3 \times 5 \times 7^{2}$	
10(a)(11)	$HCF = 2^{5} \times 5 = 40$	
16(a)(111)	Either $k = 2 \times 11 = 22$ (minimum) Or $k = 2200$ (maximum)	
16(b)	greatest possible mass = $2.4 gram$	
17(i)	12.5 m/s ²	
17(ii)	330 m	





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Class 4



ANGLICAN HIGH SCHOOL Preliminary Examination Secondary Four MATHEMATICS 4048/02



Friday

22 July 2016

2 hours 30 minutes

Additional Materials: 7 writing papers and 1 graph paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name and index number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers on the writing papers provided.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, attach the entire set of question papers on top of your answer scripts.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is **100**.

For Examiner's Use

Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Marks										

	_	Table of Penalties	6
		Presentation	–1
		Units	-1
Parent's Name/Signature/Date		Significant Figures	-1

Table of Penalties	5	Qn. No.	
Presentation	-1		
Units	-1		
Significant Figures	-1		100

This question paper consists of 9 printed pages.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

$$\text{Total amount} = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cos A$$
$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum x}$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

Answer **all** the questions.

1 (a) Simplify
$$2x^3y^2 \div \frac{6x^2}{5y}$$
. [2]

(b) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{3}{x-1} + \frac{6x}{1-x^2}$. [2]

(c) (i) Factorize
$$4ab-10c+6a^2b-15ac$$
 completely. [2]

(ii) Given that
$$\frac{3x-7y}{4x+y} = \frac{2}{5}$$
, find the value of $\frac{x}{8y}$. [2]

2 (a) In the diagram, *ABCDE* is a regular pentagon and *ABQRST* is a regular hexagon. Calculate



(b) Calculate the sum of the angles a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i and j in the diagram below.

[3]



2016 PRELIMS SEC4 EM P2

3 In this question, leave all your answers to 2 decimal places.

The table below shows the exchange rate in April 2016. To convert from the foreign currency to Singapore Dollars, we use the rate listed in the "Buy" column. To convert from Singapore Dollars to the foreign currency, we use the rate listed in the "Sell" column.

Currency	Amount	Buy (S\$)	Sell (S\$)
US Dollars	US\$1	1.363	1.38
Australian Dollars	AU\$1	1.050	1.10
Japanese Yen	¥1000	12.434	12.55
Hong Kong Dollars	HK\$100	17.576	18.25
Malaysian Ringgit	RM100	35.080	36.00

- (a) John wants to tour Hong Kong and wants to bring HK\$2000. Calculate the amount of Singapore dollars he must pay to buy the foreign currency. [2]
- (b) By using the rate listed in the "Buy" column, calculate the exchange rate between US\$1 and the Malaysian Ringgit.
- (c) Mr Lim was originally going on a business trip to Japan and converted S\$2000 to Japanese Yen. However, the trip was cancelled. He decided to convert the Japanese Yen he had back to Singapore dollars. Show that the amount he lost as a percentage of his original sum is less than 1%.
- (d) Sharon went to Australia and bought a luxury watch at AU\$ 10 079. Calculate the amount of money (in Singapore dollars) she would need to exchange before the trip, if she paid in cash.

4	(a)	Cons	sider the pattern.	
		1	$1 - 2 = 3^2$	
		1	$111 - 22 = 33^2$	
		1	$11111 - 222 = 333^2$	
		÷		
		х	$x - y = 333333333^2$	
		(i)	Write down the 4 th line in the pattern.	[2]
		(ii)	Find the number of 1s in x.	[1]
		(iii)	Find the value of <i>y</i> .	[1]
	(b)	The	first four numbers of a sequence are 1, 4, 7, and 10.	
		(i)	Write down the 10 th term.	[1]
		(ii)	Find, in terms of n , a formula for the general term, T_n , of the sequence.	[1]
		(iii)	Show, with working, whether or not 45 is in this sequence.	[3]

[2]

(ii) Find the solutions of
$$y - \frac{15}{4} = 0$$
. [3]

(b) Solve
$$\frac{15x}{x-9} - 3 = 0.$$
 [3]

6 The diagram (not drawn to scale) shows a badge designed by a student for his CCA. It is made up of a regular octagon and a circle with centre *X*.
The line segments *AC*, *CE*, *EG*, *GI*, *IK*, *KM*, *MO*, *OA* are tangents to the circle at *B*, *D*, *F*, *H*, *J*, *L*, *N*, *P* respectively.



 (b) Another student drew a circle on paper by tracing the circumference of a cup. Explain how he can obtain the centre of the circle after he drew 2 more chords on the circle.



[2]

6

7 The diagram shows the front view of the N.R.G. greenhouse which is vertical to the ground. *PT* and *ST* make up the roof which make angles of 15° with the horizontal.



Given that SR = 4 m, QR = 6 m and M is a point due south of Q on the ground such that MQ = 30 m and angle $MQR = 110^{\circ}$. U and V are the mid points of PS and QR respectively.

(a)	Find		
	(i)	the distance between T and V ,	[2]
	(ii)	the angle of elevation of T from M ,	[4]
	(iii)	the bearing of V from M.	[2]
(b)	A stu	ident walks from <i>M</i> to <i>V</i> . Find the distance that he has to walk so that	
	he is	closest to <i>Q</i> .	[2]

8 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The variables *x* and *y* are connected by the equation

$$y = 24x^2 - 6x^3.$$

The table below shows some values of *x* and the corresponding values of *y*.

x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4
У	0	p	18	33.75	48	q	54	36.75	0

- (a) Calculate the value of *p* and of *q*.
- (b) Using a scale of 2 cm to 0.5 units, draw a horizontal x-axis for 0 ≤ x ≤ 4. Using a scale of 2 cm to 10 units, draw a vertical y-axis for 0 ≤ y ≤ 60. On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]
- (c) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at x = 2. [2]
- (d) By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, solve $24x 6x^2 \frac{50}{x} = -55$. [3]
- (e) Using the graph, solve $y \ge 40$.

7.+

[2]

[2]

9 (a) The waiting time, in seconds, for 20 students queueing up to buy food in the canteen from 2 different stalls are recorded as follows.

Stall A

Time (s)	$30 \le t \le 35$	$35 \le t \le 40$	$40 \le t \le 45$	$45 \le t \le 50$
Number of	6	11	1	2
students	0	11	I	2

Stall B

Mean	36 s
Standard Deviation	5 s

	(i)	For Stall A, calculate an estimate of(a) the mean waiting time,(b) the standard deviation.	[1] [1]					
	(ii)	Make two comparisons between the waiting times for the two stalls.	[2]					
	(iii)	Stall <i>C</i> has a standard deviation of 0s for its waiting time, suggest a reason for this.	[1]					
(b)	A bag contains three identical red balls numbered 1 to 3 and two identical							
	blue balls numbered 1 and 2.							
	Two	balls are taken from the bag at random without replacement.	[0]					
	(1)	Draw a possibility diagram to show all the possible outcomes.	[2]					
	Usin	g the possibility diagram or otherwise, find the probability that						
	(ii)	the two balls bear the same number,	[1]					
	(iii)	the two balls are of different colours.	[1]					
	A third ball is next chosen from the bag without replacement after the first two.							
	(iv)	What is the probability that all are blue?	[1]					
	(v)	What is the probability that only two red balls are chosen?	[2]					



The diagram shows part of a circular table that is pushed into a corner of a room. A boy measures a point, X, on the circumference of the table to be 1 cm from the south wall and 50 cm from the west wall. Points A and B are the points where the table meets the walls.

- (a) By the use of the Pythagoras' Theorem, verify that the radius of the table is 61 cm.
- (**b**) Find the length of arc *XB*.
- (c) Calculate the length of the chord XB.
- (d) These tables are used by a restaurant as dining tables in a dining area of 100 m^2 .

Useful information		
	Casual dining	Fine dining
Minimum area of table space	$1\ 700\ {\rm cm}^2$	$2\ 700\ {\rm cm}^2$
per diner		
Number of tables	12	9
Recommended amount of	1.4 m²/ diner	1.8 m²/ diner
dining space (in square metres)		
per diner		

Determine if the restaurant should be a casual dining or fine dining establishment. Justify your decision with calculations. [5]

End of Paper.

10

35

[3]

[3]

[1]

(b) $-\frac{3}{x+1}$ (c)(i) $(3a+2)(2ab-5c)$	
(b) $-\frac{3}{x+1}$ (c)(i) $(3a+2)(2ab-5c)$	
$\frac{-\frac{1}{x+1}}{(c)(i)} = \frac{-3}{(3a+2)(2ab-5c)}$	
(c)(i) $(3a+2)(2ab-5c)$	
(c)(i) $(3a+2)(2ab-5c)$	
(ii) x 37	
$\frac{1}{8y} = \frac{1}{56}$	
2 108°	
(a)(i)	
(ii) 60°	
(iii) 48°	
(iv) 120°	
$2a(v)$ 24°	
(b) 2160°	
3(a) \$\$365.00	
(b) US1 \approx RM3.89$	
(c) Percentage loss = 0.924305%	
< 1% (shown)	
(d) She needed to exchange S\$11 086.90 before the	
4(i) 11111111 2222 2222 ²	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
(ii) 10^{-10} (iii) $y = 222,222,222$	
(h) $y = 222 222 222$ (b)(i) $10^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 28$	
(ii) $3n-2$	
4b(iii) $3n-2=45$	
3n = 47	
$n = \frac{47}{15} = \frac{2}{15}$	
$n = \frac{1}{3}$ or $13\frac{1}{3}$	
Since <i>n</i> has to be a positive integer, 45 is not in	
the sequence.	
5(a) $(x-\frac{7}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2}$	
(i) $x = \frac{7}{2}$	
2	
Minimum value of $y = -\frac{1}{4}$	
(ii) $r = 5^{1} \text{ or } 1^{1}$	
x = 3 - 01 - 1 - 2	
(b)	

2016 AHS Prelim Math P2 Worked Solution
	$-\frac{9}{-9}$ or $-2\frac{1}{-2}$		
	4 4		
6(a)(i)	45°		
(II) (:::)	112.5°		
(111) (i-r)	45		
(IV)	90		
(V)	135		
(\mathbf{VI})	45°		
(D)	The perpendicular bisectors for the 2 chords		
	since the perpendicular bisectors of a chord will		
	nass through the centre		
7(a)(i)	4.80 m (3 sf)		
(ii)	$\angle TMV^{\circ} = 8.767^{\circ} \dots \approx 8.8^{\circ} (1 \text{ dp})$		
(iii)	Bearing is 005.2°		
(b)	29.9 m		
8 (a)	p = 5.25, q = 56.25		
(b)			
(c)	Gradient = 24		
(d)	From the graph, $x \approx 0.7$		
(e)	From the graph, $1.7 \le x \le 3.4$		
9(a)	Mean = 37.25 s		
(i)(a)			
(b)	s.d. = 4.32 s		
(ii)	On average Stall A has a longer waiting time, due		
	The spread of the waiting time for Stall A is		
	smaller as it has a smaller s d		
(iii)	All the students who bought from Stall C had the		
()	same waiting time		
9(h)(i)			
(U)(I)	1 ST DRAW		
	R1 R2 R3 B1 B2		
	R1 R2R1 R3R1 B1R1 B2R1		
	\mathbf{R} R2 R1R2 R3R2 B1R2 B2R2		
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		

(ii)	1	
(11)		
	5	
(iii)	$\frac{3}{2}$	
	5	
(iv)	0	
(v)	3	
	5	
	5	
10(a)	Let the radius he R	
10(a)	$D^2 = (D - 50)^2 + (D - 1)^2$	
	R = (R - 50) + (R - 1)	
	$R^2 - 102R + 2501 = 0$	
	Solve to get $R = 61$ only	
(b)	11.1 cm	
(c)	11.0 cm (3 sf)	
10(d)	Number of diners the table can take for casual	
	dining	
	$= \pi \times 61 \times 61 \div 1700$	
	<mark>≈ 6</mark>	
	Number of diners the table can take for fine	
	dining	
	$= \pi \times 61 \times 61 \div 2700$	
	≈4	
	Number of diners the restaurant can host for	
	casual dining	
	$=12\times6$	
	= 72	
	Number of diners the restaurant can host for fine	
	dining	
	$=9\times4$	
	= 36	
	Recommended number of diners for casual dining	
	$= 100 \div 1.4$	
	≈ 71	
	Recommended number of diners for fine dining	
	100÷1.8	
	≈ 55	
	Since the number of diners the restaurant can host	
	for casual dining is closer to the recommended	
	number, it would appear that the restaurant is a	
	casual dining establishment.	
	1	J

Class Index No.

(4016/1)

(4048/1)



FUHUA SECONDARY SCHOOL

Secondary Four Express/ Five Normal (Academic)



Preliminary Examination 2016

Fuhua Secondary Fuhua Secondar

MATHEMATICS PAPER 1

Additional Materials: Construction Set & Electronic calculator

DATE	30 August 2016
TIME	09 00 – 11 00
DURATION	2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, correction tapes or correction fluid.

Answer all questions on the question paper itself.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result of loss of marks.

Calculator should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer correct to 3 significant figures. Give answers in degrees to 1 decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

PARENT'S SIGNATURE	FOR EXAMINER'S USE
	/ 80

This question paper consists of 18 printed pages including this page.

[Turn over

MATHEMATICAL FORMULAE

Compound Intetest

Total amount =
$$P(1 + \frac{r}{100})^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of cone =
$$\pi r l$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4 \pi r^2$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$
Area of triangle ABC = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$
Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians
Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard Deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

3

Answer **all** the questions.

1 (a) Calculate
$$\frac{-1.3^2 + 2\pi^3}{4 - \sqrt{19}}$$
.

(b) Express 0.15% as a fraction in its simplest form.

Answer (a)[1] (b)[1]

2 (a) Express $\frac{3}{2(5-x)} - \frac{4-x}{(x+1)(x-5)}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form.

(b) A man bought x kg rice at \$y. He sold all the rice at p cents per 100g.Find an expression in terms of x, y and p for the profit he made in dollars.

3 (a) Given that
$$8^{12} \div 4^{2w} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3w-2}$$
, find the value of w.

(**b**) Simplify
$$\frac{2ab^2}{(2bc^0)^{-2}} \div \frac{8}{\sqrt{ab^2}}$$
, leaving your answer in positive index notation.

- *(b)*[2]
- 4 Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$\frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{6} - \frac{y}{2}$$
$$7x - 3y + 1 = 0$$

- 5 Written as the product of its prime factors, $4536 = 2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7$.
 - (a) Write 4410 as the product of its prime factors.
 - (b) Find the highest common factor of 4536 and 4410. Give your answer as the product of prime factors.
 - (c) Find the smallest positive integer k such that 4410k is multiple of 4536.

Answer (a) 4410 = [1]

- (c) $k = \dots [1]$
- 6 The temperature of a buffalo wing was -15°C when taken out of a freezer. The buffalo wing was immediately heated up in an oven and after 15 minutes, its temperature was 120°C.

Given that the temperature of the buffalo wing increased at constant rate, calculate,

- (a) the number of minutes it had been heated up when its temperature reached 40°C,
- (b) its temperature when it had been warmed for 8 minutes.

Answer (*a*) minutes [2]

(*b*)°C [2]

A metal rod A has a length of 43 m, correct to the nearest m.

A metal rod B has a length of 61 m, correct to the nearest m. Find

- (a) the least possible length of metal rod A,
- (b) the greatest possible difference in their lengths.

Answer (a)m [1]

- (*b*)m [1]
- 8 An area of 9 cm^2 on a map represents an actual area of 0.04 km^2 . Calculate

2.4

- (a) the area on the map, in square centimetres, which represents an actual area of 2000 m^2 ,
- (b) the actual distance, in kilometres, represented by a length of 7.8 cm.

Answer (*a*)cm² [2]

(*b*)km [2]

9 A man bought a game for \$86. He made a profit of 25% of the cost price after selling the game at a discount of 30% of the selling price. Find the actual selling price of the game.

- 10 An athlete walks a distance of 20 km at an average speed of 8 km/h and takes a break for 15 minutes, and continue to run a further distance of 800 m in 3.4 minutes.
 - (a) Express 8 km/h in m/s.
 - (b) Find the average speed of the athlete for the whole journey in m/s.

Answer (*a*)m/s [1]

(*b*)m/s [2]

.

11 One of the interior angles of a polygon is 120°. The remaining interior angles are each equal to 165°. Find the number of sides of the polygon.

Answer[2]

12 Given that y varies inversely as the square root of x, and y = 3 for a particular value of x. Find the value of y when this value reduced to 36%.

- 13 The length of a rectangular microchip is 1.8 micrometre and the width is 720 nanometres.
 - (a) Find the ratio of its length to its width.
 - (b) If the length is decreased by 50%, and the width is increased by 70%. Find the percentage change in the area of the microchip.

Answer (a)[1] (b)% [2]

14 In the diagram below, *BCD* is a straight line. It is given that AB = 8 cm, CD = 3 cm,

 $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$ and $\tan \angle BCA = \frac{4}{2}$

- (a) Find the length of *BC*.
- (b) Write down $\cos \angle ACD$.
- (c) Find the area of triangle *ACD*.



- Answer (a)cm [1]
 - *(b)* [1]
 - (c)cm² [1]

15 There are 40 students in a class. 12 students are in the NCC and 24 students are in the NPCC. 8 students are neither members of the NCC nor the NPCC. Let

 $\mathcal{E} = \{$ Students in the class $\}$

 $N = \{$ Students in the NCC $\}$

 $P = \{$ Students in the NPCC $\}$

- (a) Draw a Venn Diagram to illustrate the above information. Show on the Venn Diagram the number of elements in each distinct region.
- (b) It is also given that

 $C = \{$ Chinese students in the class $\}$

 $M = \{$ Malay students in the class $\}$

- $I = \{$ Indian students in the class $\}$
- (i) Describe in words the meaning of the set notation $M \cap N \neq \{\}$.
- (ii) Describe what you can deduce from the set notation $I \subset N$.
- (iii) Express in set notation {Chinese students who are neither in NCC nor NPCC}.

Answer (a)		[2]
Answer (bi) 		[1]
	(biii)	[1]

(b) Hence, sketch the graph of $y = -x^2 + 2x - 4$. Label clearly in your sketch, the turning point and any intercepts with the axes.



- (a) Find the ratio of the depth of the smaller claypot to that of the larger claypot.
- (b) If the base area of the larger claypot is 72 cm², find the base area of the smaller claypot.

Answer (a)[1]

(*b*)cm² [1]

18 Every morning James takes either the bus or the taxi to school. The probability that he will take the bus is $\frac{2}{3}$. If he takes the bus, the probability of him being late is $\frac{2}{15}$.

If he takes the taxi, the probability of him being late is $\frac{3}{5}$. Find

(a) the probability that James will be late on any given day,

8

(b) the probability that he will not be late for three consecutive days.

19 The diagram shows a speed-time graph of a motorist. Given that the total distance travelled in the 35 seconds is 450 metres.



Calculate

- (a) the maximum speed V m/s,
- (b) the speed at 28 seconds,
- (c) the acceleration of the motorist during the first 15 seconds.

Sketch the distance-time graph of the motorist for the 35 seconds in the spaces provided below.



- *Answer* (*a*)m/s [2]
 - (*b*)m/s [2]
 - (c)m/s² [1]

[Turn over

20 Given
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ x & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & y \\ -5 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$,

- (a) Find **AB** in terms of x and y.
- (b) If AB = I, where I is the identity matrix, find the value of x and y.



The box and whisker above represent the mass of the fish caught in a group fishing competition. Compare and comment on the results between Group A and Group B.

22 A simple survey was conducted with Secondary 1 students on the types of pets that they have at home using the survey form below.

Survey Form

Name: Tick the type(s) of	of pets that you ha	Class:	
Pets: Dog	Rabbit	Cat Hamster	
🗌 Bird	Fish	Others Nil	

The results from the survey are summarised in the Pie Chart below.

Results



- (a) Explain why the Pie Chart is misleading.
- (b) Suggest an improvement to better represent the data.

Answer (a)
[1]
(<i>b</i>)
[1]

[Turn over

23 The diagram shows a trapezium *ABCD* where AB = 8 cm and CD = 12 cm. The diagonals *AC* and *BD* meet at *E*.



- (a) Show that $\triangle ABE$ and $\triangle CDE$ are similar.
- (b) Given that the area of $\triangle CDE$ is 36 cm², find the area of trapezium, ABCD.

(b) cm^2 [2]



 $\begin{array}{c} y \\ A(0,7) \\ B \\ 0 \end{array}$

The line l_1 meets the line 2y = x + 5 at x = 2. Find

(a) the equation of l_1 ,

24

(**b**) the area of triangle *ABC*.

(*b*)units² [1]

[Turn over

- 25 A playground is in the shape of a triangle *ABC*. Construct the model of the playground *ABC* such that AB = 9.6 cm, AC = 12 cm and BC = 7 cm. [2]
 - (a) In the triangle *ABC*, construct using only compasses and ruler, the bisector of angle *ABC*. [1]
 - (b) In the triangle *ABC*, construct using only compasses and ruler the perpendicular bisector of the line *AB*. [1]

(c) These two lines will intersect at a point *P*.Measure and write down the length of *AP*.

A В

Answer (c)cm [1]

End of Paper

No	Solution	Marks
1a	$-13.37^2 - \pi^3 = 42.046 \pm 42.0$	B1
	$\frac{1}{6.574 - \sqrt{133.7}} = 42.046 \approx 42.0$	
1b	$3.75\% = \frac{3.75}{3.75} = \frac{3}{3.75}$	B1
	100 80	
20	2q(2+q) = q	
Za	$-\frac{2a(2+a)}{4a^2} - \frac{a}{a^2}$	
	$\begin{array}{c} 4-u & u-2 \\ 2a(2+a) & a \end{array}$	
	$=\frac{2a(2+a)}{(a-2)(a+2)}-\frac{a}{a-2}$	M1
	2a a	
	$=\frac{2a}{a-2}-\frac{a}{a-2}$	
	$=\frac{1}{a-2}$	A1
	Accept $-\frac{a}{a}$	
21	$\frac{1}{2-a}$	
26	$2ab+bx^2-b^2-2ax^2$	
	$=2ab-b^2-2ax^2+bx^2$	
	$=b(2a-b)-x^2(2a-b)$	M1
	$=(b-x^2)(2a-b)$	Al
3a	$2^{2013} \div \frac{1}{2^{-2007}} = 2^{2013 + (-2007)} = 2^{6}$	
	$\frac{2}{100}$	B1
	$\kappa = 0$	
3b	$12a^{-3}b$ 3 $2^2(3)a^{-3}b$ a^3b^{-3}	
	$\overline{(2bc^0)^{-2}} \div \sqrt{a^6 b^{-6}} = \overline{2^{-2}b^{-2}} \times \overline{3}$	B2 (Subtract 1
	$-2^4 a^0 b^0 - 2^4$	for each wrong
	-2 u v - 2	
4	x y 1	
	$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$	
	$2r - 3y = \frac{3}{2}$	
	2.4 5, 4	
	8x - 12y = 3(1)	
	5x - 2y + 5 = 0	
	2y = 5 + 5x(2)	
	Subst (2) in (1)	
		M1

	8x - 6(5 + 5x) = 3	
	8x - 30 - 30x = 3	
	22x = -33	
	$x = -\frac{33}{3} = -\frac{3}{3} = -\frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3}$	
		A2
	$y = -\frac{5}{4} = -1\frac{1}{4}$	
5a	$3528 = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 7^2$	B1
5b	$18144 = 2^5 \times 3^4 \times 7$	
	$HCF = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 7$	B1
5c	$k = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7 = 84$	B1
6a	density	
	$=\frac{1.7 \times 10^{11} g}{1.7 \times 10^{10} kg} = \frac{1.7 \times 10^{10} kg}{1.7 \times 10^{10} kg}$	M1
	$21m \times 21m \times 21m$ $21m \times 21m \times 21m$	1411
	$=18356 kg/m^{3}$	
	$=1.84\times10^4 kg/m^3$	A1
6b	Total value of Gold	
	$= 1.7 \times 10^{11} g \times \$6.2 \times 10^2 / g$	N / 1
	= \$1.054 × 10 ¹⁴	MI
	= \$105.4 × 10 ¹²	
	\approx \$1.05×10 ² trillion	A1
7a	24 - (-9.5) = 33.5	
	25 - (-5) = 30	
	235 - (-11) - 345	
	Largest Difference is 34.5° C	D1
	Accept 36°C	BI
7b	25 × 20 0	
	$25 - \frac{3000}{3000} \times 30 = 0$	M1
	25 x = 0	
	$25 - \frac{100}{100} = 0$	A1
	x = 2500m	7 11
8	$-1-x < \frac{9-7x}{4}$	
	-4 - 4x < 9 - 7x	
	3x < 13	
	.1	M1
	$x < 4\frac{-}{3}$	

	$\frac{9-7x}{2} \le 6-x$	
	$4 \\ 9 - 7x < 24 - 4x$	
	$-15 \le 3x$	
	$-5 \le x$	M1
	$-5 \le x < 4\frac{1}{2}$	
	3	A1
	-4 -2 0 2 4	
9a	$2x^{2} + 3x - 7 = 2\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^{2} - 8\frac{1}{8}$	B2
bi	Min value is $-8\frac{1}{8}$	B1
bii	$x = -2.76556 \text{ or } 1.26556 \approx -2.8 \text{ or } 1.3$	B2
10a	1cm : 250 000cm	
	1cm : 2 500m	
	3.3cm : 8.25 km	
1.01	Actual Distance = 8.25km	B1
10b	0.4cm : 1km 0.16cm ² : 1km ²	
	0.10cm^2 : 0.7 km^2	M1
	Ans: $0.112 \text{ cm}^2 \approx 0.11 \text{ cm}^2$	A1
11a		
	FigArea of Shaded Squares, SArea of White Squares, WTotal Area, A	B2
	5 11 50 61	
11b	n $2n+1$ $2n^2$ $2n^2+2n+1$	B2
12	Angle ABC = $7x$	
	Angle BAE = $3x$	
	Sum of angles of the pentagon -3r + 3r + 7r + 7r + 7r	
	$27x = (5-2)180^{\circ} = 540^{\circ}$	
	$x = 20^{\circ}$	M1
	Interior Angle $-7r - 140^{\circ}$	M1
	$1 \text{ menor Angle} - 7\lambda - 140$	1 1 1

	$(n-2)180^\circ = 140^\circ n$	
	$40^{\circ}n = 360^{\circ}$ $n = 9$	A1
13	$P = kT^4$	M1 for Eqn
	$6.32 = k(5.6 \times 10^3)^4$	
	$k = \frac{6.32}{(5.6 \times 10^3)^4}$	
	$3.25 \times 10^{-2} = \frac{6.32}{\left(5.6 \times 10^3\right)^4} T^4$	M1 for k
	$T^4 = 5.0572962 \times 10^{12}$	
	$T = 1499.61 \approx 1.50 \times 10^3 K$	A1
	Accept 1500K. (3s.f)	
14a	$n(A \cap B) = 28$	B1
14b	$n(A \cup B)' = 0$	B1
14c	$C' = \emptyset$ All students take Additional Mathematics. There are no students who do not take Additional Mathematics.	B1
15a	$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$	B1



18a	Acceleration $=\frac{80}{(10/60)} = 480 km/h^2$	B1
18b	Speed = $\frac{80}{3} = 26\frac{2}{3} km/h$	B1
18ci	Total Distance = $\frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3} \right) 80 = 53 \frac{1}{3} km = \frac{160}{3} km$	M1
	Speed = $\frac{160}{3} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{640}{9} = 71\frac{1}{9} km/h$	A1
18cii		B1
19a	$BC = CB \text{ (Shared length) (S)}$ $\angle ABC = \angle ACB(Given)$ $\angle CBD = \angle BCE(A)$ $AD = AE \text{ (Isos Triangles)}$ $BB = AC \text{ (Isos Triangles)}$ $BD = AD - AB = AE - AC = CE \text{ (S)}$	M1 A1
19b	Triangle <i>ABC</i> and Triangle <i>ADE</i>	B1 B1
20a	$m = \frac{3 - (-2)}{-2 - (-1)}$ = -5	M1 A1
20b	x = 4	B1
20c	Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 = 12.5 \text{ units}^2$	B1
21	Surface Area	M2 (Cube &
	$= 6 \times (5 \times 5) - \pi (2.5)^2 + 2\pi (2.5)^2$	Hemisphere)
	$=169.63 \approx 169.6cm^2$	A1



Qn	Solution	Marks	Marker's Report
1(a)	-168	B1	Most students were able to get this question correct.
1(b)	3	B1	Most students were able to get this question correct.
	2000		
2(a)	3(x+1) + 2(2(4-x))	M1	Do not accept half factorisation
	$=\frac{1}{2(5-x)(x+1)}$		$Fa: \frac{x+1}{2}$
	<i>x</i> + 1	A 1	(10-2x)(x+1)
	$=\frac{1}{2(5-x)(x+1)}$	AI	
2(b)	$\left(\frac{px}{px}-y\right)$	B1	Most students were not able to do this question.
	⁽¹⁰⁾		
3(a)	36 - 4w = 2 - 3w	M1	Most students were able to get this question correct.
	w = 34	A1	
3(b)	$\frac{1}{2}$		Most students were able to get this question correct.
	$-\frac{2ab^2}{\sqrt{a^2b}}$	M1	
	$-\frac{1}{2^{-2}b^{-2}}$ \times $\frac{1}{2^{3}}$		
	3	A1	
	$=a^{2}b^{5}$		
4	2x = 1 - 3y	M1	Most students were able to get this question correct.
	x = 0	A1	
	y = 1/3	A1	
5(a)	$4410 = 2 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7^2$	B1	Most students were able to get this question correct.
5(b)	HCF = $2 \times 3^2 \times 7$	B1	Some students did not leave the answer in index prime
			notation.
5(c)	K = 36	B1	Some students were not able to do this question.
6(a)	Number of minutes = 15/135 x 55	M1	Do not accept 3sf or improper fraction.
	.1	A1	Quite a number of students took the temperature
	$= 6 - \frac{1}{9}$		starting from 0°C instead of -15°C
6(b)	Temperature = $8/15 \times 135 - 15$	M1	Quite a number of students took the change in
	= 57	A1	temperature as 120°C instead of 135°C
7(a)	42.5	B1	Some students do not understand the question

7(b)	Greatest difference = 61.5 – 42.5		Most students were not able to do this question.
	= 19	A1	Some students did not realise that $61.49 - 61.5$
			Many students dot the answer by rounding up 18 9999
			to 3 sf BOD was given as the question was poorly
			answered.
8(a)	Area ratio = 9 cm^2 : 40000 m ²	M1	Some students were not able to convert km ² to m ²
. ,	= 9/20 cm ² : 2000 m ²	A1	
8(b)	Length ratio = 3 cm : 0.2 km	M1	Well answered.
	= 7.8 cm : 0.52	A1	
9	Actual selling price $= \frac{86 \times 1.25}{100}$	M1	Some students were not able to differentiate the old
	$\frac{1}{0.7}$		selling price with the discounted selling price.
	= \$153.57	A1	
10(a)	2^2	B1	Do not accept 3sf or improper fraction.
	$2\overline{9}$		
10(b)	$(20+0.8) \times 1000$	M1	Do not accept 3sf or improper fraction
10(0)	Average speed = $\frac{(20+0.0)\times 1000}{20}$		
	$\frac{20}{9} \times 3600 + 15 \times 60 + 3.4 \times 60$		
	8		
	$=2\frac{74}{1262}$	A1	
11	1263	N//	Dearly anoward
	00 + 10(1-1) = 300 n = 21		Poolly answered.
12	1 - 2	M1	Need to emphasize on "reduced to 36%" and "reduced
12	$y_{\text{new}} = \frac{\kappa}{2 \kappa \sqrt{2}}$	1111	hv 36%"
	$0.6\sqrt{x}$	A1	-1 if students substitute values into x/y to calculate
10(-)	= 5		
13(a)	5:2	BI	Do not accept 2.5.1
13(D)	Percentage change = $\frac{0.5x(1.7y) - xy}{0.5x(1.7y) - xy} \times 100\%$	IVIT	Quite a number of students give 15% as answer as
	xy	۸1	l ney mought percentage change do not nave negative
	= - 15%		ອາຊາກ.

14(a)	BC = 6 cm		Well answered.
14(b)	$\cos ACD = -0.6$	B1	Well answered.
14(c)	Area = 0.5 x 10 x 3 sin ACD		Well answered.
	= 12		
15(a)	ξ P	B2	Poorly answered. Students were not able to find the number of students that join NPCC and NCC.
15(b)(i)	There are malay students from the class that join	B1	Some students were not able to interpret the set
	NCC.		notation.
15(b)(ii)	All the indian students from the class joined NCC.	B1	Well answered.
15(b)(iii)	C n (N U P)'	B1	Poorly answered.
16(a)	$-(x-1)^2 - 3$	B1	Most students able to complete the square.
16(b)		B2	1m for shape
			1m for turning point and y-intercept
			Poorly answered. Students were not able to identify the
	(1,-3)		turning point and some were struggling to find the x-
			intercept.
	- 4		
17(a)	2:3	B1	Well answered.
17(b)	32	B1	Well answered.
18(a)	2(2) 1(3)	M1	Well answered.
- (-)	$ P(late) = \frac{2}{3} \left \frac{2}{15} \right + \frac{1}{3} \left \frac{5}{5} \right $		
	3(13) 3(3)		
been seen as a second sec			

	$=\frac{13}{45}$	A1	
18(b)	P(not late for 3 consecutive days) = $\left(1 - \frac{13}{45}\right)^3$ = $\frac{32768}{91125}$	M1 A1	Do not accept 3sf. Poorly answered. Many students wrote probability more than 1. Some just multiply the P(not late) by 3.
19(a)	$V = \frac{450}{0.5(10+35)} = 20$	M1 A1	Well answered.
19(b)	$\frac{v}{20} = \frac{7}{10}$ $v = 14$	M1 A1	Well answered.
19(c)	Acceleration = $1\frac{1}{3}$ ms ⁻²	B1	Do not accept 3sf and improper fraction.
	Distance (m) 500 400 300 300 	B2	1M for shapes 1M for Distance 150m, 350m and 450m.

20(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3-3y \end{pmatrix}$	B1	Poorly answered.
	$\begin{pmatrix} 10-2x & xy+6 \end{pmatrix}$		Many students make careless mistakes.
20(b)	x = 5 y = -1	A2	0 m for those who got their answer from wrong working
21	Generally, the mass of the fish caught by Group A is heavier than the mass of the fish caught by Group B because Group A median is higher than Group B.	B1	Students need to be more specific in explaining.
	The mass of the fish caught by Group B is more wide spread compared to the mass of the fish caught by Group A because the interquartile range for Group B is higher than Group A.	В1	
22(a)	Some students might have more than 1 type of pets.	B1	Poorly answered.
22(b)	Venn Diagram	B1	Poorly answered.
23(a)	$\angle AEB = \angle CED$ (vert. opp) $\angle EBA = \angle EDC$ (alt \angle , AB parallel DC) $\angle EAB = \angle ECD$ (alt \angle , AB parallel DC)	B2	Any two reasons. Well answered.
23(b)	Height of trapezium = $\frac{36}{0.5 \times 12} + \frac{8}{12} \times \frac{36}{0.5 \times 12}$ = 10 Area of trapezium = 0.5(8 + 12)(10)	M1	Some students used length ratio to find the area of triangle ABE.
	= 100	A1	
24(a)	Gradient = -1.75 y = $-1.75x + 7$	M1 A1	Well answered.
24(b)	Area of triangle = 4.5	B1	Do not accept improper. Well answered.
25			Poorly answered. Students need to learn how to construct a triangle, perpendicular bisector and angle bisector.

Candidate			Clas	SS	Index No.
Name:					
	-				
	FUHU	A SECONDARY SCHOOL			
FUHUA SECUNEMARY					

3





Preliminary Examination 2016

Fuhua Secondary Fuhua Secondar

MATHEMATICS PAPER 2

4016/02 4048/02

Additional Materials: Writing paper, Graph paper & Electronic calculator

DATE	25 August 2016
TIME	0750 - 1020
DURATION	2 h 30 min

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your class, index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** the questions.

Write your answers on the separate writing paper provided.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is **100**.

PARENT'S SIGNATURE	FOR EXAMIN	IER'S USE
		/ 100

This question paper consists of <u>12</u> printed pages including this page.

[Turn Over

MATHEMATICAL FORMULAE

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P(1 + \frac{r}{100})^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Area of triangle ABC = $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians
Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard Deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

FHSS/4E5NPrelim/4016/02/4048.02

1 (a) The diagram below shows a segment *AMBC* of a circle centre *O* with diameter 86 cm. Given that CM = 68 cm, find the area of the segment. [4]



- (b) In the diagram given below, ABCD is a parallelogram and E is a point on AB such that DA = DE. The lines BD and EC intersect at F. Prove that
 - (i) $\Delta DEC \equiv \Delta CBD$, [3]
 - (ii) $\Delta DEF \equiv \Delta CBF$. [2]



FHSS/4E5NPrelim/4016/02/4048.02

2 (i) Johnny borrowed \$50 000 from Joyful Bank to pay for the renovation of his new flat. The bank offered him two interest schemes.

Scheme A:

Year	Interest Rate (% per annum)
1	1.5
2	2
3 onwards	2.5

The interest would be computed on the original principal amount.

Scheme B:

The interest is computed on the amount owed at the beginning of the year at 2% per annum.

If Johnny clears the loan at the end of 5 years, which scheme should he take up? Justify your answer with working. [5]
(ii) The tables below show the exchange rates between Singapore dollars (SGD) and US dollars (USD) given by Unity Bank and Dedicated Bank.

7

Unity Bank

	Singapore Dollars	
	(SGD)	
US Dollars (USD)	Selling	Buying
USD 1	1.342	1.327

Dedicated Bank

	Singapore Dollars		
	(SGD)		
US Dollars (USD)	Selling	Buying	
USD 1	1.361	1.340	

Unity Bank charges no commission and Dedicated Bank charges a

commission of $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each transaction, subject to a minimum charge of S\$12.

- (a) Mary is planning a trip to US and wants to buy USD650. Calculate, in SGD, the least amount of money she needs so that she can buy the USD from either bank. [3]
- (b) At the end of the trip, she went to Dedicated Bank and changed the remaining USD150 back to Singapore dollars. Calculate the amount

of Singapore dollars she received.

[2]

3 (a) The coordinates of points A and B are (6, 2) and (-3, 8) respectively.

(i) Find
$$\left| \overrightarrow{AB} \right|$$
. [2]

(ii) Given that
$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$
, express \overrightarrow{OC} as a column vector. [1]

(iii) If $\overrightarrow{AD} = \begin{pmatrix} -7\\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, name the quadrilateral *ABDC*.

Justify your answer using vectors.

[3]

(b) The following table shows the number of boxes of ice-cream bought by April and May.

	Chocolate	Strawberry	Vanilla
April	5	8	3
May	6	4	5

The price of each box of chocolate, strawberry and vanilla ice-cream is \$9.80, \$6.20 and \$8 respectively.

- (i) Represent the data in the table by a 2×3 matrix **P**. [1]
- (ii) Write down a matrix Q such that PQ will give the amount spent by April and May respectively. Evaluate PQ. Explain what the elements in PQ represent. [3]
- (iii) Write down another matrix such that the product with PQ will give the total amount spent by both of them. Evaluate this product. [2]

4 Matchsticks are used to form shapes of squares. The table below shows the square number (*N*), the number of matchsticks on each side (*n*), the total number of matchsticks used to form the square (*T*) and the area of the square formed (*A*).



Square number (<i>N</i>)	1	2	3		9
No. of matchsticks per side (<i>n</i>)	1	3	5		р
Total number of matchsticks (<i>T</i>)	4	12	20		q
Area (A) units ²	1	9	25	•••	r

(i)	Write down the value of p , of q and of r .	[2]
(ii)	Express n , T and A in terms of N .	[3]
(iii)	Find the value of N if $A = 169$ units ² .	[2]
(iv)	Find the largest possible area of the square that can be formed with 168 matchsticks.	[3]

[Turn over

5 (a) (i) Factorise
$$6x^2 + 22x - 40$$
. [2]

(ii) Hence, find the value(s) of
$$2a - 2b$$
 given
 $3a^2 + 3b^2 + 11a - 11b - 6ab - 20 = 0$ and $a < b$. [3]

(b) (i) Express
$$\frac{4x-2}{x+1} - \frac{6x+12}{2x^2-2}$$
 as a single fraction in its simplest form. [3]

(ii) Using the result in (b) (i), solve $\frac{2x-1}{x+1} - \frac{3x+6}{2x^2-2} = 3$, giving your

answers correct to two decimal places.

- 6 The diagram below shows a circle with diameter *BD* passing through the points *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*. *AT* and *BT* are tangents to the circle at *A* and *B* respectively. *BD* and *AC* intersect at *X*. Given that $\angle BAC = 55^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABC = 75^{\circ}$,
 - (a) calculate, stating your reasons clearly,
 - (i) $\angle CBX$, [2]
 - (ii) $\angle ADC$, [1]
 - (iii) $\angle ATB$. [3]
 - (b) Find the diameter of the circle given that BT = 8 cm. [2]



(d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at n = 2. Explain the

0 2 3 1 85977 140000 119000 101150

corrected to the nearest whole number.

the number of years from now.
The table below shows some corresponding values of n and V where values of V are

5 7 4 6 п V62119 44881

р

(a) Find the value of *p* and of *q*.

his car.

- Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 year, draw a horizontal axis for $0 \le n \le 7$ and a **(b)** scale of 2 cm to \$10 000, draw a vertical axis for $40000 \le V \le 140000$. On your axis, plot the points and join them with a smooth curve. [3]
- (c) The owner decides to sell his car if the cost incurred is not more than 40% of the original value. Use your graph to estimate the value of *n* when he can sell

significance of this gradient. [3]

[Turn over

7

The value of car, currently estimated at \$140 000, depreciates at 15% each year.

The value of the car, \$V, in terms of n, is given by $V = 140000(0.85)^n$ where n is

Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

[1]

[2]

q



Given that AC = 50 m, CD = 30 m, AD = 70 m, $\angle CAB = 50^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABC = 60^{\circ}$, calculate

(c) A boy walks due east from A until he reaches a point P which is equidistant from B and from C. Calculate the distance of PB. [3]

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[Turn over

8

of *B*.

9 The Mathematics test scores of 25 students are presented in the following stem-and-leaf diagram.

Stem	Leaf	
4	s 5 5 6	
5	0 1 2 4 6 6 8	
6	0 1 3 4 6 7 8 9	~
7	0 1 1 1 2	
8	2	
s 45 marks		
e of s given that	the range is 39	

Legend: 4 | 5 means 45 marks

(a)	Find the value of <i>s</i> given that the range is 39.	[1]
(b)	Find the median mark.	[1]
(c)	A Distinction grade is awarded for students who score <i>x</i> marks and above.	
	Given that 20% of the students obtained a Distinction grade, find x .	[2]
(d)	Find the mean and standard deviation of the test scores.	[3]
(e)	A moderation is to be done and 4 marks are to be added across all scores.	
	Explain how the median and standard deviation of the marks would be	
	affected by the moderation.	[2]
(f)	Two students are chosen at random. Find the probability that both students	5
	have obtained different scores in the test.	[2]

13

10 Figure 1 shows a simplified model of a trophy consisting a sphere, a bifrustum and two cylinders. A bifrustum is made up of two frustums. Each frustum is made by slicing the top off a right circular cone as shown in Figure 2.

The cylindrical bases are made of oak and the bifrustum and sphere are made of teak.



(i) Calculate the amount of teak needed to make a frustum. [3]

(ii) The trophy will be unstable if the mass of the bifrustum and the sphere is 10% greater than the mass of the cylindrical bases. Given that the densities of oak and teak are 2.7 g/cm³ and 0.63 g/cm³ respectively, will the trophy be unstable? Justify your answer with calculations. [5]

End of paper

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14

1	(a)	4930 cm^2 (b)	(i) SAS t	est (ii)	ASA test
2	(i) (ii)	Scheme B because the (a) SGD 896.65	total amount (b)	payable is lesse SGD 189	er than that of Scheme
3	(a)	(i) 10.8 units	(ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 2\\1 \end{pmatrix}$	(iii)	Trapezium
	(b)	(i) $P = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 & 3 \\ 6 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$	(ii)	$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 9.80\\ 6.20\\ 8 \end{pmatrix}, $	$PQ = \begin{pmatrix} 122.60\\ 123.60 \end{pmatrix}$
		(iii) $(1 \ 1), (1 \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\binom{22.60}{23.60} = (24)$	6.20)	
4	(i)	p = 17, q = 68, r = 289	$\langle $,	
	(ii)	$n=2N-1, \ T=4(2N)$	-1), A = (2N)	$(1)^{2}$ (iii)	N = 7
	(iv)	1681 units ²	0		
5	(a)	(i) $2(3x-4)(x+5)$	(ii)	-10	
	(b)	(i) $\frac{4x^2 - 9x - 4}{x^2 - 1}$	(ii)	0.21 or - 4.7	1
6	(a)	(i) 35° (ii)	105° (iii)	80° (b)	13.4 cm
7	(a)	$p = 73\ 081$ (nearest wh	ole number),	$q = 52\ 801$ (near	arest whole number)

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-16250

(d)

0 < n < 3.2

(c)

Answers

A

8	(a)	(i)	54.3 m	(ii)	21.8°	(iii)	018.2°
	(b)	33.1°	(c)	44.2 1	m		

9	(a)	3	(b)	61 marks	(c)	71
	(d)	Mean = 60.44	4 marks	, standard deviation =	10.2 ma	ırks
	(e)	Median will i	ncrease	by 4, no change in sta	ndard d	eviation
	(f)	$\frac{59}{60}$				5

10 (a) 2150 m^3 (b) It will not be unstable.

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Marking Scheme [EM P2]

1

(a) Let the midpoint of AB be M. AO = BO = 43 cm, OM = 25 cm $\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\angle AOB\right) = \frac{25}{43}$ $\angle AOB = 108.902^{\circ}$ (to 3 dec pl) -- M1 [find angle] Area of $\triangle AOB = \frac{1}{2}(43)^2 \times \sin 108.902^{\circ}$ $= 874.6427 \text{ cm}^2 (7 \text{ sf}) - M1$ [find area of triangle] Area of segment = $874.6427 + \frac{360^{\circ} - 108.902^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}} \times \pi (43)^2 - M1$ [find total] = 4926.25...CBD $= 4930 \text{ cm}^2 (3 \text{ sf}) - A1$ [final answer with units]

(b) (i) Given that *ABCD* is a parallelogram, *DA* = *CB*.
Given *DA* = *DE*, therefore *CB* = *DE*. – M1

$$\angle DAB = \angle BCD$$
 (opposite angles of parallelogram)
 $\angle DAB = \angle EDC$ ($\Delta DAB \equiv \Delta EDC$)
 $\therefore \angle BCD = \angle EDC$ – M1
In ΔDEC and ΔCBD ,
 $CB = DE$ (S)
 $\angle BCD = \angle EDC$ (A)
 $DC = CD$ (common) (S)
 $\therefore \Delta DEC \equiv \Delta CBD$ (SAS) – M1

(ii) In
$$\triangle DEF$$
 and $\triangle CBF$,
 $DE = CB$ (from bi) (S)
 $\angle DFE = \angle CFB$ (vertically opposite angles) (A)
 $\angle DEF = \angle CBF \implies \angle EDF = \angle BCF$ (A)
 $\therefore \triangle DEF \equiv \triangle CBF$ (ASA) -- M2

 $2 \qquad (i) \qquad \underline{\text{Scheme } A}:$

Interest at the end of year $1 = \frac{1.5}{100} \times 50000 = 750

Interest at the end of year $2 = \frac{2}{100} \times 50000 = \1000

Total amount payable = $50000 + 5000 \times 3 \times \frac{2.5}{100} + 750 + 1000 - M1$

Scheme B:

Total amount payable = $50000 \times \left(1 + \frac{2}{100}\right)^5$ = \$ 55 204.04 (2dp) -- B1

He should take up <u>Scheme B</u> because the total amount payable at the end of 5 years is lesser than that of Scheme A. -A2

(ii) (a) <u>Unity Bank</u>:

Amount needed = SGD 650×1.342

= SGD 872.30 -- B1

Dedicated Bank:

Amount needed without commission = SGD 650×1.361

= SGD 884.65

0.5% of SGD 884.65 = SGD 4.42 (< SGD 12) --

Total amount needed = SGD 884.65 + SGD 12 = SGD 896.65 - M1

Thus, the least amount needed = SGD 896.65 - A1

(b) Amount received = SGD
$$150 \times 1.340 - 12$$
 -- M1

= SGD 189 -- A1

3 (a) (i)
$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 6\\2 \end{pmatrix}, \ \overrightarrow{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\8 \end{pmatrix}, \ \overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -9\\6 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\left|\overrightarrow{AB}\right| = \sqrt{(-9)^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{117} - M1$

= 10.8 units (to 3 sf) -- A1

(ii)
$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\overrightarrow{BO} + \overrightarrow{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$
 $\overrightarrow{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - B1$

(iii) $\overrightarrow{OD} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \ \overrightarrow{CD} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Since $\overrightarrow{AB} = 3 \overrightarrow{CD}$, so AB // CD. – M1

$$\overrightarrow{BD} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, \ \overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} - M1$$

Since $\overrightarrow{BD} \neq k\overrightarrow{AC}$, where k is a constant, so BD is not parallel to AC.

Given that there is only one pair of parallel sides, ABCD is a trapezium. - A1

(b) (i)
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 & 3 \\ 6 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 -- B1

(ii)
$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 9.80 \\ 6.20 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$
 -- B1 and $PQ = \begin{pmatrix} 122.60 \\ 123.60 \end{pmatrix}$ -- B1

(iii) Matrix is
$$(1 \ 1)$$
. - B1
Product = $(1 \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} 122.60 \\ 123.60 \end{pmatrix} = (246.20) - B1$

The total amount spent on the three types of ice-cream by April and May respectively.

4 (i) p = 17, q = 68, r = 289 - B2 for 3 correct, B1 for 2 correct

(ii)
$$n = 2N - 1 - B1$$

 $T = 4(2N - 1) - B1$
 $A = (2N - 1)^2 - B1$

(iii) If
$$A = 169$$
, $(2N-1)^2 = 169$
 $2N-1 = \pm 13 - M1$
 $N = 7$ or $N = -6$ (rejected) -- A1

(iv)
$$4(2N-1) \le 168 - M1$$

 $2N-1 \le 42$
 $2N \le 43$
 $N \le 21.5 - A1$
Largest possible value of $N = 21$

Hence, largest possible area = $1681 \text{ units}^2 - A1$

5 (a) (i)
$$6x^2 + 22x - 40 = 2(3x - 4)(x + 5) - B2$$

(ii)
$$3a^2 + 3b^2 + 11a - 11b - 6ab - 20 = 0$$

 $6(a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + 22(a - b) - 40 = 0$ -- M1
 $6(a - b)^2 + 22(a - b) - 40 = 0$
 $2[3(a - b) - 4][(a - b) + 5] = 0$
 $a - b = \frac{4}{3}$ (rejected) or $a - b = -5$ -- A1
Hence, $2a - 2b = 2(a - b) = 2(-5) = -10$ -- A1

(b) (i)
$$\frac{4x-2}{x+1} - \frac{6x+12}{2x^2-2} = \frac{4x-2}{x+1} - \frac{6(x+2)}{2(x+1)(x-1)} - M1 \text{ [factorisation]}$$
$$= \frac{(4x-2)(x-1)-3(x+2)}{(x+1)(x-1)}$$
$$= \frac{4x^2-6x+2-3x-6}{x^2-1} - M1 \text{ [simplification]}$$
$$= \frac{4x^2-9x-4}{x^2-1} - A1 \text{ [answer]}$$
(ii)
$$\frac{2x-1}{x+1} - \frac{3x+6}{2x^2-2} = 3$$
$$2\left(\frac{2x-1}{x+1} - \frac{3x+6}{2x^2-2}\right) = 6$$
$$\frac{4x^2-9x-4}{x^2-1} = 6 - M1$$

-- M1

= 0.21 or - 4.71 (answers to 2 dp) -- A1

 $4x^2 - 9x - 4 = 6x^2 - 6$

 $2x^2 + 9x - 2 = 0 - M1$

 $x = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{9^2 - 4(2)(-2)}}{2(2)}$

6

(a) (i)
$$\angle BAD = 90^{\circ}$$
 (angle in semi-circle)
 $\angle CAD = 90^{\circ} - 55^{\circ} = 35^{\circ} - M1$
 $\angle CBX = \angle CAD$ (angles in same segment)
 $= 35^{\circ} - A1$

(ii)
$$\angle ADC = 180^{\circ} - 75^{\circ}$$
 (angles in opposite segment)
= $105^{\circ} - A1$

(iii)
$$\angle ABD = 75^\circ - 35^\circ = 40^\circ$$

 $\angle DBT = 90^\circ$ (tangent perpendicular to radius) -- M1
 $\therefore \angle ABT = 90^\circ - 40^\circ = 50^\circ$ -- M1
 $\angle ATB = 180^\circ - 2(50^\circ)$ (angles sum of triangle)
 $= 80^\circ$ -- A1

(b) $\tan 40^\circ = \frac{OB}{8}$

 $OB = 8 \tan 40^\circ$

Diameter = $2(8 \tan 40^\circ)$ -- M1

$$= 13.4 \text{ cm} (\text{to } 3 \text{ sf}) - \text{A1}$$

7

- (a) $p = 73\ 081$ (nearest whole number), $q = 52\ 801$ (nearest whole number) B1
- (b) Graph Plotted points A1

(c) $V \ge \frac{60}{100} \times 140000$

 $V \ge 84\ 000$ -- M1

From graph, $0 \le n \le 3.2$ -- A1

(d) Gradient =
$$\frac{125000 - 60000}{0.5 - 4.5} = -16250 - M1 + A1$$

The value of the car is depreciating at a rate of \$16 250 at n = 2. – A1 [The rate of depreciation of the car at n = 2.]

8 (a) (i) $\angle ACB = 180^\circ - 50^\circ - 60^\circ$ (angles sum of triangle)

$$= 70^{\circ}$$
$$\frac{AB}{\sin 70^{\circ}} = \frac{50}{\sin 60^{\circ}} - M1$$
$$AB = \frac{50}{\sin 60^{\circ}} \times \sin 70^{\circ} = 54.25317...$$
$$= 54.3 \text{ m (to 3 sf)} - A1$$

(ii)
$$30^2 = 50^2 + 70^2 - 2(50)(70)\cos \angle CAD - M1$$

 $\cos \angle CAD = \frac{-6500}{-7000}$
 $\angle CAD = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{13}{14}\right) = 21.7867...$
 $= 21.8^\circ \text{ (to 1 dp)} - A1$

(iii) Bearing of D from $A = 090^{\circ} - 050^{\circ} - 021.7867^{\circ}$ = 018.2° (to 1 dp) -- A1

(b) Let the shortest distance from *A* to *CD* be *x*.

$$\frac{1}{2}(30)x = \frac{1}{5}(50)(70)\sin 21.7867^{\circ}$$

x = 43.3011 (to 6sf) -- M1

Let the largest angle of depression be θ .

$$\tan \theta = \frac{30 - 1.75}{43.3011} - M1$$
$$\theta = 33.1^{\circ} \text{ (to 1 dp) - A1}$$

The largest angle of depression is 33.1°.

(c) Triangle *BCP* is an equilateral triangle.

$$\angle APC = 180^{\circ} - 60^{\circ}$$
 (angles on a straight line)
= 120°
 $\frac{AP}{\sin 10^{\circ}} = \frac{50}{\sin 120^{\circ}} - M1$
 $AP = 10.02558 \text{ m} (\text{ to 7 sf}) - A1$
 $PB = 54.25317 - 10.02558$
= 44.2 m (to 3 sf) - A1

- 9 (a) Lowest score = 82 39 = 43So, s = 3 - - B1
 - (b) Median = 61 marks B1

(c) Number of students awarded Distinction =
$$\frac{20}{100} \times 25 = 5 - M1$$

So, x = 71 - A1

(d) Mean =
$$\frac{1511}{25}$$
 = 60.44 marks -- B1
Standard Deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{93919}{25} - 60.44^2}$ -- M1
= 10.2 marks (to 3 sf) -- A1

(e) The median will increase by 4 marks to become 65 marks. – A1
 There will be no change in the standard deviation. – A1

(f) P (both with different scores)
= 1 - P (both with same scores)
= 1 - [P (45, 45) + P (56, 56) + P (71, 71)]
= 1 -
$$\frac{2}{25} \times \frac{1}{24} - \frac{2}{25} \times \frac{1}{24} - \frac{3}{25} \times \frac{2}{24} - M1$$

= $\frac{59}{60}$ -- A1

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10 (a) By similar triangles,

$$\frac{x}{x+12} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$9x = 6x + 72$$

$$3x = 72$$

$$x = 24 - M1$$

Volume of teak used = $\frac{1}{3}\pi(9)^2(36) - \frac{1}{3}\pi(6)^2(24) - M1$ = 2148.849 cm³ (7 sf) = 2150 cm³ (to 3 sf) - A1

(b) Total volume of teak needed =
$$2 \times 2148.849 + \frac{4}{3}\pi(2)^3$$

= 4331.208 cm³ (7 sf)

Mass of teak needed = $4331.208 \times 0.63 = 2728.661g$ (7 sf) -- M1

Total volume of oak needed =
$$\pi(3)^2(15) + \pi(9)^2(5)$$

= 1696.46 cm³ (to 6 sf) -- M1

Mass of oak needed = $1696.46 \times 2.7 = 4580.44g$ (to 6 sf) -- M1

 $\frac{\text{Mass of teak}}{\text{Mass of oak}} = \frac{2728.661}{4580.44} = 0.596 \text{ (to 3 sf) (<1.1)} - \text{M1}$

The trophy will not be unstable. -A1

End of marking scheme

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



Thursday

4 August 2016

MATHEMATICS Paper 1

4048/01

2 h

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, class and index number on the question paper. Write in dark blue or black ink on both sides of the paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question, it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks. Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give your answer in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.



Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere =
$$4 \pi r^2$$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r$

Area of a triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2}ab\sin a$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc\cos C$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

Page 3 of 18

Answer all the questions.

1 (a) Calculate
$$7\frac{1}{3} - \sqrt[3]{\frac{5.25 + 13.5^2}{\sin 28^\circ}}$$

Write down the first six digits on your calculator display.

- (b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 significant figures.
 - Answer (a) [1]
 - **(b)** [1]

3 The length of each side of a cube is increased by 40%.Find the percentage increase in the total surface area of the cube.

Answer % [2]

4 Given that $(2x-5)(x+a) = 2x^2 + bx - 5$ for all values of x, find the values of a and b.

Answer a = , b = [2]

- 5 Two numbers p and q, written as the products of their prime factors, are $p = 2^2 \times 3^5 \times 5^6$ and $q = 2^2 \times 3^3$.
 - (a) Find the HCF of p and q.
 - (b) Find the smallest positive integer k such that $(p \times q \times k)$ is a perfect cube.

Answer (a) [1]

- **(b)** $k = \dots [1]$
- 6 Local time in Singapore is 7 hours ahead of local time in London. Singapore Airlines SQ007 departed London on Monday at 19 16 London time. The flight arrived at Singapore on Tuesday at 15 51 Singapore time. Calculate how long the flight took, giving your answer in hours and minutes.

Answer hours minutes [2]

Page 5 of 18

7 The diameter of a spherical micro-organism is 9.04 micrometres. Find the surface area in square millimetres, of the micro-organism, giving your answer in standard form.

Answer mm² [2]

8 The graph below shows the sales of computer notebooks made by Angie over a period of 6 months in 2016.



9 Two of the interior angles of a hexagon are $2x^{\circ}$ and $(5x-200)^{\circ}$. The remaining interior angles are 90° each. By forming an equation in *x*, find the value of *x*.

Page 6 of 18

10 In the diagram, the points *B*, *C*, *D* and *E* lie on a circle with centre *O*. *PQ* is a tangent to the circle at *D*. *ABC* and *AEOD* are straight lines. $\angle OCB = 54^\circ$ and $\angle OAB = 30^\circ$.



Find, giving reasons for each answer,

- (a) $\angle ADC$,
- (b) $\angle CDQ$,
- (c) $\angle ACE$,
- (d) $\angle CBE$.

Answer (**a**)..... [2] 0

- (**b**).....° [1]
- (c).....° [2]
- (**d**).....° [1]

11 *ABCD* is a quadrilateral. *ABC* and *CDE* are equilateral triangles. Using a pair of congruent triangles, show that AD = BE. State your reasons clearly.



Answer In triangles	
-	

12 Janet has \$50000 to invest for 3 years. She invests her money in a unit trust with returns equivalent to 2% per annum interest, compounded every 3 months. Calculate the amount of interest she will get at the end of 3 years.

Answer \$[2]

Page 8 of 18

13 (a) Given that
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^p \times 8 = 1$$
, find the value of *p*.

(b) Simplify
$$\left(\frac{2^{y+1}\sqrt{2}}{2^{y}}\right)^{-2}$$
.

Answer (a) $p = \dots [2]$

(b) [2]

Page 9 of 18

14 The equations of the three graphs shown below are in the form $y = n + x^{n-1}$. State the value of *n* for each of the following graph.



15 In the answer space, sketch the graph of $y = 5 - (x+1)^2$, indicate clearly the turning point and the intercepts on the *x* and *y*-axes (if any).



Page 10 of 18

- 16 (a) $\varepsilon = \{ x : x \text{ is an integer and } 1 \le x < 24 \}$ $A = \{ x : x \text{ is a perfect square } \}$ $B = \{ x : x \text{ is a factor of the number } 24 \}$ $C = \{ x : x + 1 \text{ is divisible by } 6 \}$
 - (i) List the elements in $A \cap C$.
 - (ii) Find $n (B' \cup C)$.

Answer (a)(i) [1]

- (ii) [1]
- (b) State the set notation of the shaded region in following Venn Diagram.



Answer (b)..... [1]

17 Given that point
$$A(4, 2)$$
 and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.
(a) Find $\left| \overrightarrow{CA} \right|$.

Answer (a) units [1]

(**b**) The point *P* lies on *CA* such that $\overrightarrow{PA} = k \overrightarrow{CA}$.

(i) Show that
$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 - 7k \\ 2 + 3k \end{pmatrix}$$

Answer (b)(i)

[1]

(ii) Given that point P lies on the y-axis, find the coordinates of P.

Answer (b)(ii) P(.....) [2]

18 Consider the number patterns in the table below. The first three terms of each column have been given.

Row, <i>n</i>	S	Т	U
1	4	16	16
2	8	32	30
3	12	48	44
7	р	q	r
n			

- (a) Find values of p, q and r.
- (b) Write down the equation connecting *S* and *T*.
- (c) Write down the equation connecting U and n.
- (d) Betty said that 256 can be found in column U.Write whether you agree or disagree with Betty. Give reason(s) for your answer.

- Answer (a) $p = \dots, q = \dots, r = \dots$ [1]
 - **(b)** [1]
 - (**c**) [1]

Page 13 of 18

19 The frequency table shows the number of countries that a group of students had visited.

Number of countries	0	1	2	3	4
Number of students	2	8	6	x	4

- (a) Given that the mode is 1, state the largest possible value of *x*.
- (b) Given that the median number of countries visited is 2, find the largest possible value of *x*.
- (c) Given that the mean number of countries is more than 2, find the smallest possible value of *x*.

- Answer (a) $x = \dots [1]$
 - **(b)** $x = \dots [1]$
 - (c) $x = \dots [2]$

Page 14 of 18

- 20 (a) The air resistance, R, is directly proportional to the square of the speed, V, of an object when it is falling. The air resistance is 24 newtons at a certain speed. Find the air resistance when the speed is increased by 50%.
 - (b) 48 men can build 2 huts in 60 hours. How many more men are needed if 3 huts are to be built in 72 hours?

Answer (a) newtons [2]

(b) men [2]

21 The diagram below shows the speed-time graph of the journey for the first 3 minutes of a train. The train slows down to a stop when entering station J. After a brief stop of 60 seconds, it starts to move off with acceleration for 30 seconds before it gets out of station J.
Speed (m/s)



- (a) Find the deceleration of the train as it enters station J.
- (b) Calculate
 - (i) the total distance travelled by the train in the first 3 minutes,
 - (ii) the average speed of the train, in km/h, in the first 3 minutes.

- Answer (a) m/s^2 [1]
 - **(b)(i)** m [1]
 - (ii) km/h [2]
- (c) On the axes below, sketch the distance-time graph of the train for the first 3 minutes of its journey.



Page 16 of 18

22 *P* and *R* are points on the *x*-axis. *TQR* is a straight line parallel to the *y*-axis. Area of $\Delta PQR = 30$ units².



- (a) Find the coordinates of
 - (i) point R,
 - (ii) point P.
- (b) Find the length of *PQ*.
- (c) Find $\cos \angle PQT$, giving your answer as a fraction.
- (d) Given that PR = TR, find the equation of PT.

Answer (a)(i) R (...... ,) [1]

- (ii) *P*(.....) [2]
- (**b**) units [1]
- (c) [1]
- (**d**) [1]

- **23** Five discs numbered 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7 are placed in a bag. A disc is drawn out of the bag at random. Without replacing the first disc into the bag, a second disc is drawn.
 - (a) Complete the following probability tree diagram.



- (b) Find
 - (i) the probability that one disc is odd and the other is even,
 - (ii) the probability that both numbers drawn are smaller than 4.
- (c) By drawing a possibility diagram in the space below, find the probability that the sum of both numbers is a prime number.

- Answer (b)(i) [1]
 - (ii) [1]
 - (c) [2]
Page 18 of 18

24 The diagram below shows a horizontal field ABC.A is due north of B and C is due west of B.Use a scale of 1 cm to 40 m, show all the constructions clearly.

- (a) A lamp post, L, is located on a bearing of 290° from A, and 300 m from A.
 - (i) By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the lamp post L. [1]
 - (ii) Measure and write down the bearing of the lamp post L from point C.
- (b) A gate, *G*, is located along the path of *BC*, equidistant from *B* and *C*.By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the gate *G*. [1]
- (c) A circular flower bed is built such that it touches each side of the field at one point.
 - (i) By constructing two angle bisectors, draw the circular flower bed and label its centre *O*.
 - (ii) Hence, measure and write down the actual radius of the flower bed.

Answer (a)(i)

(b) (a)(b)



- *Answer* (**a**)(**ii**)° [1]
 - (c)(ii) m [1]

[2]

End of Paper 1

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METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



Thursday

4 August 2016

MATHEMATICS Paper 1 (Solutions)

4048/01 2 h

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, class and index number on the question paper. Write in dark blue or black ink on both sides of the paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question, it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks. Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give your answer in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.



Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4 \pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Area of a triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2}ab\sin a$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc\cos C$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

Page 3 of 18

Answer all the questions.

1 (a) Calculate
$$7\frac{1}{3} - \sqrt[3]{\frac{5.25 + 13.5^2}{\sin 28^\circ}}$$

Write down the first six digits on your calculator display.

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 significant figures.



3 The length of each side of a cube is increased by 40%.Find the percentage increase in the total surface area of the cube.

% increase in surface area =
$$\frac{6(1.4l)^2 - 6l^2}{6l^2} \times 100\%$$
 M1
= $\frac{11.76 - 6}{6} \times 100\%$
= 96%

Page 4 of 18

4 Given that $(2x-5)(x+a) = 2x^2 + bx - 5$ for all values of x, find the values of a and b.

$$2x^{2} + 2ax - 5x - 5a = 2x^{2} + bx - 5$$

$$-5a = -5 \qquad 2a - 5 = b$$

$$a = 1 \qquad b = 2(1) - 5$$

$$= -3$$

Answer $a = 1$, $b = ..., B1$

$$b = 2(1) - 5$$

$$= -3$$

*B*1
b = ..., *b* = ..., *b*]

$$= -3$$

- 5 Two numbers p and q, written as the products of their prime factors, are $p = 2^2 \times 3^5 \times 5^6$ and $q = 2^2 \times 3^3$.
 - (a) Find the HCF of p and q.
 - (b) Find the smallest positive integer k such that $(p \times q \times k)$ is a perfect cube.

(a) HCF =
$$2^2 \times 3^3 = 108$$

(b)
$$(p \times q \times k) = 2^4 \times 3^5 \times 5^6 \times k$$

 $k = 2^2 \times 3$
 $= 12$

6 Local time in Singapore is 7 hours ahead of local time in London. Singapore Airlines SQ007 departed London on Monday at 19 16 London time. The flight arrived at Singapore on Tuesday at 15 51 Singapore time. Calculate how long the flight took, giving your answer in hours and minutes.

Departure time from London (Singapore time) = 02 16 Tuesday M1	19 16 Mon	2 h 00 16 02 16 Tue Tue
Arrival time at Singapore (Singapore time) = 15 51 Tuesday		h min 15 51 - 02 16
Duration of Journey = 13 h 35 min		13 35
	13	A1

 13
 35

 Answer

 hours

 minutes
 [2]

Page 5 of 18

7 The diameter of a spherical micro-organism is 9.04 micrometres. Find the surface area in square millimetres, of the micro-organism, giving your answer in standard form.

Radius =
$$\frac{1}{2} \times 9.04 \times 10^{-6}$$
 m
= $4.52 \times 10^{-6} \times 10^{3}$ mm
= 4.52×10^{-3} mm M1
Surface area = $4\pi (4.52 \times 10^{-3})^{2}$
= 2.57×10^{-4} mm²

Answer 2.57×10^{-4} mm² [2]

8 The graph below shows the sales of computer notebooks made by Angie over a period of 6 months in 2016.



9 Two of the interior angles of a hexagon are $2x^{\circ}$ and $(5x-200)^{\circ}$. The remaining interior angles are 90° each. By forming an equation in *x*, find the value of *x*.

 $2x + (5x - 200) + 4 (90) = (6 - 2) \times 180$ M1 7x + 160 = 720 7x = 560x = 80

 $Answer \quad x = \frac{80}{1}$

Page 6 of 18

10 In the diagram, the points *B*, *C*, *D* and *E* lie on a circle with centre *O*. *PQ* is a tangent to the circle at *D*. *ABC* and *AEOD* are straight lines. $\angle OCB = 54^{\circ}$ and $\angle OAB = 30^{\circ}$.



Page 7 of 18

11 *ABCD* is a quadrilateral. *ABC* and *CDE* are equilateral triangles. Using a pair of congruent triangles, show that AD = BE. State your reasons clearly.



12 Janet has \$50000 to invest for 3 years. She invests her money in a unit trust with returns equivalent to 2% per annum interest, compounded every 3 months. Calculate the amount of interest she will get at the end of 3 years.

Amount =
$$50000 \left(1 + \frac{0.02}{4}\right)^{12}$$
 M1
= $$53083.8905$
Interest = $$53083.8905 - 50000
= $$3083.89$ (to 2 dp)

13 (a) Given that
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{p} \times 8 = 1$$
, find the value of p .
 $\left(\frac{2^{-2}}{2}\right)^{p} \times 2^{3} = 2^{0}$
 $2^{-2p+3} = 2^{0}$ M1
 $-2p+3=0$
 $p = 1\frac{1}{2}$
(b) Simplify $\left(\frac{2^{y+1}\sqrt{2}}{2^{y}}\right)^{-2}$.
 $\left(2^{y+1}2\sqrt{2}\right)^{-2}$



Page 9 of 18

14 The equations of the three graphs shown below are in the form $y = n + x^{n-1}$. State the value of *n* for each of the following graph.



15 In the answer space, sketch the graph of $y = 5 - (x+1)^2$, indicate clearly the turning point and the intercepts on the *x* and *y*-axes (if any).



Page 10 of 18

- 16 (a) $\varepsilon = \{ x : x \text{ is an integer and } 1 \le x < 24 \} = \{ 1, 2, 3, \dots 23 \}$ $A = \{ x : x \text{ is a perfect square} \} = \{ 1, 4, 9, 16 \}$ $B = \{ x : x \text{ is a factor of the number } 24 \} = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12 \}$ $C = \{ x : x + 1 \text{ is divisible by } 6 \} = \{ 5, 11, 17, 23 \}$
 - (i) List the elements in $A \cap C$.
 - (ii) Find $n (B' \cup C)$.

(a) (ii) $B' = \{5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, \dots 23\}$

$$n (B' \cup C) = n (B')$$

= $n (\varepsilon) - n (B)$
= $23 - 7$



(b) State the set notation of the shaded region in following Venn Diagram.



 $L' \cup M \qquad \textbf{B1}$ Answer (b)..... [1]

Page 11 of 18

(**b**) The point *P* lies on *CA* such that $\overrightarrow{PA} = k \overrightarrow{CA}$.

(i) Show that
$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \begin{pmatrix} 4-7k\\ 2+3k \end{pmatrix}$$
.

Answer (b)(i)

$$\overrightarrow{AP} = \overrightarrow{OP} - \overrightarrow{OA}$$
$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \overrightarrow{OA} + \overrightarrow{AP}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4\\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + k \overrightarrow{AC}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4\\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} -7\\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 A1
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4-7k\\ 2+3k \end{pmatrix}$$
 (shown)

(ii) Given that point *P* lies on the *y*-axis, find the coordinates of *P*.

$$4 - 7k = 0$$

$$k = \frac{4}{7}$$

$$2 + 3\left(\frac{4}{7}\right) = 3\frac{5}{7}$$
B1

Answer (b)(ii) $P(\dots, \frac{3\frac{5}{7}}{7})$ [2]

[1]

18 Consider the number patterns in the table below. The first three terms of each column have been given.

Row, <i>n</i>	S	Т	U
1	4	16	16
2	8	32	30
3	12	48	44
7	р	q	r
n			

- (a) Find values of p, q and r.
- (b) Write down the equation connecting *S* and *T*.
- (c) Write down the equation connecting U and n.
- (d) Betty said that 256 can be found in column U.Write whether you agree or disagree with Betty. Give reason(s) for your answer.

(d)
$$14n + 2 = 256$$

 $14n = 254$
 $n = \frac{254}{14}$
 $= 18\frac{1}{7}$

			B1 (All 3 m	ust be corre	ct)
	Answ	eer (a) p (b)	$= \frac{28}{T = 4S}, q = \frac{1}{T}$	r =	100. [1] [1]
		(c)	U = 14n + 2	B1	[1]
(disagree d) Iwith Betty. T	his is beca	ause		
	If $N = 256$, $n = 18\frac{1}{7}$ which is no	ot a natura	al number.		B1
OR] (is n	ot a positi	ve integer).		J
	When 2 is deducted from 256, the	e result 25	54 is not divisible b	oy 14.	
		•••••	(is not a multiple	e of 14).	•••••
					[1]

Page 13 of 18

19 The frequency table shows the number of countries that a group of students had visited.

Number of countries	0	1	2	3	4
Number of students	2	8	6	x	4

- (a) Given that the mode is 1, state the largest possible value of x.
- (b) Given that the median number of countries visited is 2, find the largest possible value of x.
- (c) Given that the mean number of countries is more than 2, find the smallest possible value of x.

(b)
$$2+8+(6-1) = x+4$$

 $15 = x+4$
 $x = 11$
(c) Mean = $\frac{0(2)+1(8)+2(6)+3x+4(4)}{2+8+6+x+4} > 2$
 $\frac{3x+36}{x+20} > 2$ M1
 $3x+36 > 2(x+20)$
 $3x+36 > 2x+40$
 $x > 4$
smallest $x = 5$

Page 14 of 18

- 20 (a) The air resistance, R, is directly proportional to the square of the speed, V, of an object when it is falling. The air resistance is 24 newtons at a certain speed. Find the air resistance when the speed is increased by 50%.
 - (b) 48 men can build 2 huts in 60 hours. How many more men are needed if 3 huts are to be built in 72 hours?
 - (a) $R = k V^2$, k constant

$$24 = k V^{2} \implies k = \frac{24}{V^{2}} \qquad M1$$

$$R_{new} = k (1.5V)^{2}$$

$$= \frac{24}{V^{2}} \times 2.25V^{2}$$

$$= 54 \text{ newtons}$$

- (b) No. of men required to build 3 huts in 72 h
 - $= \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{60}{72} \times 48$ = 60

 \therefore Extra no. of men needed = 60 - 48

OR

- 48 men ---- 2 huts ---- 60 h 48 men ---- 1 hut ---- 30 h 1 man ---- 1 hut ---- 1440 h M1 1 man ---- 3 huts ---- 4320 h 60 men ---- 3 huts ---- 72 h
 - \therefore Extra no. of men needed = 60 48

Answer (a)54 A1 (b) newtons [2] (c) 12 A1 (c) men [2] 21 The diagram below shows the speed-time graph of the journey for the first 3 minutes of a train. The train slows down to a stop when entering station J. After a brief stop of 60 seconds, it starts to move off with acceleration for 30 seconds before it gets out of station J.
Speed (m/s)



- (a) Find the deceleration of the train as it enters station J.
- (b) Calculate
 - (i) the total distance travelled by the train in the first 3 minutes,
 - (ii) the average speed of the train, in km/h, in the first 3 minutes.

(a) Acceleration =
$$\frac{40-0}{0-90} = -\frac{4}{9} \text{ m/s}^2$$
 \therefore Deceleration = $\frac{4}{9} \text{ m/s}^2$
(b) (i) Total distance = $\frac{1}{2}(90)(40) + \frac{1}{2}(30)(80)$
= $1800 + 1200$
= 3000 m
(ii) Average speed = $\frac{3000 \text{ m}}{3 \text{ min}}$ M1
= $\frac{3 \text{ km}}{\left(\frac{3}{60}\text{ h}\right)}$ (a) $\frac{4}{9}$ (b) (a) $\frac{4}{9}$ (b) (b) $\frac{3000}{41}$ (c) m [1]
= 60 km/h (b) (c) $\frac{3000}{41}$ (c) $\frac{41}{10}$ (c) On the axes below, sketch the distance-time graph of the train for the first 3 minutes of its journey.
Answer (c) [2] stance (m) 4 (c) [2]



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22 *P* and *R* are points on the *x*-axis. *TQR* is a straight line parallel to the *y*-axis. Area of $\Delta PQR = 30$ units².



Mathematics Paper 1 Sec 4 Prelim Examination 2016 125

Page 17 of 18

- Five discs numbered 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7 are placed in a bag. A disc is drawn out of the bag at random. Without replacing the first disc into the bag, a second disc is drawn.
 - (a) Complete the following probability tree diagram.



- (i) the probability that one disc is odd and the other is even,
- (ii) the probability that both numbers drawn are smaller than 4.
- (c) By drawing a possibility diagram in the space below, find the probability that the sum of both numbers is a prime number.

(b) (i) P(odd, even) + P(even, odd) =
$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4}$$
 or = $2 \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{2}$
= $\frac{3}{5}$
(ii) P(both nos. < 4) = $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$

10

(c)

	+	1	3	4	6	7	$P(sum = prime no.) = \frac{10}{10}$
	1		4	5	7	8	
R1	3	4		7	9	10	$=\frac{1}{2}$
DI	4	5	7		10	11	
	6	7	9	10		13	<u>3</u> B1
	7	8	10	11	13		Answer (b)(i) 5
							(ii) 10 B1 [1]
							$\frac{1}{2}$ B1

[2]

(c)2.....

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24 The diagram below shows a horizontal field ABC.A is due north of B and C is due west of B.Use a scale of 1 cm to 40 m, show all the constructions clearly.

- (a) A lamp post, L, is located on a bearing of 290° from A, and 300 m from A.
 - (i) By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the lamp post L. [1]
 - (ii) Measure and write down the bearing of the lamp post L from point C.
- (b) A gate, *G*, is located along the path of *BC*, equidistant from *B* and *C*.By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the gate *G*. [1]
- (c) A circular flower bed is built such that it touches each side of the field at one point.
 - (i) By constructing two angle bisectors, draw the circular flower bed and label its centre *O*.
 - (ii) Hence, measure and write down the actual radius of the flower bed.

Answer (a)(i)

(b) (a)(b)



- *Answer* (**a**)(**ii**)° [1]
 - (c)(ii) m [1]

[2]

End of Paper 1

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

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PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2016 Secondary 4

Tuesday

16 August 2016

MATHEMATICS Paper 2

4048/02

2 h 30 mins

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your class, index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to 3 significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 100.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi$$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area =
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

Methodist Girls' School

Page 3 of 13

Answer **all** the questions.

1	(a)	Given that 8×4 and 3×2 , find	
		(i) the least value of xy ,	[1]
		(ii) the greatest value of $x^2 y^2$.	[1]
	(b)	Express as a single fraction in its simplest form	
		(i) $\frac{x y}{xy} + \frac{y z}{yz}$,	[2]
		(ii) $2x^3 (x+y)^2 z^2$.	[2]
	(c)	x+y+z = 6x It is given that $2pq = \sqrt{\frac{4q^2 + p^2}{2}}$. Express q in terms of p.	[3]
2	In the	diagram <i>OABCD</i> is a semicircle with centre at <i>O</i>	
	AD //	BC, angle CDA = angle $BAD = \frac{3}{10}$ radians and $OA = 20$ mm. $A = \frac{3}{10}\pi$	
	(a)	Show that angle $BOA = \frac{2}{5}$ rad.	[1]
	(b)	Find the length of arc AB, leaving your answer in terms of .	[1]
	(c)	Find angle BOC.	[1]
	(d)	Calculate the area of the shaded region.	[3]
	(e)	Find angle <i>BOA</i> in degrees.	[1]
	(f)	The unshaded region forms a company logo. An enlarged copy of the logo is made. In the enlargement, $AD = 60$ mm. Find the area of the enlarged logo.	[2]

3 The cash price of a car is \$74 000. Mr Smith is introduced to two types of payment schemes.

	Scheme A	Scheme B
Down payment	40%	60%
Simple interest rate	3.28%	R %
(per annum)		
Loan period (years)	5	5

- (a) Find the total amount that Mr Smith has to pay for the car, if he chose Scheme A. [2]
- (b) If Mr Smith chose Scheme B, the monthly instalment he has to pay over 5 years is \$572.76. Calculate the value of R.
- (c) One day the exchange rate between US dollar (US\$) and Singapore dollars (S\$) was US\$1 = S\$1.27.

On the same day, the exchange rate between British pound (£) and US dollar was $\pounds 1 = US\$1.33$.

Calculate the cash price of the car in pounds, correct to the nearest pound. [2]

7.

[3]

Page 5 of 13

4 In the diagram, *WXYZ* is a trapezium and *WX* is parallel to *ZY*. The point *P* on *XZ* is such that ZP : PX = 1 : 3 and WX : ZY = 3 : 4.



5 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

A group of friends founded a new social networking website. The table below shows the number of members at the beginning of each week over a period of 7 weeks.

Week (<i>x</i>)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total number of members (y)	5	15	35	р	90	145	230	400

(a) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 week, draw a horizontal x-axis for 0 x 7. Using a scale of 2 cm to 50 members, draw a vertical y-axis for 0 y 400. On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve.

[3]

[1]

(b) Use your graph to estimate

- (i) the value of p, [1]
- (ii) the week that the total number of members reaches 300. [1]
- (c) (i) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at x = 4. [2]
 - (ii) What does this gradient represent? [2]
- (d) The group of friends wish to estimate what the total number of members will be in one year's time. They propose to extend the graph line up to week, x = 52. Explain why is it not possible to estimate the total number of members in this way.

6 The distance between two houses, P and Q, is 200 km. Joe travelled by car from P to Q at an average speed of x km/h.

- (a) Write down an expression, in terms of *x*, for the number of hours he took to travel from *P* to *Q*.
- (b) He returned from Q to P at an average speed of which was 5 km/h more than the first journey.

Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of hours he took to travel from Q to P.

(c) The difference between the two times was 24 minutes.Write down an equation in *x* to represent this information, and show that it reduces to

$$x^2 + 5x \quad 2500 = 0.$$
 [3]

- (d) Solve the equation $x^2 + 5x \quad 2500 = 0$, giving each answer correct to three decimal places. [3]
- (e) Calculate the time that Joe took to travel from *P* to *Q*, giving your answer in hours, minutes and seconds, correct to the nearest second. [2]



7 (a) Jim exercises on Monday and Wednesday.

[1]

On Monday, he jogs for 10 minutes, cycles for 20 minutes and swims for 30 minutes.

On Wednesday, he jogs for 20 minutes, cycles for 10 minutes and swims for 15 minutes.

This information can be represented by the matrix
$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 20 & 30 \\ 20 & 10 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$$
 Won.

(i) Evaluate the matrix
$$\mathbf{P} = 60\mathbf{Q}$$
. [1]

(ii) Jim's exercising speeds are the same for Monday and Wednesday.

His jogging speed is 4 m/s, cycling speed is 5.5 m/s and swimming speed is 1.3 m/s.

Represent his exercising speeds in a 3 1 column matrix **S**. [1]

- (iii) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PS}$. [2]
- (iv) State what the elements of **R** represent. [1]
- (b) The cost of a shirt is C. If the shirt is sold at \$60, a shop makes a profit of x% on the cost price.
 - (i) Write down an equation in *C* and *x* to represent this information and show that it simplifies to

$$6000 - 100C = Cx.$$
 [1]

If the shirt is sold at \$24, the shop makes a loss of 2x % on the cost price.

(ii)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information.	[1]
(iii)	Solve these two equations to find the value of C and the value of x .	[3]
(iv)	Calculate the selling price of the shirt if the profit is 45% of the cost price.	[2]

8 The diagram shows a triangular park *BCD* and the route that Ali has cycled.

Ali cycles from his home, A, on a bearing of 220° towards point B of the park. The distance from A to B is 4.8 km. From B, he cycles to C, which is 6 km away, and he continues to D.

C is due north of B. Reflex angle $ABD = 210^{\circ}$ and angle $BDC = 35^{\circ}$.



9 120 visitors took a survey on the number of hours they spent at the Gardens by the Bay in February 2016.

The cumulative frequency curve below shows the distribution of the time spent.



(a) Use the curve to estimate

((i)	the median time,	[1]
((ii)	the interquartile range of the times,	[2]
((iii)	the percentage of visitors who spent at least 4 hours at the Gardens by the	
		Bay.	[2]

It was discovered that the number of hours has been recorded incorrectly. The **(b)** correct number of hours was all 1 hour less than those recorded. The box-and-whisker plot shows the correct distribution of hours.



Find the value of

(i)
$$c$$
,
(ii) $e - a$.

(c) The table below shows the results of the survey conducted on another 120 visitors on the number of hours they spent at the Gardens by the Bay in June 2016.

Number of hours spent (<i>x</i> h)	Number of visitors
2 < x = 4	33
4 < x = 6	46
6< <i>x</i> 8	30
8< <i>x</i> 10	11

Calculate an estimate of the

(i)	mean time that the visitors spent in June,	[1]
(ii)	standard deviation.	[2]

- **(ii)** standard deviation.
- The programme management team at the Gardens by the Bay commented that the (**d**) visitors generally spent longer hours in February 2016 than in June 2016. Justify if the comment is valid. [2]

[1]

[1]

10 A solid cone is cut into 2 parts, X and Y, by a plane parallel to the base. The length of AB = the length of BC.



- (a) Given that the volume of the solid cone is $\frac{64}{3}$ m³, find the volume, in terms of , of the frustum, *Y*. [3]
- (b) In **Diagram II**, a rocket can be modelled from a cylinder of height, h, 94.2 m with a cone, X, on top and a frustum, Y, at the bottom. The cone, X, has a diameter, d_2 , of 4 m and the frustum, Y, has a base diameter, d_1 , of 8 m. The parts X and Y are taken from **Diagram I** above.



- (i) Calculate the total surface area of the rocket. Give your answer correct to [3] the nearest square meter.
- (ii) Calculate the volume, in cubic metres, of the rocket. [1]

(iii) The rocket is designed to launch to the moon.

Useful information

- Distance of moon from earth: 384 400 km
- Speed of rocket: 800 km /minute
- $1 \text{ m}^3 = 264 \text{ gallon}$
- The rocket is filled with liquid fuel to a maximum of 95% of its volume.
- Rate of fuel consumption: 20 000 gallons /minute
- Capacity of each external fuel tank: 3.2 10⁶ gallons

How many external fuel tanks will the rocket require to sustain its journey to the moon?

Justify your answer with calculations.

[4]



METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2016 Secondary 4

Tuesday

16 August 2016

MATHEMATICS Paper 2

4048/02

2 h 30 mins

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

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Answer all questions.

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For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 100.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi$$

Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area =
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

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Page 3 of 15

Answer all the questions.

1	(a)	Given that 8×4 and 3×2 , find				
		(i)	the least value of xy ,	[1]		
			-16			
		(ii)	the greatest value of $x^2 y^2$.	[1]		
			64			
	(b)	Express as a single fraction in its simplest form				
		(i)	$\frac{x-z}{xz}$	[2]		
		(ii)	$\frac{x^2(x+y-z)}{3}$	[2]		
	(c)	(c) It is given that $2pq = \sqrt{\frac{4q^2 + p^2}{2}}$.				
	Express q in terms of p.					
		$q = \pm$	$\sqrt{\frac{p^2}{4(2p^2-1)}}$ or $q = \pm \frac{p}{2\sqrt{2p^2-1}}$ or $q = \pm \sqrt{\frac{p^2}{8p^2-4}}$			
2	In the	the diagram, OABCD is a semicircle with centre at O.				
	$AD // BC$, angle CDA = angle $BAD = \frac{3}{10}$ radians and OA = 20 mm.					
			A = 20 O D			
	(a)	Show	that angle $BOA = \frac{2}{5}$ rad.	[1]		
		ΔBO_{e}	A is an isosceles triangle			

Methodist Girls' School

Mathematics

Sec 4 Preliminary Examination 2016

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	(b) Find the length of arc AB , leaving your answer in terms of .					[1]		
		8π mm						
	(c)	(c) Find angle <i>BOC</i> .						
	$\pi_{\rm red}$							
		$\frac{1}{5}$ rad						
	(d) Calculate the area of the shaded region.							
	69.2 mm^2							
	(e) Find angle <i>BOA</i> in degrees.							
	72°							
	(f)	(f) The unshaded region forms a company logo. An enlarged copy of the logo is made.						
	In the enlargement, $AD = 60$ mm. Find the area of the enlarged logo.							
	1260 mm ²							
3	The cash price of a car is \$74 000. Mr Smith is introduced to two types of payment							
	schemes.							
			Scheme A	Scheme B				
		Down payment	40%	60%	_			
		Simple interest rate	3.28%	<i>R</i> %				
		Simple interest rate (per annum)	3.28%	<i>R</i> %	-			
		Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years)	3.28% 5	<i>R</i> %	-			
	(a)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) Find the total amount that Mr Smith h	3.28% 5 as to pay for the	R % 5 car, if he chose	Scheme A.	[2]		
	(a)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281.60	3.28% 5 as to pay for the	<i>R</i> % 5 car, if he chose	Scheme A.	[2]		
	(a) (b)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281.60 If Mr Smith chose Scheme <i>B</i> , the more	3.28% 5 as to pay for the nthly instalment l	R % 5 car, if he chose he has to pay ov	Scheme A.	[2]		
	(a) (b)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281.60 If Mr Smith chose Scheme B, the more \$572.76. Calculate the value of R.	3.28% 5 as to pay for the othly instalment l	R % 5 car, if he chose ne has to pay ov	Scheme A. er 5 years is	[2]		
	(a) (b)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years)Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281.60If Mr Smith chose Scheme B , the mort \$572.76. Calculate the value of R . $R = 3.22$	3.28% 5 as to pay for the	R % 5 car, if he chose he has to pay ov	Scheme A. er 5 years is	[2]		
	(a) (b) (c)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years)Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281.60If Mr Smith chose Scheme B, the mon \$572.76. Calculate the value of R. $R = 3.22$ One day the exchange rate between U	3.28% 5 as to pay for the othly instalment l JS dollar (US\$)	<i>R</i> % 5 car, if he chose he has to pay ov and Singapore	Scheme A. er 5 years is dollars (S\$)	[2]		
	(a) (b) (c)	Simple interest rate (per annum)Loan period (years)Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281,60If Mr Smith chose Scheme B, the mon \$572.76. Calculate the value of R. $R = 3.22$ One day the exchange rate between U was US\$1 = S\$1.27.	3.28% 5 as to pay for the athly instalment I JS dollar (US\$)	<i>R</i> % 5 car, if he chose he has to pay ov and Singapore	Scheme A. er 5 years is dollars (S\$)	[2]		
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	(a) (b) (c)	Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years)Find the total amount that Mr Smith h \$81281.60If Mr Smith chose Scheme B, the mon \$572.76. Calculate the value of R. $R = 3.22$ One day the exchange rate between U was US\$1 = S\$1.27 . On the same day, the exchange rate between U \$1.33.	3.28% 5 as to pay for the othly instalment l JS dollar (US\$) etween British p	<i>R</i> % 5 car, if he chose ne has to pay ov and Singapore ound (£) and US	Scheme A. Fer 5 years is dollars (S\$) S dollar was	[2]		
	Calculate the cash price of the car in pounds, correct to the nearest pound.	[2]						
--	--	-----						
	£43810							

4	In the diagram, <i>WXYZ</i> is a trapezium and <i>WX</i> is parallel to <i>ZY</i> .					
	The p	oint P	on XZ is such that $ZP : PX = 1 : 3$ and $WX : ZY = 3 : 4$.			
	It is g	given th	at $\overrightarrow{WX} = 9\mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{WZ} = \mathbf{b}$.			
		Y	P X y a X y a			
	(a)	Expre	ss, as simply as possible, in terms of a and b ,			
	(i) $\overrightarrow{ZX} = -\mathbf{b} + 9\mathbf{a}$ [1]					
	(ii) $\frac{3}{4}(b+3a)$ [
		(iii)	- b - 12 a	[1]		
	(b)	Show	that the line XY is parallel to the line WP.	[2]		
	Since $\overline{WP} = \frac{3}{4}\overline{XY}$ XY is parallel to WP.					
	(c) Find, as a fraction in its simplest form,					
	(i) $\frac{\text{area of } WZP}{\text{area of } WXP}, = \frac{1}{3}$ [1]					
		(ii)	$\frac{3}{6}$	[2]		

5 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

A group of friends founded a new social networking website. The table below shows the number of members at the beginning of each week over a period of 7 weeks.

Week (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total number	5	15	35	р	90	145	230	400
of members (y)								

(a) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 week, draw a horizontal x-axis for 0 x 7. Using a scale of 2 cm to 50 members, draw a vertical y-axis for 0 y 400. On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve.

[3]

[1]

(b) Use your graph to estimate

- (i) the value of p, [1]
- (ii) the week that the total number of members reaches 300. [1]
- (c) (i) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at x = 4. [2]
 - (ii) What does this gradient represent? [2]
- (d) The group of friends wish to estimate what the total number of members will be in one year's time. They propose to extend the graph line up to week, x = 52. Explain why is it not possible to estimate the total number of members in this way.



6	The	distance between two houses, P and Q , is 200 km. Joe travelled by car from P to Q	
	at an	average speed of <i>x</i> km/h.	
	(a)	Write down an expression, in terms of x , for the number of hours he took to travel	
		from P to Q.	[1]
		time $=\frac{200}{x}h$	
	(b)	He returned from Q to P at an average speed of which was 5 km/h more than the	
		first journey.	
		Write down an expression, in terms of x , for the number of hours he took to travel	
		from Q to P.	[1]
		time $=\frac{200}{x+5}h$	
	(d)	Solve the equation $x^2 + 5x = 2500 = 0$, giving each answer correct to three decimal	
		places.	[3]
		47.562 or -52.562	
	(e)	Calculate the time that Joe took to travel from P to Q , giving your answer in hours,	
		minutes and seconds, correct to the nearest second.	[2]
		4h12min18sec (nearest sec)	
	•		

7	(a)	Jim exercises on Monday and Wednesday.						
		On M	Monday, he jogs for 10 minutes, cycles for 20 minutes and swims for 30					
		minu	tes.					
		On V	On Wednesday, he jogs for 20 minutes, cycles for 10 minutes and swims for 15					
		minu	J C S					
		This	This information can be represented by the matrix $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 20 & 30 \\ 20 & 10 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$ Mon Wed.					
		(i)	(i) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{P} = 60\mathbf{Q}$. [1]					
			$\begin{pmatrix} 600 & 1200 & 1800 \\ 1200 & 600 & 900 \end{pmatrix}$					
		(ii)	(ii) Jim's exercising speeds are the same for Monday and Wednesday.					

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Mathematics Sec 4 Preliminary Examination 2016

	His jogging speed is 4 m/s, cycling speed is 5.5 m/s and swimming speed is 1.3 m/s.	[1]
	Represent his exercising speeds in a 3 1 column matrix S .	
	$\mathbf{S} = \left(\begin{array}{c} 4\\5.5\\1.3\end{array}\right)$	
(iii)	Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PS}$.	[2]
	$\mathbf{R} = \left(\begin{array}{c} 11340\\9270\end{array}\right)$	
(iv)	State what the elements of R represent.	[1]
	The elements of \mathbf{R} represent the <u>distance</u> , in metres, that Jim has exercised on <u>Monday and Wednesday</u> , <u>respectively</u> . A1	
	(iii) (iv)	His jogging speed is 4 m/s, cycling speed is 5.5 m/s and swimming speed is1.3 m/s.Represent his exercising speeds in a 3 1 column matrix S. $\mathbf{S} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 5.5 \\ 1.3 \end{pmatrix}$ (iii) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PS}$. $\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 11340 \\ 9270 \end{pmatrix}$ (iv) State what the elements of \mathbf{R} represent.The elements of \mathbf{R} represent the <u>distance</u> , in metres, that Jim has exercised on <u>Monday and Wednesday</u> , respectively. At

(b)	The cost of a shirt is \$C. If the shirt is sold at \$60, a shop makes a profit of $x\%$ on			
	the cost price.			
	(i)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information and show		
		that it simplifies to		
		6000 - 100C = Cx.	[1]	
	If the	e shirt is sold at \$24, the shop makes a loss of $2x \%$ on the cost price.		
	(ii)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information.	[1]	
		100C - 2400 = 2Cx		
	(iii)	Solve these two equations to find the value of C and the value of x .	[3]	
		<i>C</i> = 48		
		<i>x</i> = 25		
	(iv)	Calculate the selling price of the shirt if the profit is 45% of the cost price.	[2]	
		\$69.60		

Methodist Girls' School

8	The diagram shows a triangular park <i>BCD</i> and the route that Ali has cycled.				
	Ali c	ycles fr	om his home, A, on a bearing of 220° towards point B of the park. The		
	distar	ice from	n A to B is 4.8 km. From B, he cycles to C, which is 6 km away, and he		
	contir	nues to	D.		
	C is d	lue nort	h of <i>B</i> . Reflex angle $ABD = 210^{\circ}$ and angle $BDC = 35^{\circ}$.		
	$D \xrightarrow{35^{\circ}} 6 \text{ km}$ $210^{\circ} B$ 4.8 km				
	(b)	Calcul	late the		
		(i)	distance of AC,	[3]	
			$3.86 \mathrm{km^2}$ (to 3 sf)		
		(ii)	area of the park <i>BCD</i> ,	[2]	
			$16.9\mathrm{km}^2$		
		(iii)	angle <i>BAC</i> ,	[2]	
	87.0° (to 1 dp)				
		(iv)	shortest distance from <i>B</i> to <i>CD</i>	[2]	
		(17)	2.441 m (tr 2.ef)	[2]	
			3.44 KIII (10 3 SI)		
	(c) A building stands vertically at B . The angle of depression of C when viewed from				
		the top	p of the building is 40° . Find the height of the building.	[2]	
		5.03 k	m $(to 3 sf)$		

Page 11 of 15



Page 12 of 15

		90%						
(b)	It wa	as discovered that the number of hours has been recorded incorrectly. The						
	Corre	box-and-whisker plot shows the correct distribution of hours.						
	The							
	Find	the value of						
	(i)	<i>c</i> , <i>c</i> = 5.9 hours	[1]					
	(ii)	e-a. e-a = 8 hours	[1]					
(c) The table below shows the results of the survey conducted on another 120 v on the number of hours they spent at the Gardens by the Bay in June 2016.								
	Number of hours spent (x h)Number of visitors							
		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$						
		4< <i>x</i> 6 46						
		6< <i>x</i> 8 30						
		8< <i>x</i> 10 11						
	Calc	ulate an estimate of the						
	(i)	mean time that the visitors spent in June,	[1]					
		5.32 hours (to 3 sf)						
	(ii)	standard deviation.	[2]					
		standard deviation $=$ 1.86 hours (to 3 sf)						
(d)	The	programme management team at the Gardens by the Bay commented that the						
	visito	ors generally spent longer hours in February 2016 than in June 2016.	[2]					
	Justi	fy if the comment is valid.						
	Med	ian in June is $4 < x = 6$.						

	The comment is invalid as median is in February (5.9 hours) is within the median	
	class in June $(4 < x 6)$.	



Page 14 of 15



Methodist Girls' School

Mathematics

Sec 4 Preliminary Examination 2016

Page 15 of 15

(ii)	Calculate the volume, in cubic metres, of the rocket.	[1]
	$1250 \mathrm{m^3}$ (to 3 sf)	
(iii) The rocket is designed to launch to the moon.		
	Useful information	
	• Distance of moon from earth: 384 400 km	
	• Speed of rocket: 800 km /minute	
	• $1 \text{ m}^3 = 264 \text{ gallon}$	
	• The rocket is filled with liquid fuel to a maximum of 95% of its volume.	
	• Rate of fuel consumption: 20 000 gallons /minute	
	• Capacity of each external fuel tank: 3.2 10 ⁶ gallons	
	How many external fuel tanks will the rocket require to sustain its journey	
	to the moon?	[4]
	Justify your answer with calculations.	
	Therefore, number of external tanks required is 3.	



新加坡海星中学 MARIS STELLA HIGH SCHOOL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO SECONDARY FOUR

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

4048/1 15 August 2016 2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your class, index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientifc calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give your answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

	For Examine	er's Use
Subtotal		
Presentation		
Accuracy		
Units		80
Deduction		

This document consists of 18 printed pages.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$p \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = $\pi r l$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 l$$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

Mean
$$= \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation $= \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

1 The Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) is the number of calories one would burn with NO activity. It is given by the following formula:

BMR for males = $66 + 13.7 \times m + 5.0 \times h - 6.8 \times a$, where *m* is mass in kg, *h* is height in cm and *a* is age in years. Given that m = 65.5, h = 170 and a = 29,

(a) Calculate the BMR and write down the first five digits on your calculator display.

AnswerCalories [1]

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 3 significant figures.

(b) A StarHub Smart TV Digital Video Storage Device has a capacity of 1 terabyte. If a drama television series episode takes up 2.94 gigabytes of storage space, how many episodes can be recorded on the storage device?

Give your answer in standard form.

Answer [1]

4 In the diagram, AB = AC, $\angle ABC = 51^{\circ}$, AB is parallel to *DC* and *AC* is parallel to *ED*.



5 A True Fitness Branch Manager reported that there has been a marked improvement in the monthly sales of gym membership from May to July by presenting the following graph.



Explain why the graph is misleading and how the graph can be rectified.

6 Simplify $(p^2 - 4)^2 - (p^2 + 4)^2$.

7 (a) Identify the set shaded in the Venn diagram below.





8 By Coulomb's law, the electric force, F N, between two balloons is inversely proportional to the square of the distance, d m, between them.

(a) If F = 0.626, when d = 2, find an equation for F in terms of d.

Answer $F = \dots [2]$

(b) Calculate the distance between the balloons when the electric force is 1N.

Answerm [1]

- **9** The Soup Spoon Restaurant sells soup in geometrically similar bowls of different sizes. The regular sized bowl has a height of 8cm and capacity 250ml. The large sized bowl has a height of 12cm and a base diameter of 21cm.
 - (a) Calculate the base diameter of the regular sized bowl.

(b) Calculate the capacity of the large sized bowl.

Answerml [2]

10 (a) Factorise completely $2.25x^2 - 0.64y^2$.

(b) Factorise completely $9x^2 - 4xy - 18xyz + 8y^2z$.

- 11 The angles, in degrees of a quadrilateral *ABCD* are represented by these expressions: Angle A = 3y + 40, angle B = 5y 10, angle C = 6y 20, and angle D = 2y + 30.
 - (a) Calculate the value of y.

(b) What is the name of the quadrilateral?

Answer[1]

12 Calculate the sum of the angles a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l and m in this diagram.



Answer[3]

13 W, X, Y, Z are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O. Given that $\angle XYZ = 135^{\circ}$ and $\angle OXW = 27^{\circ}$,



15 In the diagram, AB = CD = 12 cm, BC = CE = z cm and AB is parallel to EC.



Name the triangle that is congruent to triangle ABC. Justify your answer.



16 (a) Sketch the graph of y = -(2x+1)(x-3).

Answer



(b) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of the graph y = -(2x+1)(x-3).

[2]

- 17 In order to maintain a healthy lifestyle, 5 students in a certain neighbourhood cycle to the same school.
 - (a) Below are four graphs and accounts by 4 students. Match each of the graphs to the student's name that best fit each of the accounts.



18 The cumulative frequency curve and box plot show the distributions of marks scored by 320 students in a Mathematics examination and 300 students inr an Additional Mathematics examination respectively.



Marks of 300 students for an Additional Mathematics Examination in 2016



12

(a) Find the interquartile range for the Mathematics examination.

Answer	 [1]	I
1100000	 1	Ł

(b) Here are two statements comparing the marks for the two examinations.

For each one, write whether you agree or disagree. Give a reason for each answer, stating clearly which statistic you use to make your decision.

(i) On average, students performed better for the Additional Mathematics examination than the Mathematics examination.

 Answer
 because

 [1]
 A smaller proportion of the students scored less than 35 marks at the Mathematics examination than at the Additional Mathematics examination.

 [1]

Answer	because	
		[1]
		L*.

19 (a) Express $-x^2 + 7x - 5$ in the form $-(x - a)^2 + b$.

(ii)

(b) Hence solve the equation $-x^2 + 7x - 5 = 0$, giving your answers correct to two decimal places.

20 In the diagram, $\angle QPS = \angle QRP = 90^\circ$, PQ = 24 cm, QS = 25 cm, *PST* and *QRS* are straight lines.



21 Challenger offers discounts to customers who pay \$30 for a 2-year ValueClub membership.

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Dory wants to buy a MacBook Air which costs \$1188. The salesperson suggests that she joins as a member.

(a) How much less does she pay in total if she joins as a member and buys the MacBook Air?

Answer \$[2]

After she joined as a member and bought the MacBook, the salesperson offers Dory a further 10% discount on the members' price for a portable drive and Bluetooth speaker in view of the Great Singapore Sale.

(b) Write down and simplify a formula for the total amount, T, that she needs to pay for a portable drive and Bluetooth speaker. Use d and s to represent the original price of a portable drive and a Bluetooth speaker respectively.



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The height of the pill box is 2cm. Calculate the volume of the pill box.

15

23 (a) Solve the equation $\frac{4(7a-3)}{5} + \frac{5(2a+7)}{3} = \frac{5(5a-2)}{2}$.

16

Answer $a = \dots [3]$

- (b) Given that 2 is a solution of the quadratic equation $6(x-5)^2 + k = 38$, where k is a constant, find the
 - (i) value of k,

Answer $k = \dots$ [1]

(ii) other solution.

Answer $x = \dots$ [1]

24 In the diagram, D is the point (8, 3) and the line passing through the points D and F intersects the x-axis at the point E. Point G is on the x-axis such that the line DG is perpendicular to the x-axis. Given that the area of the triangle DEG is 6 units², find V



25 In 2008, the International Court of Justice (ICJ) awarded the sovereignty of the island, Pedra Branca (*P*) to Singapore. There are two maritime features near the island: Middle Rocks (*M*) and South Ledge (*S*). Middle Rocks is due west of Pedra Branca. The bearing of *S* from *P* is 200° with a distance of 1.0 Nautical Miles (nm) between them.

(a) (i)	Construct a scaled drawing of the Triangle MPS using the scale	
	1 cm to represent 0.1 nm. Line MP has been drawn for you.	[2]
(ii)	Construct the perpendicular bisector of line MP.	[1]
(iii)	Construct the angle bisector of $\angle SMP$.	[1]

(b) A ship in distress sends a SOS signal for help at a location within the Triangle MPS. The ship is known to be located in the triangle at a point that is nearer to MS than MP and equidistant from M and P. Mark a possible point with a cross and label the point as W.

Ν Р M

[1]

O-Level Centre / Index Number | Class

Name

ANG A

Solution

新加坡海星中学 MARIS STELLA HIGH SCHOOL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO SECONDARY FOUR

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(a) Calculate the BMR and write down the first five digits on your calculator display.

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 3 significant figures.

2 (a) Write down the next two terms in the sequence 21, $18\frac{2}{3}$, $16\frac{1}{3}$, 14, $11\frac{2}{3}$, ...

Answer 93,7 [1]

(b) Write down an expression, in terms of n, for the nth term of the sequence 8, 3, -2, -7, -12, ...

Answer 13-5n [1]

- 3 (a) Given that $243 \div 9^{-x} = 3^8$, find the value of x. $3^5 \div 3^{-2x} = 3^8$ $3^{5+2x} = 3^8$ 5+2x = 8 $x = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$ Answer $1\frac{1}{2}$ [1]
 - (b) A StarHub Smart TV Digital Video Storage Device has a capacity of 1 terabytes. If a drama television series episode takes up 2.94 gigabytes of storage space, how many episodes can be recorded on the storage device? Give your answer in standard form.

4 In the diagram, AB = AC, $\angle ABC = 51^{\circ}$, AB is parallel to DC and AC is parallel to ED.



5 A True Fitness Branch Manager reported that there has been a marked improvement in the monthly sales of gym membership from May to July by presenting the following graph.



Explain why the graph is misleading and how the graph can be rectified.

Answer The graph is misleading as the vertical axis does not start at zero. From this graph, it may show marked improvement in the sales, but if the graph were to start from zero the improvement will not be significant. The [2] graph can be rectified if the vertical axis starts from zero.

5

6 Simplify
$$(p^2-4)^2 - (p^2+4)^2$$
.
= $(p^2-4-p^2-4)(p^2-4+p^2+4)$
= $(-8)(2p^2)$
= $-16p^2$

7

7 (a) Identify the set shaded in the Venn diagram below.



Answer (AOB)'((AUB) [1]

(b) Shade $(C \cap D')'$ in the Venn diagram below.



(c) If $P \subset Q$ and $Q \cap R = \{\}$, illustrate this information on the Venn diagram below and shade $P \cup Q$.



8 By Coulomb's law, the electric force, FN, between two balloons is inversely proportional to the square of the distance, d m, between them.

(a) If
$$F = 0.626$$
, when $d = 2$, find an equation for F in terms of d .
 $F = \frac{k}{d^2}$, where k is a constant
 $0 \cdot b 2 \cdot b = \frac{k}{2^2}$
 $k = 2 \cdot 504$
 $F = \frac{2 \cdot 504}{d^2}$
Answer $F = \frac{2 \cdot 504}{d^2}$ [2]

(b) Calculate the distance between the balloons when the electric force is 1N. When F = 1, $1 = \frac{2.504}{d^2}$

d2= 2.504 d= 2.504 d= 1.58m (3 sig fig) Answer 1.58m [1]

- 9 A Soup Spoon regular size bowl has a height of 8cm and capacity 250ml. A geometrically similar Soup Spoon large size bowl has a height of 12cm and a base diameter of 21cm.
 - (a) Calculate the base diameter of the regular size bowl. let r be regular and 2 be large

$$\frac{d_r}{d_r} = \frac{h_r}{h_r}$$

$$\frac{d_r}{21} = \frac{g}{12}$$

$$\frac{d_{r=14} \text{ on}}{d_{r=14} \text{ on}}$$
Calculate the capacity of the large size bowl.

(b)

$$\frac{V_{c}}{V_{L}} = \left(\frac{n_{c}}{h_{1}}\right)$$

$$\frac{250}{V_{L}} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{3}$$

$$V_{L} = \frac{250 \times 27}{8}$$

$$= 843 \cdot 75 \text{ mL}$$
Answer .843 · 75ml [2]

10 (a) Factorise completely
$$2.25x^2 - 0.64y^2$$
.

$$= \frac{9}{4} - \chi^2 - \frac{16}{25}y^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2} - x - \frac{4}{5}y\right) \left(\frac{3}{2} - x + \frac{4}{5}y\right)$$

$$= \left(1.5x - 0.8y\right) \left(\frac{3}{2} - x + \frac{4}{5}y\right)$$
(1.5x - 0.8y)(1.5x + 0.8y)
(b) Factorise completely $9x^2 - 4xy - 18xyz + 8y^2z$.
 $9x^3 - 4xy - 18xyz + 8y^2z$.
 $= \chi(9x - 4y) - 2yz(9x - 4y)$
 $= (\chi - 2yz)(9x - 4y)$
Answer $(\chi - 2yz)(9x - 4y)$.[2]

- 11 The angles, in degrees of a quadrilateral ABCD are represented by these expressions: Angle A = 3y + 40, angle B = 5y-10, angle C = 6y-20, and angle D = 2y + 30.
 - (a) Calculate the value of y. $(3y + 40)^{\circ} + (5y - 10)^{\circ} + (6y - 20)^{\circ} + (2y + 30)^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$ (sum of 2s in quad.) $16y^{\circ} + 40^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$ $16y^{\circ} = 320^{\circ}$ $y^{\circ} = 20^{\circ}$ $\therefore y = 20$ Answer y = ...20[2]
 - (b) What is the name of the quadrilateral? $\angle A = 100^{\circ}$ $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$ $\angle c = 100^{\circ}$
- 12 Calculate the sum of the angles a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l and m in this diagram.



Sum of interior L of triangle = 180° $\hat{a}+\hat{b}+\hat{c}+\hat{d}+\hat{e}+\hat{f}+\hat{g}+\hat{h}+\hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k}+\hat{i}+\hat{m}=4320^{\circ}-1440^{\circ}-180^{\circ}$ = 2700°

Answer 2700° [3]
13 W, X, Y, Z are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O. Given that $\angle XYZ = 135^{\circ}$ and $\angle OXW = 27^{\circ}$,



(a) Find $Z\hat{W}X$. Give a reason for your answer.



- 14 Two fair dice are tossed. Calculate the probability that
 - (a) both numbers obtained are even, Req'd prob = $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

Answer $\frac{1}{4}$ [1]

(b) the product of the two numbers obtained is a prime number, $\operatorname{Req}^{\prime} \partial \rho = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$

(c) the sum of the two numbers obtained is a prime number. R_{eq} $\beta rob = \frac{15}{36} = \frac{5}{12}$

Answer 5. [1]

15 In the diagram, AB = CD = 12 cm, BC = CE = z cm and AB is parallel to EC.



- 17 In order to maintain a healthy lifestyle, 5 students in a certain neighbourhood cycle to the same school.
 - (a) Below are four graphs and accounts by 4 students. Match each of the graphs to the student's name that best fit each of the stories.



- Aloysius: I was on my way to school when a cat suddenly cut into my path! Luckily, I managed to brake on time. After I got over the shock, I realized I was going to be late. So, I sped up!
- Benedict: My teacher warned me not to be late again, so this time round, I cycled faster and I was among the first few to reach school.
- Charles: I just left home and discovered that I did not bring my wallet! So I went home again but I still managed to reach school on time.
- Dominic: I cycled to school as usual and reached school before morning assembly.

Answer Graph I Dominic

Graph II Charles

Graph III Benedict

(b) Write down what Edward might say when given a sketch of his travel graph below.



Answer I was cycling to school when my tyre was punctured. I walked to school thereafter pulling along my bicycle as quickly as I could so that I will not be late school.

18 The cumulative frequency curve and box plot show the distributions of the marks of 320 students for a Mathematics examination and 300 students for an Additional Mathematics examination respectively.



(a) Find the interquartile range for the Mathematics examination.

interquartile range = 74 - 48 Answer 26 marks [1] = 26 marks

(b) Here are two statements comparing the marks for the two examinations.

For each one, write whether you agree or disagree.

Give a reason for each answer, stating clearly which statistic you use to make your decision.

 On average, students performed better for the Additional Mathematics examination than the Mathematics examination.

Answer Disagree because the median for Additional. Mathematics examination is lower than the median for the Mathematics examination [1]

(ii) A smaller proportion of the students scored less than 35 marks at the Mathematics examination than at the Additional Mathematics examination.

Answer Agree because the lower quartile for Mathematics examination is higher than the lower quartile for the Additional Mathematics examination [1]

19 (a) Express
$$-x^{2} + 7x - 5$$
 in the form $-(x - a)^{2} + b$.
 $= -(\infty^{2} - 1\infty) - 5$
 $= -(x^{2} - 7\infty + [\frac{1}{2}]^{2}) - 5 + (\frac{1}{2})^{2}$
 $= -(\infty - \frac{1}{2})^{2} + \frac{29}{4}$
Answer $-(\infty - \frac{1}{2})^{2} + \frac{29}{4}$.[2]

(b) Hence solve the equation $-x^2 + 7x - 5 = 0$, giving your answers correct to two decimal places.

$$-\chi^{2} + 7 \times -5 = 0$$

$$- (\chi - \frac{1}{2})^{2} + \frac{29}{4} = 0$$

$$- (\chi - \frac{1}{2})^{2} = -\frac{29}{4}$$

$$(\chi - \frac{1}{2})^{2} = \frac{29}{4}$$

$$\chi - \frac{1}{2} = \pm \int_{-\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{29}{4}} Answer \dots 0.81 \text{ and } 6.19$$

$$\chi = 0.81 \text{ and } 6.19 (2 \text{ dec} \cdot \text{pl.})$$

20 In the diagram, $\angle QPS = \angle QRP = 90^\circ$, PQ = 24 cm, QS = 25 cm, PST and QRS are straight lines.



25

Answer $-\frac{7}{25}$ [1]

Carousell-examguru

21 Challenger offers discounts to customers who pay \$30 for a 2-year ValueClub membership.

Item	Members' discount
11" Apple MacBook Air	5% off
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Dory wants to buy a MacBook Air which costs \$1188. The salesperson suggests that he joins as a member.

(a) How much less does he pay in total if he joins as a member and buys the MacBook Air?

Answer \$.29.40 [2]

After he joined as a member and bought the MacBook, the salesperson offers Dory a further 10% discount on the members' price for a portable drive and Bluetooth speaker in view of the Great Singapore Sale.

(b) Write down and simplify a formula for the total amount, T, that she needs pay for a portable drive and Bluetooth speaker. Use d and s to represent the original price of a portable drive and a Bluetooth speaker respectively.

Answer T = 0.765d + 0.675s [2]

22 A pill box is in the shape of a regular heptagon with sides of length 3cm and has a hole in the centre in the shape of a regular heptagon with sides of length 1cm.



The height of the pill box is 2cm. Calculate the volume of the pill box.

Size of an interior L of heptagon

$$= \frac{(7-2)\times180^{\circ}}{7}$$

$$= \frac{900^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$\theta = \frac{900^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$= \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$= \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$Iet h be height of trapezium tan $\theta = \frac{h}{1};$

$$h = tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$h = tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$Area of trapezium = \frac{1}{2}(1+3)tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$= 2tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$Area of cross-section = 7\times2tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$= 14tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$Volume of pill box = 2\times14tan \frac{450^{\circ}}{7};$$

$$= 58 \cdot 1cm^{3};$$

$$(3 sig fig.);$$$$

23 (a) Solve the equation
$$\frac{4(7a-3)}{5} + \frac{5(2a+7)}{3} = \frac{5(5a-2)}{2}.$$
24(7a-3) + 50(2a+7) = 75(5a-2)
168 a -72 + 100 a + 350 = 375a - 150
(07a = 428
a = 4

(b) Given that 2 is a solution of the quadratic equation $6(x-5)^2 + k = 38$, where k
is a constant, find the
(i) value of k,
when $x = 2$,
 $b(2-5)^2 + k = 38$
 $k = 38 - 54$
 $z - 1b$

(ii) other solution.
 $x = 5 + (5-2)$
 $z = 5 + 3$
 $z = 8$

Answer $\frac{x = 8}{2}$. [1]

24

16

.

24 In the diagram, D is the point (8, 3) and the line passing through the points D and F intersects the x-axis at the point E. Point G is on the x-axis such that the line DG is perpendicular to the x-axis. Given that the area of the triangle DEG is 6 units², find



25 In 2008, the International Court of Justice (ICJ) awarded the sovereignty of the island, Pedra Branca (P) to Singapore. There are two maritime features near the island: Middle Rocks (M) and South Ledge (S). Middle Rocks is due west of Pedra Branca. The bearing of S from P is 200° with a distance of 1.0 Nautical Miles (nm) between them.

(a) (i)	Construct a scaled drawing of the Triangle MPS using the scale	
	1 cm to represent 0.1 nm. Line MP has been drawn for you.	[2]
(ii)	Construct the perpendicular bisector of line MP.	[1]
(iii)	Construct the angle bisector of $\angle SMP$.	[1]

(b) A ship in distress sends a SOS signal for help at a location within the Triangle MPS. The ship is known to be located in the triangle at a point that is nearer to MS than MP and equidistant from M and P. Mark a possible point with a cross and label the point as W.



[1]

	新加坡海星 MARIS STELLA HIGH PRELIMINARY EXAMIN SECONDARY F	上中学 H SCHOOL IATION TWO OUR
MATHEMATICS Paper 2 Additional Materials:	Writing Paper (7 sheets) Graph Paper (1 sheet)	4048/2 16 August 2016 2 hours 30 minutes
READ THESE INSTRUCTIO	ONS FIRST	
Write your class, index nu Write in dark blue or black You may use an HB penc Do not use staples, paper	mber and name on all the work you have been on both sides of the paper. If for any diagrams or graphs. If clips, glue or correction fluid.	and in.
Answer all the questions. Write your answers on the Give non-exact numerical case of angles in degrees The use of an approved s You are reminded of the r	e separate Answer Paper provided. answers correct to 3 significant figures , unless a different level of accuracy is cientific calculator is expected, where a need for clear presentation in your answ	s, or 1 decimal place in the specified in the question. appropriate. wers.
At the end of the examina The number of marks is g	tion, fasten all your work securely toge iven in brackets [] at the end of each	ether. question or part question.
The total number of marks	s for this paper is 100.	
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		100
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Name

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi$$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\Sigma f x}{\Sigma f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

1 (a) Simplify
$$\frac{3a-6}{2a^2-7a+6}$$
. [2]

(b) Solve the inequality
$$\frac{3x-1}{5} \ge \frac{6x+1}{7}$$
. [2]

(c) It is given that
$$q = \sqrt{\frac{4p^2 - 5q}{p^2 + 2}}$$
. Express *p* in terms of *q*. [3]

(ii) Given that
$$\frac{4536}{k^2} = p$$
, where k and p are integers and k is
as large as possible, find the values of k and p. [1]

Find the two numbers. [2]

2 (a)
$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & x \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$

Find the value of x given that **PQ** is an identity matrix.

[2]

- (b) The price of a ticket in each category at the River Safari is given below:
 Child: \$20
 Adult: \$30
 Senior Citizen: \$14
 - (i) Represent the above information as a 3×1 column matrix A. [1]

The number of tickets sold on one particular weekend is given as follows:

	Child	Adult	Senior Citizen
Saturday	500	800	480
Sunday	700	1000	580

This information can be represented by the matrix

 $B = \left(\begin{array}{rrrr} 500 & 800 & 480 \\ 700 & 1000 & 580 \end{array}\right)$

(ii) Given that C = BA, find C and describe what is represented by the elements of C. [2]

(iii) On that particular weekend, the River Safari decided to donate 40% of Saturday's ticket sales and 50% of Sunday's ticket sales to charity. Write a matrix *D* such that the product of *DC* will give the total amount donated. Hence find the total amount donated. [2]

3 *A, B, C* and *D* are four points on level ground. *A* is due west of *D* and the bearing of *C* from *A* is 050° . AD = 25 m, DC = 45 m, DB = 70 m and BC = 90 m.



- (b) A tower of height *h* metres stands at *D* and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from *B* is 37° . Calculate
 - (i) the value of h, [2]
 - (ii) the shortest distance of D from BC. [2]
- (c) A man walks along a straight path from B to C until he reaches a point E where the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from E is at its greatest. Calculate the distance of BE. [2]

- 4 Two taps *A* and *B* run water at different speed. Tap *A* runs water at *x* litres per minute. Tap *B* runs water at a rate of 5 litres per minute faster than tap *A*. A rectangular tank with a capacity of 9000 litres is to be filled with water. It takes 5 hours longer to fill the tank with water using tap *A* as compared to using tap *B*.
 - (a) Write down an expression, in terms of x, the time taken to fill the tank by using
 - (i) Tap A, [1]
 - (ii) Tap *B*. [1]
 - (b) Form an equation in x and show that it reduces to $x^2 + 5x 150 = 0$. [3]
 - (c) Solve the equation $x^2 + 5x 150 = 0$. [2]
 - (d) Hence find the time taken, in hours, to fill the rectangular tank if both taps *A* and *B* are turned on at the same time. [2]
- 5 Map A is drawn to a scale of 1 : 250 000.
 - (a) Find the length, in centimetres, represented by a 12.4 km road on Map A. [1]
 - (b) Calculate the area of a town on Map A if its actual area is 60 km^2 . [2]
 - (c) The very same town occupies an area of $6\frac{2}{3}$ cm² on Map B, find the scale of Map B, giving your answer in the format of 1 : *n*. [2]

6 (a)
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \ \overrightarrow{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(i) Find the column vector
$$\overline{AC}$$
. [1]

(ii) Find the value of
$$|\overrightarrow{BC} - 2\overrightarrow{AB}|$$
. [2]

(b)



OPC and *OQA* are straight lines and *PA* intersects *QC* at *B*. Given that $\overrightarrow{OA} = 3\overrightarrow{OQ}$, $\overrightarrow{OP} = \overrightarrow{PC}$, *PB* : *BA* = 1 : 4, $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{q}$, express the following vectors as simply as possible in terms of **p** and/or **q**.

(i)
$$\overrightarrow{AP}$$
, [1]
(ii) \overrightarrow{PB} , [1]
(iii) \overrightarrow{OB} , [1]
(iv) \overrightarrow{QB} . [1]
(c) Find the value of $\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta OBC}{\text{Area of } \Delta QBA}$. [2]

7 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The following table gives the corresponding values of x and y which are connected by the equation $y = \frac{2x^3}{5} - 4x + 2$.

x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
у	-7.6	3.2	6.8	5.6	2	-1.6	-2.8	а	11.6

- (a) Find the value of *a*, giving your answer correct to 1 decimal place. [1]
- (b) Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit on the x-axis and 1 cm to represent 1 unit on the y-axis, draw the graph of y against x for values of x in the range $-4 \le x \le 4$. [3]

(c) Use your graph to find the solutions of
$$\frac{2x^3}{5} - 4x + 2 = 0.$$
 [2]

- (d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve when x = -3. [2]
- (e) By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, solve $2x^3 25x + 20 = 0.$ [3]

8 (a)



In the figure above, the sector *CAB* has centre *C* and radius 8 cm. *CD* bisects $\angle ACB$ and *O* is the midpoint of *CD*. An arc with centre *O*, is drawn to meet *CA* and *CB* at *E* and *F*

respectively. Given that $\angle EOF = \frac{5\pi}{12}$,

(i)	find i	in terms of S ,	
	(a)	the angle ACB,	[1]
	(b)	the length of arc ADB,	[1]
	(c)	the area of the sector CAB.	[1]

(ii) find the area of the shaded region *ADBFE*, correct to 2 significant figures. [3]



10

The lir	ne CE is a diameter of the circle ABCDE, centre O. The tangent	
at A m	eets CE produced at Z.	
Angle	$CBA = 116^{\circ}$ and angle $DCZ = 39^{\circ}$.	
Find, g	giving reasons for each answer,	
(i)	$\angle CDA$,	[1]
(ii)	$\angle COA,$	[1]
(iii)	$\angle DAE$,	[1]
(iv)	$\angle EAZ,$	[2]
(v)	$\angle CAZ.$	[2]

- 9
- (a) A group of students was asked to complete a class test. The time taken to complete the test is shown in the following table:

Time in minutes (x)	$30 < x \le 35$	$35 < x \le 40$	$40 < x \le 45$	$45 < x \le 50$	$50 < x \le 55$
No. of students	12	40	81	42	25

- (i) State the median class.
- (ii) Calculate
 - (a) the estimated mean time taken for a student to complete the test,

[1]

[1]

- (b) the estimated standard deviation of the time taken to complete the test. [2]
- (iii) If one more question is added to the test, each student took 5 more minutes to complete the test. Comment on how this will affect the mean and standard deviation of the data found in part (ii). [2]
- (b) 15 red balls, 5 blue balls and 2 white balls were placed in a bag. Two balls were drawn at random.
 - (i) Draw a tree diagram to show the possible outcomes and their probabilities. [2]
 - (ii) Expressing each of your answers as a fraction in its lowest term, calculate the probability that when two balls are drawn,
 - (a) both of them will be red, [1]
 - (b) only one of the ball drawn is blue, [2]
 - (c) both are of different colours. [2]

10 (a) Mr Ng bought a new car that cost \$100 000. Each year the value of the car decreases by 10% of its value at the start of the year. At the end of 5 years, Mr Ng decides to sell the car.

Calculate the overall percentage reduction in the value of the car compared with the original purchase price. [3]

(b) Mr Wong wishes to purchase a new 4-Room Flat at the upcoming Bidadari estate near the school. The flat can be bought on a hire purchase scheme with a down payment of 10% of the purchase price and the remaining amount to be paid by monthly instalments throughout the loan period.

Useful information:

Simple Interest rate for housing loan : 1.8% per annum

Maximum loan period allowed : 25 years

The selling price of a new 4-Room Flat starts from 440,000 for a 2^{nd} floor unit and increases at a constant rate to 520,000 for a highest 18^{th} floor unit.

With his savings, Mr Wong is able to pay the 10% down payment for the flat. With his current income, Mr Wong can only afford to spend at most \$2100 per month to service future instalments.

Using the information provided in the question, determine what is the highest floor unit that Mr Wong can afford to purchase. [6]

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MATHEMATICS Paper 2 Additional Materials:	Writing Paper (7 sheets) Graph Paper (1 sheet)	4048/2 16 August 2016 2 hours 30 minutes
READ THESE INSTRUCTIO	ONS FIRST	
Write your class, index nu Write in dark blue or black You may use an HB penc Do not use staples, paper	mber and name on all the work you have to pen on both sides of the paper. il for any diagrams or graphs. r clips, glue or correction fluid.	and in.
Answer all the questions. Write your answers on the Give non-exact numerica case of angles in degrees The use of an approved s You are reminded of the r	e separate Answer Paper provided. I answers correct to 3 significant figure , unless a different level of accuracy is cientific calculator is expected, where need for clear presentation in your ans	es, or 1 decimal place in the s specified in the question. appropriate. wers.
At the end of the examina The number of marks is g	tion, fasten all your work securely toge iven in brackets [] at the end of each	ether. question or part question.
The total number of marks	s for this paper is 100.	
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2

Solution to Prelim 2 EM Paper 2

1 (a)

$$\frac{3a-6}{2a^2-7a+6} = \frac{3(a-2)}{(2a-3)(a-2)}$$
[M1]
= $\frac{3}{2a-3}$ [A1]

(b)

$\frac{3x-1}{5}$ $\frac{6x+1}{5}$	
5 7	
$21x - 7 \ge 30x + 5$	
$-12 \ge 9x$	
$x \le -1\frac{1}{3}$	

(c)

$$q = \sqrt{\frac{4p^2 - 5q}{p^2 + 2}}$$

$$q^2 = \frac{4p^2 - 5q}{p^2 + 2}$$
[M1]
$$q^2(p^2 + 2) = 4p^2 - 5q$$

$$p^2(q^2 - 4) = -2q^2 - 5q$$

$$p^2 = \frac{-2q^2 - 5q}{q^2 - 4} \text{ or } \frac{2q^2 + 5q}{4 - q^2}$$
[M1]
$$p = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-2q^2 - 5q}{q^2 - 4}} \text{ or } \pm \sqrt{\frac{2q^2 + 5q}{4 - q^2}}$$
[A1, minus 0.5 if no ±]

[M1]

[A1]

(d) (i)
$$4536 = 2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7$$
 [B1]

(ii)
$$k = 18, p = 14$$
 [B1]

(iii)
$$189 = 3^3 \times 7$$
 [M1]
The 2 numbers are 567 and 1512 [A1]

2 (a)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & x \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
[M1]
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2x - 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$2x - 2 = 0$$
$$x = 1$$
[A1]

(b)(i)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 20\\ 30\\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$$
 [B1]

(ii)

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 500 & 800 & 480 \\ 700 & 1000 & 580 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ 30 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 40720 \\ 52120 \end{pmatrix}$$
[B1]

The elements in C represents the total ticket sales on Saturday and Sunday respectively. [B1]

(iii)

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$
[B1]
$$DC = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 40720 \\ 52120 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= (42348)$$

The amount donated is \$42348. [A1, P if no statement]

3(a)

(i)
$$\angle CAD = 40^{\circ}$$

 $\frac{45}{\sin 40^{\circ}} = \frac{25}{\sin \angle DCA}$ [M1]
 $\sin \angle DCA = 0.35710$
 $\angle DCA = 20.922^{\circ}$
 $= 20.9^{\circ}$ (1 d.p) [A1]

(*ii*)
$$90^2 = 70^2 + 45^2 - 2(70(45)\cos\angle CDB$$
 [M1]
 $\cos\angle CDB = \frac{-1175}{6300}$
 $\angle CDB = 100.749^\circ$
 $= 100.7^\circ$ (1 d.p) [A1]

(*iii*) Bearing of C from
$$D = 180^{\circ} - 130^{\circ} - \angle DCA$$
 [M1]
= 29.078°
= 029.1° [A1,no mark if no 0]

(*iv*) Area of
$$\Delta BDC = \frac{1}{2} (70) (45) \sin 100.749^{\circ}$$

= 1547.36
= 1550m² [3 s.f.] [B1, R if not to 3 s.f.]

(b)

(i)
$$\tan 37^{\circ} = \frac{h}{70}$$
 [M1]
 $h = 70 \tan 37^{\circ}$
 $= 52.749$
 $= 52.7$ (3 s.f) [A1]

(*ii*) Let the shortest distance be x m.

$$\frac{1}{2}(90)(x) = 1547.36 \quad [M1]$$

x = 34.386

The shortest distance is 34.4 m. [A1]

(c) Area of
$$\Delta BDC = \frac{1}{2} (70) (90) \sin \angle DBC$$

= 1547.36
 $\sin \angle DBC = 0.49123$
 $\angle DBC = 29.421^{\circ}$ [M1]

$$\tan \angle DBC = \frac{x}{BE}$$
$$BE = \frac{34.386}{\tan 29.421^{\circ}}$$
$$= 60.973$$

= 61.0 m (3.s.f) [A1,R is never give to 3 s.f]

6

4 (a)

(*i*) Time taken by Tap A =
$$\frac{9000}{x}$$
 mins [B1, unit error applicable]

(*ii*) Time taken by Tap B = $\frac{9000}{x+5}$ mins [B1, unit error applicable]

(b)

$$\frac{9000}{x} - \frac{9000}{x+5} = 5 \times 60 \quad [M1]$$

$$9000(x+5) - 9000x = 300x(x+5) \quad [M1]$$

$$45000 = 300x^{2} + 1500x$$

$$x^{2} + 5x - 150 = 0 \quad (shown) \quad [A1]$$

(c) Solve the equation
$$x^2 + 5x - 150 = 0$$
.

 $x^{2} + 5x - 150 = 0$ (x - 10)(x + 15) = 0 [M1] x = 10 or -15 [A1]

(d)

x = 10Combined rate = 25 litres per min [M1] Time taken to fill the tank = $(9000 \div 25) \div 60$ = 6 hours [A1]

(a) 1 cm : 250 000 cm
= 1 cm : 2.5 km
Length of road on Map A =
$$\frac{12.4}{2.5}$$

= 4.96 cm ----- [A1]

(b)
$$1 \text{ cm}^2$$
: 6.25 km² ---- [M1]
Area of town on Map A = $\frac{60}{6.25}$
= 9.6 cm² ---- [A1]

(c)
$$6\frac{2}{3}$$
 cm² : 60 km²
= 1 cm² : 9 km²
= 1 cm : 3 km ----- [M1]
= 1 cm : 300 000 cm
= 1 : 300 000 ----- [A1]

6 (a)

(i)
$$\overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{BC}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
[B1]
(ii) $\left|\overrightarrow{BC} - 2\overrightarrow{AB}\right| = \left|\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} - 2\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}\right|$

$$= \left|\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix}\right|$$
[M1]

$$= \sqrt{1^2 + (-11)^2}$$

$$= 11.0 \text{ units } (3 \text{ s.f.})$$
[A1, P if no unit]

(b)

(i)
$$\overrightarrow{AP} = \overrightarrow{AO} + \overrightarrow{OP}$$

 $= -3\overrightarrow{OQ} + \overrightarrow{OP}$
 $= \underline{p} - 3\underline{q}$ [B1]
(ii) $\overrightarrow{PB} = -\frac{1}{5}\overrightarrow{PA}$
 $= \frac{1}{5}(3\underline{q} - \underline{p})$ [B1]
(iii) $\overrightarrow{OB} = \overrightarrow{OP} + \overrightarrow{PB}$

$$= \underline{p} + \frac{1}{5} \left(3\underline{q} - \underline{p} \right)$$
$$= \frac{1}{5} \left(3\underline{q} + 4\underline{p} \right) \quad [B1]$$

(*iv*)
$$QB = QO + OB$$

= $-\underline{q} + \frac{1}{5}(3\underline{q} + 4\underline{p})$
= $\frac{2}{5}(2\underline{p} - \underline{q})$ [B1]

(c)





The following parts of Q7 is to be answered on the back of graph paper

Q7(a)
$$a = 0.8$$
 [B1]

(c) From the graph, the solution is -3.3, 0.5, 2.9. (Accept ± 0.1) [B2]

(d) Gradient of the curve at
$$x = -3$$
 is $= \frac{12 - (-4)}{-1.8 - (-4)}$
= 7.27 (3s.f) (Accept 6.12 to 7.48) [A1]

(e)
$$2x^{3} - 25x + 20 = 0$$

 $\frac{2x^{3}}{5} - 5x + 4 = 0$
 $\frac{2x^{3}}{5} - 4x + 2 = x - 2$ [M1]

Draw the line y = x - 2

From the graph, the solution is x = -3.8, 0.85, 3.05 Accept [±0.1] [A1]

8 (a)(i)

(a)
$$\angle ACB = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5\pi}{12} \right)$$
 (\angle at center = 2 \angle at circumference)
 $= \frac{5\pi}{24}$ [B1]
(b) Arc $ADB = 8 \times \angle ACB$
 $= \frac{5\pi}{3}$ cm [B1]
(c) Area of sector $CAB = \frac{1}{2} \times (8)^2 \left(\frac{5\pi}{24} \right)$
 $= \frac{20\pi}{3}$ cm² [B1]

(ii) Area of shaded region

= Area of sector *CAB* – Area of sector *OEF* – 2× Area of
$$\triangle OCF$$
 [M1]
= $\frac{20\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{2}(4)^2 \left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) - 2 \times \frac{1}{2}(4)^2 \sin(\pi - \frac{5\pi}{24})$ [M1]
= 0.73179
= 0.73 cm² (2 s.f.) [A1]

(b)(i)
$$\angle CDA + \angle CBA = 180^{\circ}$$
 ($\angle s$ in opp. segment)
 $\angle CDA = 180^{\circ} - 116^{\circ}$
 $= 64^{\circ}$ [B1]

(b)(ii)
$$\angle COA = 2 \times \angle CDA$$
 (\angle at centre = $2 \times \angle$ at circumference)
= 128° [B1]

(b)(iii) $\angle DAE = \angle DCE$ ($\angle s$ in same segment) = 39° [B1]

(b)(iv)
$$\angle AOE = 180^{\circ} - \angle COA$$
 (adj $\angle s$ on a st. line)
 $= 52^{\circ}$
 $\angle OAE = \frac{180^{\circ} - \angle AOE}{2}$ (Base $\angle s$ isos $\triangle OAE$)
 $= 64^{\circ}$ [M1]
 $\angle OAZ = 90^{\circ}$ (tangent \perp radius)
 $\angle EAZ = 90^{\circ} - \angle OAE$
 $= 26^{\circ}$ [A1]

(b)(v)
$$\angle CAE = 90^{\circ}$$
 (\angle in semi circle) [M1]
 $\angle CAZ = \angle CAE + \angle EAZ$
 $= 90^{\circ} + 26^{\circ}$
 $= 116^{\circ}$ [A1]

9(a) (i) Median class is $40 < x \le 45$ [B1]

(ii)

(a) Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

= $\frac{8640}{200}$
= 43.2 mins [B1]
(b) Mean = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - (\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f})^2}$
= $\sqrt{\frac{378900}{200} - (43.2)^2}$
= 5.32 mins (3 s.f) [A1]

(iii) The mean time taken will increase to 48.2 mins.

The standard deviation will remain the same at 5.32 mins.

[1 mark for each correct statement]

9(b)(i)



(iii)(c) P(both are of different colour) = 1 - P(both red) - P(both blue) - P(both white) [M1]

$$= 1 - \frac{15}{22} \times \frac{14}{21} - \frac{5}{22} \times \frac{4}{21} - \frac{2}{22} \times \frac{1}{21}$$
$$= \frac{115}{231}$$
[A1]
10(*a*) Value of the car at the end of 5 years = $(0.9)^5 \times 100000$ = \$59049 [M1]

Overall percentage reduction
$$=\frac{100000 - 59049}{100000} \times 100\%$$
 [M1]
= 40.951% [A1]

(b) Let x be the floor number of the flat to be purchased.
Price of a flat =
$$440000 + 5000(x - 2)$$

= $430000 + 5000x$ [M1]

Loan amount =
$$0.9(430000+5000x)$$

= $4500x + 387000$ [M1]

Interest charge = $\frac{(4500x + 387000) \times 1.8 \times 25}{100}$ = 2025x + 174150 [M1]

Monthly instalment =
$$\frac{6525x + 561150}{25 \times 12}$$
 [M1]
= 21.75x + 1870.50

$$21.75x + 1870.50 \le 2100$$
 [M1]
 $x \le 10.55$

: the highest floor Mr Wong can purchase is a 10th floor unit. [A1]

(Can accept other logical method presented by students)

Answer **all** the questions.

1 Write the following numbers in order of size, starting with the **smallest**.

$$-\frac{4}{7}, -\frac{4}{5}, -0.8^2, -0.8^{\circ}$$

- Answer [1] smallest largest
- 2 During a children's day celebration, a charity organization distributed 825 files, 495 pens and 660 pencils equally among the children in a children's home. Each child received the same number of files, pens and pencils.
 - (a) Find the largest possible number of children.

(b) Hence, find the number of files, pens and pencils each child received.

Answer (b) files, pens, pencils [1]

- 3 It is given that $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v}$.
 - (a) Find f when u = 1.2 and v = 0.4.
- Answer (a) f = [1]
- (b) Express u in terms of f and v.

4 A restaurant charges \$27.80 per person for buffet lunch. On a particular day, 114 people dined in the restaurant. By approximating both the charge and the number of diners to 2 significant figures, estimate the total amount received by the restaurant on that particular day.

4

Show your working and give your answer to a reasonable degree of accuracy.

Answer \$ [2]
A piece of metal is heated to 375 °C and then left to cool for 15 minutes. The temperature of the metal decreases at a rate of 18 °C/min for the first 5 minutes and then decreases at a rate of 7 °C/min for the next 10 minutes.
Find the time taken for the metal to cool to a temperature of 250 °C.
Answermin [2]
(a) Solve the inequality $1 - r \le 4 + r \le 13 - 2r$
(a) Solve the inequality $1 - x \le 4 + x < 15 - 2x$.

Write down all the integers which satisfy $1 - x \le 4 + x < 13 - 2x$. **(b)**

- 7 The current, *I* amperes, passing through a circuit is inversely proportional to its resistance, *R* ohms. When the resistance of the circuit is 3 ohms, the current passing through it is 2 amperes.
 - (a) Find an equation connecting *I* and *R*.

(b) Calculate the resistance of the circuit when 1.5 amperes of current passes through it.

I (amperes)

Answer (*b*).....ohms [1]

(c) Sketch the graph of *I* against *R*.

Answer (c)

Two containers are geometrically similar. [1]

 8 Two containers are geometrically similar. The surface area of the larger container is 63 cm² and the surface area of the smaller container is 28 cm². The height of the smaller container is 5 cm.

Calculate the height of the larger container.

9 Between 2014 and 2015, the number of pupils who applied for a particular school as their first choice increased by 25%.In 2015, the number of applicants for that school was 425.

Calculate the number of applicants in 2014.

10 The probability that it will rain on any particular day is 0.3.

Calculate the probability that on two consecutive days, it will rain on only one of the days.

11 The table below shows the number of internet-connected devices in some households.

Number of devices	1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of households	2	4	x	7	5	3

(a) If the modal number of devices is 4, state the maximum possible value of x.

Answer (a) [1]

(b) If the mean number of devices is 3.6, calculate the value of x.

(c) If the median number of devices is 4, write down all the possible values of x.

Peter drove from Town X to Town Z, passing by Town Y along the way.
He took 40 minutes to drive from Town X to Town Y at an average speed of 72 km/h.
He rested in Town Y for 10 minutes before continuing his journey to Town Z.
The distance between Town Y and Town Z is 52 km.
His average speed for the whole journey was 60 km/h.

Calculate

(a) the distance between Town X and Town Y,

Answer (*a*) km [1]

(b) the average speed for the journey between Town Y and Town Z.

Answer (*b*) km/h [3]

13 The point (1, 1) is marked on the diagram.

Sketch the graph of $y = 8 - x^3$ in the answer space below.

Answer

[1]

[Turn over

ver (1, 1)

14 David wants to invest \$500 for 3 years.Company *A* offers 8% simple interest per year.Company *B* offers 6% interest per year compounded quarterly.

In which company should David invest his money? Justify your answer.

	<i>Ans</i>	wer				[3]
15	$\xi = $ $A =$ $B =$ $C =$	{x: x is an integer, {x: x is divisible b {x: x is divisible b {x: x is divisible b	$1 \le x \le 100$ } y 11} y 22} y 33}	0		
	(a)	List the element	s of $A \cap (B \cup$	C)'. Answer (a)		[1]
	(b)	Draw, in the ans three sets A, B at Answer (b)	wer space, a c and C .	learly labelled Ve	nn diagram to illustr	ate the
						[2]

16 On the axes shown, *P* is (-4, 3), *Q* is (-3, -2) and *R* is (2, -2).



Find

(a) the gradient of PQ,

Answer	<i>(a)</i>	[1]
--------	------------	-----

(**b**) tan $P\hat{R}Q$,

Answer (b) [1]

(c) the equation of the line PR,

- (d) the area of triangle PQR,

Answer (d) units² [1]

(e) the coordinates of two possible points *S*, such that the four points *P*, *Q*, *R* and *S* are the four vertices of a parallelogram.

Answer (e) (......) or (.....) [2]



The figures $T_1, T_2, T_3 \dots$ are made up of squares. N is the number of rows of squares in each shape. S is the number of squares in each shape.

D is the number of dots in each shape.

The values of N, S and D in T_1, T_2, T_3 and T_4 are recorded in the table below.

Figure	T_1	T_2	T_3	T_4	
N	1	2	3	4	
S	1	4	p	16	
D	4	10	q	28	
$D-N^2$	3	6	r	S	

(a) Find the values of p, q, r and s.

Answer (a) $p = \dots, q = \dots, r = \dots, s = \dots$ [2]

(b) Express S in terms of N.

Answer (b) [1]

(c) Express D in terms of N.

Answer (c) [1]

(d) Explain why the number of dots cannot be 42.

Answer [1]

CHIJ SNGS Preliminary Examinations 2016 - Mathematics 4048/01

18 Three points *A*, *B* and *C* are shown below.

19 A gold solid is formed by joining the plane faces of a cone, a cylinder and a hemisphere.

The cone and cylinder have a base radius of 3 cm and height 6 cm. The hemisphere has a radius of 7 cm.



Answer (*c*) cm³ [2]

13

The density of gold is 19.32 g/cm^3 .

A gold bar has length 25 cm, width 7 cm and height 3.5 cm. Five gold bars were melted down and all the gold was used to make a large number of these gold solids.

(d) Calculate the mass of gold that remains after the gold solids are made, giving your answer correct to two significant figures.

Answer (*d*) g [4]

- 20 *O* is the origin. *A* is the point (3, *p*). *B* is the point (-4, 5). $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 6\\5 \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (a) If \overrightarrow{BC} is parallel to \overrightarrow{OA} , find the value of p.

(b) Find the ratio OA : BC.

(c) Find the position vector of *M* such that *OAMB* is a parallelogram.

Answer (*c*) [2]

CHIJ SNGS Preliminary Examinations 2016 - Mathematics 4048/01 [Turn over

21 The diagram, not drawn to scale, shows the speed-time graph of a car and a bus during a period of 48 seconds. The car and the bus start from the same point, at the same time and travel in the same direction.



1	$0^{\circ} 4 0^{\circ} 4$	15a)	$A \cap (B \cup C)' = \{11,55,77\}$
	$-0.8, -\frac{1}{5}, -0.8, -\frac{1}{7}$	15b)	
2a)	165	ð	
2b)	<u>5</u> files, <u>3</u> pens, <u>4</u> pencils		
3a)	f = 0.3		
3b)	$u = \frac{f v}{v}$		
	v-f		
4	\$3100		
5	10 min		
6a)	$-1\frac{1}{2} \le x \le 3$	160)	
6h)		16a)	-5 r
(00) (7a)	-1, 0, 1, 2	100)	$\frac{5}{6}$
<i>(a)</i>	$I = \frac{0}{2}$	16c)	6 5 1
71.)	R	100)	$y = -\frac{3}{6}x - \frac{1}{2}$
70) 70)	R = 4 onms	16d)	$\frac{0}{125}$ square units
10)	<i>I</i> (amperes)	16e)	S(1.3) or S(3, -7) or S(-9.3)
		17a)	p = 9, q = 18, r = 9, s = 12
		17b)	$S = N^2$
		17c)	$D = 3N + N^2$
		17d)	$N = \frac{-3\pm\sqrt{9+168}}{9}$ which is no a whole
			winch is no a whole
	P (ohms)	100)	
	0 × K (011113)	19a) 19b)	6.71 cm^2
8	$h_l = 7.5 \ cm$	100) 19c)	$\frac{010 \ cm}{945 \ cm^3}$
9	340	19d)	4400 a
10	0.42	20a)	n = 25
11a)	6	20b)	P = 2.3 $OA \cdot BC = 1 \cdot 2$
11b)	9	20c)	(-1)
11c)	0, 1,2,38	,	
12a)	48 km		(7.5)
12b)	62.4 km/h	$\frac{21a}{21b}$	38.4
13		$\frac{210}{21c}$	
		210)	Distance 1920 travelled
			(metres) 1440
	8		960
	$\bullet(1,1)$		
	$ \longrightarrow $		480
	2		0 12 36 48
			a mire (recommy)
14	Company A		

Answer **all** the questions.

3

1 (a) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $1 - \frac{2x}{2x-7} + \frac{7}{(2x-7)^2}$. [3]

(b) Simplify
$$5a^{-3}b^5 \div \frac{10}{9}a^3b^{-2}$$
. [2]

- (c) Factorise fully
 - (i) $11p^2 44pq + 4q p$, [2]

(ii)
$$30m^2 + 14mn - 4n^2$$
. [2]

(d) Solve the equation
$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{x-5}{2x-3} = 1.$$
 [3]

2 Twenty five boys took a quiz. The marks are shown in the stem-and-leaf diagram.

1	4 7	
2	3 5 7 7 9	
3	0 1 2 3 3 5 7 7 8 9 9 9	
4	3 4 6 6 7	
5	0	Key 1 4 means 14 marks

- (a) Find
 - (i) the median mark, [1]
 - (ii) the interquartile range. [3]

Twenty five girls took the same quiz. The median mark and interquartile range of the girls' marks are 35 and 6 respectively.

- (b) Compare and commant on the performance of the bays and girls in
- (b) Compare and comment on the performance of the boys and girls in this quiz. [2]



- 5 Jeannie bought some health drink for \$6400. She paid x for each litre of the drink.
 - (a) Find, in terms of *x*, an expression for the number of litres she bought. [1]
 - (b) She gave away 8 litres of the drink to her friends. She sold the remainder of the drink for \$50 per litre more than she paid for it. Write down an expression, in terms of *x*, for the sum of money she received. [1]
 - (c) She made a profit of \$2960.
 - (i) Write down an equation in x to represent this information, and show that it reduces to $x^2 + 420x 40\,000 = 0$. [2]

(ii) Solve the equation
$$x^2 + 420x - 40\,000 = 0$$
. [3]

- (d) Find the number of litres of drink Jeannie sold. [1]
- 6 Two satay stalls sell 3 types of satay.The number of sticks of each type of satay sold per day is given by the matrix S.

	Chicken	Mutton	Beef	
S –	(400	300	200)	Stall A
5 =	200	500	300)	Stall B

(a) The price of each stick of chicken, mutton and beef satay is \$0.35, \$0.45 and \$0.40 respectively.

- (b) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{SP}$. [1]
- (c) State what the elements of **T** represent. [1]
- (d) In June 2016, Stall A operated 20 days and Stall B operated 25 days.

Use matrix multiplication to find the total amount of money collected by the two stalls in June 2016. [2]

(e) In July, the number of sticks of each type of satay sold per day is increased by 10%. The information is given by the matrix **Q**.

	Chicken	Mutton	Beef	
Q =	(440	330	220	Stall A
	220	550	330)	Stall B

Write down the matrix **R** such that $\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{SR}$.

[1]

- 7 A box contains 5 Chocolate doughnuts, 3 Glazed doughnuts and 1 Strawberry doughnut.
 - (a) Two doughnuts were taken out of the box at random, without replacement.

Copy and complete the tree diagram to show this information. [3]



(b) Find, as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that

(i)	the two doughnuts are the same flavour,	[3]
(ii)	at least one of the doughnuts is Chocolate.	[2]

8 In the diagram, the points P, Q, R, S and T lie on a circle, centre O. XTY is a tangent to the circle. Angle $PRS = 109^{\circ}$ and angle $PST = 41^{\circ}$.



(a) Find, giving reasons for each answer,

(i)	$P\hat{Q}S$,	[1]
(ii)	$P\hat{T}S$,	[1]
(iii)	YTS,	[2]
(iv)	OÎP.	[2]

(b) *OABC* is a sector of a circle, centre *O* and radius 8 cm. The perimeter of the sector is 30 cm.



- (i) Show that angle AOC = 1.75 radians. [1]
- (ii) Calculate the area of the shaded region. [3]



The diagram shows a field, *ABCDE*, which is crossed by two paths, *AC* and *AD*. *AD* is perpendicular to *CD*. *AB* = 42 m, *AD* = 60 m, *DE* = 55 m, angle *BAC* = 48° and angle $ACB = 32^{\circ}$.

(a)	Show that $AC = 78.05$ m, correct to four significant figures.	[2]
(b)	Calculate <i>CD</i> .	[2]
(c)	A bird is at P , which is 8 m vertically above E . Calculate the angle of depression of D from P .	[2]
(d)	Given that the area of triangle ADE is 1300 m ² , calculate angle ADE .	[2]
(e)	D is due east of A . Calculate the bearing of E from A .	[3]

8

10 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The variables x and y are connected by the equation $y = \frac{5x^2}{4} + \frac{60}{x} - 40$.

Some corresponding values of *x* and *y* are given in the following table.

x	1	1.5	2	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6
у	р	2.81	-5	-8.75	-7.54	-5	-1.35	3.25	15

(a) Find the value of *p*.

- (b) Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for 1 ≤ x ≤ 6. Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 5 units, draw a vertical y-axis for -15 ≤ y ≤ 25. On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [2]
 (c) Using your graph, find the range of values of x for which
 - Using your graph, find the range of values of x for which $\frac{5x^2}{4} + \frac{60}{x} - 40 < 0.$ [3]
- (d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at the point where x = 4. [2]
- (e) Draw the tangent to the curve at the point where the gradient is -10.
 Write down the equation of this tangent. [2]
- (f) The line *l* intersects the curve $y = \frac{5x^2}{4} + \frac{60}{x} 40$ at x = 2 and x = 6.
 - (i) Find the equation of l. [2]

It is given that x = 2 and x = 6 are solutions of the equation $5x^3 + Ax^2 + Bx + 240 = 0.$

(ii) By using your answer from (f)(i), find the value of A and of B. [3]

[Turn over

[1]

Diagram I shows a pencil before it is sharpened. It is made up of a piece of cylindrical carbon encased in wood. The length of the pencil is 19 cm.
 Diagram II shows the cross-sectional area of the pencil. *ABCDEF* is a regular hexagon with side 0.45 cm. The diameter of the carbon is 0.2 cm.



Diagram IV shows ten of these pencils which just fit into a box whose cross-sectional area is an equilateral triangle which is open on one side.



(e) The boxes are made of cardboard which cost \$10 per m². Determine which box will be cheaper to produce for 1000 boxes. Justify your decision with calculations.

[5]

1a)	56–14 <i>x</i>	8b)	(ii) 24.5 cm^2
	$\overline{(2\pi,7)^2}$	9b)	49.9 cm
<u> </u>	(2x-1)	9c)	8.3°
	7	9d)	52.0°
1b)	<u>967</u>	9e)	148.9°
	$2a^6$	10a)	21.25
1c)	(i) $(11p - 1)(p - 4q)$	10c)	$1.65 \le x \le 4.65$
	(ii) $2(3m+2n)(5m-n)$	10d)	m = 6.25
1d)	$r = \frac{1}{2}$ or 2	10e)	y = -10x + 15
	$\frac{x-\frac{1}{3}}{3}$ 01 3	10f)	(i) y=5x-15
2a)	35 marks		(ii) A=-20 & B=-100
2b)	13 marks	11a)	(i) 120°
3a)	$\frac{2}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}b$		(ii) 0.9 <i>cm</i>
	$\frac{1}{3}$ u + $\frac{1}{5}$ b	11c)	$0.526 \ cm^2$
4c)	$\Delta XYR = 2$	11d)	5.97%
	(i) $\frac{1}{\text{area of } ARYZ} = \frac{1}{3}$	11e)	Design IV will be cheaper to produce
	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$,	for 1000 boxes
	(ii) $\frac{\text{area of } \Delta XYR}{\Delta XYR} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$	L	
	area of ΔPQR (2) 4		
5a)	6400		
	<u> </u>		
5b)	(320,000)		
/	$\frac{320000}{3} - 8x + 6000$		
-			
5c)	(ii) $x = -500$ or $x = 80$		
5d)	72		
6a)	(0.35)		
	0.45		
		1	
	(0.40)		
6b)	(355)		
	415		
60)	The total amount of manay collected		
00)	hy and stall (nor day from the		
	by each stall (per day from the		
61)	sening the satay)		
6a)	(11 0 0)		
00)	$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1.1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$		
	0 1.1 0		
	0 0 1 1		
71.)	5		
70)	$(i)\frac{5}{6}$		
	(ii) $\frac{13}{13}$		
80)	$(1)_{36}$		
8a)	(1) 109		
	$(11) / 1^{\circ}$		
	(111) 68		
	(iv) 49°		

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Name

MATHEMATICS

Friday

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29 July 2016

Class



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO SECONDARY FOUR

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

You are expected to use a scientific calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

16/S4PR2/EM/1

PAPER 1

2 hours

Register Number



Compound interest

Total amount =

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = Surface area of a sphere = Volume of a cone = Volume of a sphere = Area of triangle *ABC* = Arc length = , where is in radians Sector area = , where is in radians

Trigonometry

Statistics

Mean =

Standard deviation =

1 Calculate	giving your answer correct to
-------------	-------------------------------

(a) 5 decimal places,

(b) 5 significant figures.

2 A sequence of numbers is given as follows;

- 1^{st} line: $1^2 + 1 1 = 1$ 2^{nd} line: $2^2 + 2 1 = 5$ 3^{rd} line: $3^2 + 3 1 = 11$ 4^{th} line: $4^2 + 4 1 = 19$
- (a) Write down an expression, in terms of *n*, for the *n*th term in the sequence.

Answer (a)......[1]

(b) Calculate the value of the 67^{th} term of the sequence.

Answer (*b*)......[1]

3 (a) Given that find the value of x.

Answer (*a*) [1]

(b) Light travels 1 metre in 3.3 nanoseconds. Find the total distance, in metres, that light will travel in 6.6 microseconds.

Answer (*b*)_____m[1]

PQ is parallel to RS.

(a) Find

- Answer (a) _____ [1]

 (b) Find

 Answer (b) _____ [1]
- 5 A group of students were asked to determine which of the following allows more water to flow through in a given time:



Paul chooses A. His reasoning is that the two hoses have a bigger combined diameter of 5 + 5 = 10 > 8. Is Paul right? Explain.

6 Simplify

7 Some students were interviewed to find out the languages they spoke at home.

(a)	Describe,	as simpl	y as	possible,	in	words,	the	set
------------	-----------	----------	------	-----------	----	--------	-----	-----

<i>Answer</i> (<i>a</i>)	
	[1]

(b) On the Venn Diagram, shade the region which represents

[1]

It is given that, and

(c) If , find the number of students who did not speak either English or their Mother Tongue.

Answer (c)		[1]
------------	--	-----

8 (a) Factorise

(b) Factorise completely

9 Boris and Bram jog on a circular track with radius 15 m. Boris jogs with a constant speed of and Bram jogs with a constant speed of If both boys start jogging in the opposite direction from point *A* at 08 10, when will they meet again at *A*?

- 10 Two similar marbles made from the same material have radii in the ratio of 2:5.
 - (a) If it costs \$2 to paint the small marble, calculate the cost to paint the large marble using the same paint.

Answer (*a*) \$[1]

(b) If the mass of the larger marble is 250 g, what is the mass of the smaller marble?

Answer (*b*)......g [2]

- 11 A painter takes 4 days to paint a house. His apprentice takes 2 more days to paint the same house.
 - (a) Find the number of similar houses that the apprentice can paint in 30 days.

Answer (*a*).....houses [1]

Answer (*b*).....days [2]

(b) If the painter and the apprentice paint the house together, how many days will it take the both of them to complete painting 1 house?

12	(a)	Sketch the graph of	
		Answer (a)	
	(b)	Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of the graph of	[2]
	(0)	Answer (b)	[1]
		0	

13 The cumulative frequency curve below shows the marks obtained, out of 100, by 60 students in an Elementary Mathematics paper.

(a) Find interquartile range of the distribution.

Answer (*a*).....marks [1]

(b) The same 60 students also sat for the Additional Mathematics paper. The box-and-whisker diagram below illustrates the marks obtained. The maximum mark was again 100.

			+++++			- 11	1			
	•									•
					_	411	1			
-	+	-	- 1/-		-			-		-
- 6 -	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	00	100

A parent commented that the Elementary Mathematics paper was easier than the Additional Mathematics paper.

Do you agree? Give a reason for your answer.

Answer (b)	beca	use		
	×			
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••	••••••
				[2]

- 14 The period of oscillation, T seconds of a string varies directly as the square root of the length of the string, l cm. When the length of the string is 36 cm, the period of the oscillation is 0.3 seconds.
 - (a) Find the length of the string when the period of oscillation is 0.4 seconds.

(b) Calculate the percentage change in l if T is decreased by 30%.

Answer (*b*).....% [2]

15 (a) The lowest point of a quadratic curve is It intersects the y-axis at Write down the equation of the curve in the form , where a, b, c are integers.

Answer (*a*) *y* [2]

(b) Hence solve the equation, giving your answers correct to two decimal places.

Answer (*b*) *x* [2]

16	(a)	Is it possible to draw a regular polygon whose exterior angle is ? Give a reason for your answer.
	Answ	er (a)
		[2]
	(b)	

VICTORIA SCHOOL

In the diagram above, *ABC*... is part of a polygon. is The size of the remaining interior angles are each equal to Find the number of sides of this polygon.

Answer (*b*)_____[2]

- 17 Vernon travels to school either by bus or by car. The probability of being late for school is if he travels by bus and if he travels by car.
 - (a) Find the probability that he will be late on just two out of three days if he travels by bus on three consecutive days.

(b) If the probability that he travels by bus is, find the probability that he will be late for school on any given day.

18 The graph shows the charges made by a telecommunication company for making local phone calls lasting up to 70 minutes. The total cost is made up of a fixed charge, 3.00, together with a charge of x per minute for making local phone calls.

(a) State the cost of making 44 minutes of local phone call.

Answer (*a*) \$[1]

(b) (i) A second telecommunication company that does not have a fixed charge, charges 8¢ per minute for the first 50 minutes and 15¢ per minute after that.

Draw a graph, on the same axes, to represent the charge made by this second company.

(ii) Find the range of times, *T*, for which it would be cheaper to subscribe to the company.

Answer (b)(ii) [1]

19 In the diagram, ABCD is a parallelogram with, and EF intersects HD and HC at G and K respectively.If the area of , find the area of

(a) ,

(b)

Answer (*b*).....[2]

- 20 The diagram shows a circle with centre *O* and radius 7 cm inscribed in a regular octagon of sides 5.8 cm each.
 - (a) Calculate the area of the octagon.

(b) Find the total area of the shaded region between the circle and the octagon.

Answer (*b*)..... [2]

21 (a) Solve the equation

Answer (*a*) [2]

(b) 216 cubes, each having edges of 2.6 cm, measured to the nearest 0.1 cm, fit exactly into a larger cubic box. Find the

(i) greatest possible length of the cubic box,

		13	
		Answer $(b)(i)$	[2]
		(ii) least possible volume of the cubic box.	
		Answer (b)(ii)	[1]
22	The	equation of a straight line is	
	(a)	Find the gradient of the line.	
		Answer (a)	[1]
	(b)	Find the equation of the line, parallel to , which passes through the point	
		Answer (b)	[2]
	(c)	Find the distance between the points at which these two lines cut the <i>x</i> -axis	
			÷ [0]
		Answer (c)	units [2]
23	(a)	In the diagram, <i>O</i> is the centre of the circle <i>ADBC</i> . <i>AB</i> and <i>CD</i> are two perpendiameters. <i>L</i> and <i>R</i> are points on <i>AB</i> . <i>N</i> and <i>P</i> are points on <i>CD</i> . <i>M</i> and <i>Q</i> are on the circumference of the circle. <i>LMNO</i> and <i>OPQR</i> are two rectangles.	pendicular re points
		Explain briefly why LN and PR are equal in length.	
		Answer (a)	
			[2]
	(b)	In the diagram, the points A , B , C , D and E lie on a circle, centre O .	
VICT	ORIA	SCHOOL 16/S4PR2/EM/1	
exam	guru		
14			
----	--------------	--	
	BOE AE is	is a diameter, s parallel to <i>CD</i> .	
	(i)	Find	
		Answer $(b)(i)$ [2]	
	(ii)	Hence show that triangle ACE is an equilateral triangle.	
		Answer (b)(ii)	
		[1]	

- 24 The point H represents the position of a harbour located along a coastline. Another point J represents the position of a jetty situated along the same coastline. The point L represents the position of a lighthouse. It is given that
 - (a) Using a scale of 1: 20000, construct the [2]

Answer (a) and (c)

(b) Measure and write down the distance *LH*.

Answer (b) _____m [1]

(c) A yacht sails directly from H to L. By drawing a suitable line, measure and write down its closest distance to the jetty.

15

Answer (*c*) _____m [2]

End of Paper

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2016 Victoria School Prelim 2 Mathematics Paper 1 Answer Key

la	0.00504
1b	0.0050408
2a	
2b	4555
3a	
3b	2000 m
4a	
4b	
5	No, Paul is wrong. The hose in B with a larger cross sectional area allows more water
5	to flow through than in A.
6	
7a	is the set of students who spoke only in their Mother Tongue at home
7b	
7c	61 students
8a	
8b	
9	
10a	\$12.50
10b	16g
11a	5 days

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11b	days
12a	
12b	
13a	39 marks
13b	Disagree. Median marks in Elementary Mathematics paper is lower.
14a	64
14b	Increase by 69%
15a	
15b	
16a	No. is not divisible by 7
16b	9 sides
1/a 17h	
1/0	\$5.20
10a 18bi	\$3.20
i	
19i	50
19ii	20
20a	162.4
20b	8.4
21a	
21bi	15.9
21bi	
229	
$\frac{22a}{22h}$	
$\frac{220}{22c}$	
23b	
24a	Constructions
24b	2055 m
24c	790 m

Name MARK SCHEME

4048/01

MATHEMATICS

Friday

SECONDARY FOUR

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

You are expected to use a scientific calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 80.



16/S4PR2/EM/1

Register Number



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO

29 July 2016

Class

PAPER 1

2 hours

Mathematical Formulae

2

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians
Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

- 1 Calculate $\frac{\sqrt{0.00234 \times 9.45}}{29.5}$, giving your answer correct to
 - (a) 5 decimal places,

(b) 5 significant figures.

0.0050408 ----- [B1]

- 2 A sequence of numbers is given as follows;
 - 1^{st} line: $1^2 + 1 1 = 1$ 2^{nd} line: $2^2 + 2 1 = 5$ 3^{rd} line: $3^2 + 3 1 = 11$ 4^{th} line: $4^2 + 4 1 = 19$
 - (a) Write down an expression, in terms of *n*, for the *n*th term in the sequence.

 $n^2 + n - 1$ ----- [B1]

(**b**) Calculate the value of the 67th term of the sequence.

4555 ----- [B1]

3 (a) Given that $3^4 \times 3^{\frac{2}{x}} = 3^{-\frac{1}{2}}$, find the value of x.



(b) Light travels 1 metre in 3.3 nanoseconds.Find the total distance, in metres, that light will travel in 6.6 microseconds.

3.3 nanoseconds = 3.3×10^{-9} seconds 6.6 microseconds = 6.6×10^{-6} seconds \therefore Distance travelled = $\frac{6.6 \times 10^{-6}}{3.3 \times 10^{-9}}$ = 2000 m ------ [A1]



5 A group of students were asked to determine which of the following allows more water to flow through in a given time:

Paul chooses A. His reasoning is that the two hoses have a bigger combined diameter of 5 + 5 = 10 > 8. Is Paul right? Explain.



6

Simplify $36b^2 - 25(1-b)^2$. $36b^2 - 25(1-b)^2 = (6b)^2 - [5(1-b)]^2$ = [6b - 5(1-b)][6b + 5(1-b)] ------- [B1 - Identity] = (6b - 5 + 5b)(6b + 5 - 5b)=(11b-5)(b+5) ------ [A1]

7 Some students were interviewed to find out the languages they spoke at home.

 $\varepsilon = \{$ The set of students who were interviewed $\}$

 $E = \{$ The set of students who spoke English $\}$

 $M = \{$ The set of students who spoke their Mother Tongue $\}$

(a) Describe, as simply as possible, in words, the set $M \cap E'$.

 $M \cap E'$ is the set of students who spoke only in their Mother Tongue at home. [B1]

(b) On the Venn Diagram, shade the region which represents $E \cup (M \cup E)'$.



It is given that $n(\mathcal{E}) = 256$, n(E) = 195 and n(M) = 123.

(c) If $M \subset E$, find the number of students who did not speak either English or their Mother Tongue.

Number of students who did not speak either English or their Mother Tongue = 256-195 = 61 ------ [B1]

8 (a) Factorise completely $x^2 - 2xy + y^2$.

$x^2 - 2xy + y^2$
$=(x-y)^2$ [B1]

(b) Factorise completely $x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x + 12$.

 $x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 4x + 12$ = $x^{2}(x-3) - 4(x-3)$ ------ [B1] = $(x^{2} - 4)(x-3)$ = (x-2)(x+2)(x-3) ------ [A1] **9** Boris and Bram jog on a circular track with radius 15 m. Boris jogs with a constant speed of 0.15π ms⁻¹ and Bram jogs with a constant speed of 0.25π ms⁻¹. If both boys start jogging in the opposite direction from point *A* at 08 10, when will they meet again at *A*?



- 10 Two similar marbles made from the same material have radii in the ratio of 2 : 5.
 - (a) If it costs \$2 to paint the small marble, calculate the cost to paint the large marble using the same paint.



(b) If the mass of the larger marble is 250 g, what is the mass of the smaller marble?

Since the marbles are similar,

$$\frac{\text{Mass of small marble}}{250} = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3 - \dots - [B1]$$

$$\therefore \text{ Mass of small marble} = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3 \times 250$$

$$= 16 \text{ g} - \dots - [A1]$$

- 11 A painter takes 4 days to paint a house. His apprentice takes 2 more days to paint the same house.
 - (a) Find the number of similar houses that the apprentice can paint in 30 days.

No. of days the apprentice takes = 4 + 2= 6 \therefore No. of houses he can paint in 30 days = $\frac{30}{6}$ = 5 ----- [A1]

(b) If the painter and the apprentice paint the house together, how many days will it take the both of them to complete painting 1 house?



12 (a) Sketch the graph of
$$y = 2 - \frac{1}{2}(x+2)^2$$
.



13 The cumulative frequency curve below shows the marks obtained, out of 100, by 60 students in an Elementary Mathematics paper.



(a) Find interquartile range of the distribution.

Interquartile range $= 69 - 30$	[or 68-30 = 38 marks]
= 39 marks [A1]	

(b) The same 60 students also sat for the Additional Mathematics paper. The box-and-whisker diagram below illustrates the marks obtained. The maximum mark was again 100.



A parent commented that the Elementary Mathematics paper was easier than the

Additional Mathematics paper.

Do you agree? Give a reason for your answer.

Disagree. Median marks in Elementary Mathematics paper is lower. ----- [B1, B1]

- 14 The period of oscillation, T seconds of a string varies directly as the square root of the length of the string, l cm. When the length of the string is 36 cm, the period of the oscillation is 0.3 seconds.
 - (a) Find the length of the string when the period of oscillation is 0.4 seconds.

$$T = k\sqrt{l}, \ k \text{ is a constant}$$

When $T = 0.3, l = 36$
 $\Rightarrow k = \frac{0.3}{\sqrt{36}} = 0.05$ ----- [B1 for finding $k = 0.05$]
 $\therefore T = 0.05\sqrt{l}$
When $T = 0.4$,
 $0.4 = 0.05\sqrt{l}$
 $\sqrt{l} = 8 \therefore l = 64 \text{ cm}^2$ ------ [A1]

(b) Calculate the percentage change in l if T is decreased by 30%.

Old : $T_{old} = 0.05\sqrt{l} \implies l = (20T_{old})^2$ When *T* is decreased by 30%, New: $0.7T_{old} = 0.05\sqrt{l} \implies l = (14T_{old})^2$ \therefore % change in $l = \frac{(14T_{old})^2 - (20T_{old})^2}{(20T_{old})^2} \times 100\%$ ------ [M1] = -51% ------ [A1]

15 (a) The lowest point of a quadratic curve is (-1,-6). It intersects the y-axis at -5. Write down the equation of the curve in the form $y = a(x+b)^2 + c$, where a, b, c are integers.

Since (-1, -6) is the lowest point $\Rightarrow b = 1, c = -6$ $y = a(x+1)^2 - 6$ ------ [B1] At $x = 0, y = -5, \Rightarrow a = 1$ $y = (x+1)^2 - 6$ ------ [A1]

(b) Hence solve the equation $a(x+b)^2 + c = 0$, giving your answers correct to two decimal places.



$$(x+1)^2 - 6 = 0$$
 ----- [M1]
 $(x+1)^2 = 6$
 $x+1 = \pm \sqrt{6}$
 $\Rightarrow x = -1 - \sqrt{6}$ or $x = -1 + \sqrt{6}$
 $\therefore x = -3.45$ or $x = 1.45$ ------ [A1]

16 (a) Is it possible to draw a regular polygon whose exterior angle is 7°? Give a reason for your answer.



In the diagram above, ABC... is part of a polygon. $\angle ABC$ is 148°. The size of the remaining interior angles are each equal to 139°. Find the number of sides of this polygon.

Exterior $\angle ABC = 180^\circ - 148^\circ = 32^\circ$ Let *n* be the number of sides of the polygon. Since the sum of exterior angles of polygon = 360° $\therefore 32^\circ + (n-1)(180^\circ - 139^\circ) = 360^\circ - [B1]$ 32 + 41n - 41 = 36041n = 369n = 9 - [A1]

Exterior $\angle ABC = 180^\circ - 148^\circ = 32^\circ$ Number of sides of polygon $= \frac{360^\circ - 32^\circ}{41^\circ} + 1 - \dots - [B1]$ $= 9 - \dots - [A1]$

- 17 Vernon travels to school either by bus or by car. The probability of being late for school is $\frac{1}{5}$ if he travels by bus and $\frac{1}{20}$ if he travels by car.
 - (a) Find the probability that he will be late on just two out of three days if he travels by bus on three consecutive days.

Probability =
$$\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{4}{5} \times 3$$
----- [M1]
= $\frac{12}{125}$ ----- [A1]

(b) If the probability that he travels by bus is $\frac{2}{3}$, find the probability that he will be late for school on any given day.

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16/S4PR2/EMI/1

Probability =
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{20} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{5}$$
 ----- [B1]
= $\frac{3}{20}$ ----- [A1]

18 The graph shows the charges made by a telecommunication company for making local phone calls lasting up to 70 minutes. The total cost is made up of a fixed charge, 3.00, together with a charge of x per minute for making local phone calls.

11



(a) State the cost of making 44 minutes of local phone call.

The cost is \$5.20 ----- [B1]

(b) (i) A second telecommunication company that does not have a fixed charge, charges 8¢ per minute for the first 50 minutes and 15¢ per minute after that.

Draw a graph, on the same axes, to represent the charge made by this second company.

(ii) Find the range of times for which it would be cheaper to subscribe to the second company.

The range of time is $0 \le T < 65$. ----- [B1]

19 In the diagram, *ABCD* is a parallelogram with *EF* // *AB*, *AH* = *GH* = 3 cm and *HB* = *DG* = 2 cm. *EF* intersects *HD* and *HC* at *G* and *K* respectively. If the area of $\Delta GHK = 18 \text{ cm}^2$, find the area of



(ii) triangle BCH.



- 20 The diagram shows a circle with centre *O* and radius 7 cm inscribed in a regular octagon of sides 5.8 cm each.
 - (a) Calculate the area of the octagon.

Area of octagon =
$$\frac{1}{2} \times 5.8 \times 7 \times 8$$
 ------ [M1]
= 162.4 cm²------ [A1]



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Find the total area of the shaded region between the circle and the octagon. **(b)**

13

Area of shaded region =
$$162.4 - \pi \times 7^2$$
 ----- [M1]
= 8.46 cm^2 (3SF) ------ [A1]

21 (a) Solve the equation
$$\frac{x-3}{2} - 5 = \frac{7}{2}x$$
.

$$\frac{x-3}{2} - 5 = \frac{7}{2}x$$

$$x - 3 - 10 = 7x \quad ----- [M1]$$

$$6x = -13$$

$$x = -\frac{13}{6}$$

$$= -2\frac{1}{6} \quad ----- [A1]$$

- (c) 216 cubes, each having edges of 2.6 cm, measured to the nearest 0.1 cm, fit exactly into a larger cubic box. Find the
 - (i) greatest possible length of the cubic box.

Greatest possible length of cubic box $= 2.65 \times 6 ----- [M1]$ = 15.9 cm ----- [A1]

least possible volume of the cubic box. (ii)

Least possible volume of cubic box $= 216 \times 2.55^{3}$ $= 3581.577 \text{ cm}^3 - ---- [A1]$



- 22 The equation of a straight line is $\frac{x}{3} \frac{y}{4} = 1$.
 - (a) Find the gradient of the line.

$$\frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{4} = 1$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 4$$

∴ Gradient is $1\frac{1}{3}$ ------ [A1]

(b) Find the equation of the line, parallel to $\frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{4} = 1$, which passes through the point

$$\left(1\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right).$$

$$y - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{3}\left(x - \frac{3}{2}\right) - ---- [M1]$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{4}{3}x - 1\frac{1}{2} - ---- [A1 \text{ o.e}]$$

(c) Find the distance between the points at which these two lines cut the *x*-axis.

At
$$y = 0$$
,
For $y = \frac{4}{3}x - 4$: $x = 3$
For $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{3}{2}$: $x = \frac{9}{8}$
 \therefore Distance between the two points $= 3 - \frac{9}{8}$ ----- [M1]
 $= 1\frac{7}{8}$ units ------ [A1]

23 (a) In the diagram, *O* is the centre of the circle *ABCD*. *AB* and *CD* are two perpendicular diameters. *L* and *R* are points on *AB*. *N* and *P* are points on *CD*. *M* and *Q* are points on the circumference of the circle. *LMNO* and *OPQR* are two rectangles.

16



(ii) Hence show that triangle *ACE* is an equilateral triangle.

 $\angle AEC = 60^{\circ}(\text{alt. } \angle, AE / / CD)$ $\angle BCE = 90^{\circ}(\text{Right } \angle \text{ in semicircle})$ $\angle BCA = 30^{\circ}(\text{base } \angle \text{s of isos } \Delta)$ $\angle ACE = 90^{\circ} - 30^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$ $\therefore \Delta ACE \text{ is an equilateral triangle.}$

Carousell-examguru

24 The point *H* represents the position of a harbour located along a coastline. Another point *J* represents the position of a jetty situated along the same coastline. The point *L* represents the position of a lighthouse.

It is given that HJ = 1800 m, $\angle LHJ = 26^{\circ}$ and $\angle HJL = 93^{\circ}$.

(a) Using a scale of 1: 20000, construct the ΔHJL .

Answer (a) and (c)

Answer (a) and (c)



(b) Measure and write down the distance *LH*.

Answer (b) 2055 m [1]

(c) A yacht sails directly from *H* to *L*. By drawing a suitable line, measure and write down its closest distance to the jetty.

Answer (c) 790 m [2]

End of Paper

[2]

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VICTORIA SCHOOL

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO SECONDARY FOUR

Additional Materials:

Answer Paper Graph Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

You are expected to use a scientific calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part auestion.

The total number of marks for this paper is 100.

PAPER 2

16/S4PR2/EM/2

2 hours 30 minutes

Register Number



2 August 2016



Class

Name

4048/02

MATHEMATICS

Tuesday

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians
Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

Answer **all** the questions.

1	(a)	Victor and Gloria are in an organic farm in Murai Farmway with their families. Victor buys five pieces of tofu and four packets of mushroom for \$23.55. Gloria buys four pieces of tofu and three packets of mushroom. She pays with two \$10 notes and receives change of \$1.80.						
		(i) Write down a pair of simultaneous equations to represent this infuse <i>t</i> to represent the cost, in dollars, of a piece of tofu and <i>m</i> to represent the cost, in dollars, of a packet of mushrooms.						
		(ii)	Solve your simultaneous equations to find <i>t</i> and <i>m</i> .	[2]				
		(iii)	Calculate the total cost of buying two pieces of tofu and five packets of mushroom.	[1]				
	(b)	Solv place	e the equation $3+13x-4x^2 = 0$, giving the answers correct to three decines.	nal [4]				
2	(a)	(i)	Express 8064 as the product of its prime factors.	[1]				
		(ii)	Find the value of k such that $\frac{8064}{k}$ is the largest possible perfect cube.	[1]				
		Give	en that $p = 2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7$. Write down the					
		(iii)	lowest common multiple of 8064 and p , giving your answer as the prod of its prime factors,	uct [1]				
		(iv)	greatest integer that will divide both 8064 and p exactly.	[1]				
	(b)	Whe	en <i>n</i> is a whole number, $2n+1$ is an odd number.					
		(i)	Write down an expression for the next two consecutive odd numbers aft $2n+1$.	ter [1]				
		(ii)	Find and simplify an expression for the difference between the squares the two consecutive odd numbers found in (b)(i).	of [2]				
		(iii)	Hence, explain why the difference between the squares of two consecut odd numbers is always a multiple of 8.	ive [1]				

3 The table below shows the ticket prices at the Singapore Garden Festival held at Gardens by the Bay.

Ticket	Price
Adult	\$20
Child	\$12
Senior Citizen	\$15

- (a) Represent the ticket price for adult, child and senior citizen by a column matrix Q. [1]
- (b) Mr Ang bought 4 adults, 2 children and 1 senior citizen tickets to the festival. Write down a matrix **P** such that the matrix multiplication $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PQ}$ gives the total amount Mr Ang paid for the tickets. Hence, find **R**. [2]
- (c) The table below shows the number of tickets sold at the festival.

	Number of	f tickets sold	
Day	Adult	Child	Senior Citizen
Monday	81	С	36
Tuesday	85	42	S

- (i) The ticket sales collected on Monday and Tuesday was \$2724 and \$2744 respectively. Represent these ticket sales in a 2×1 matrix T. [1]
- (ii) Form a matrix multiplication such that the product will be **T**. [1]
- (iii) Find the value of c and of s. [2]

Gardens by the Bay donated part of their ticket sales to a charity organization. U represents the total amount of money donated to the organization on Monday and Tuesday.

- (iv) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{U} = (0.15 \quad 0.1)\mathbf{T}$. [1]
- (v) Explain what the elements of the matrix $(0.15 \ 0.1)$ represent. [1]



5 (a) Simplify
$$\frac{16a^3b^4}{7c^4} \div \frac{4ab^2}{21c^3} \times \frac{27a^{n+1}}{8a^{n-2}}$$
. [2]

(b) Simplify
$$\frac{2u+18v}{(u+4v)^2-25v^2}$$
. [2]

(c) (i) Solve the inequality
$$\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$$
. [1]

(ii) Hence, state the smallest integer value of x such that $\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$. [1]

(d) (i) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form
$$\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3}$$
. [2]

(ii) Solve the equation
$$\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3} = \frac{4}{5}$$
. [3]

6 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The variables x and y are connected by the equation

$$y = x + \frac{12}{x} - 5.$$

Some corresponding values of *x* and *y* are given in the table below.

x	1	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
у	8	р	3	2	2	2.4	3	3.7	4.5

(a) Calculate the value of *p*.

(b) Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for $0 \le x \le 8$. Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a vertical y-axis for $0 \le y \le 8$.

On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]

- (c) Use your graph to find the solutions of $x + \frac{12}{x} = 8\frac{1}{5}$. [1]
- (d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at (6, 3). [2]
- (e) By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, solve $2x^2 11x + 12 = 0$. [2]

16/S4PR2/EM/2

[1]

7 (a) A is a point
$$(-4, 1)$$
, $\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$.

(i)	Write down the column vector \overrightarrow{BC} .	[1]
(1)	white down the column vector <i>BC</i> .	

(ii) Find
$$\left| \overrightarrow{BC} \right|$$
. [2]

(iii)
$$P$$
 is a point such that $\overline{BP} = 2 \overline{PC}$.
Find the column vector \overline{AP} . [2]

(iv) Given
$$\overrightarrow{OQ} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \\ 11\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$
.

What type of quadrilateral is *APQB*? Justify your answer using vectors.

[3]

В

A



 $OABC \text{ is a parallelogram.} \\ \overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{p}, \ \overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{q} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{CT} = 4 \overrightarrow{AC}. \\ ACT, BRT \text{ and } OCR \text{ are straight lines.} \end{cases}$

(i) Express each of the following, as simply as possible, in terms of **p** and/or **q**,

(a)
$$\overrightarrow{OB}$$
, [1]

$$(b) \quad \overline{OT}, \qquad \qquad [1]$$

(c)
$$\overline{BT}$$
. [1]

(ii) Given that
$$\overrightarrow{BR} = \frac{4}{5}\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}$$
, find k if $\overrightarrow{OC} = k \overrightarrow{CR}$. [1]

(iii) Find the value of
$$\frac{\text{area of } \Delta BCR}{\text{area of } \Delta OCT}$$
. [1]

16/S4PR2/EM/2



The line *DF* is a diameter of the circle *BDEF* with centre *O*. *ABC* is a tangent to the circle at *B*. *X* is the point of intersection of *DF* and *BE*. Angle $DBE = 30^{\circ}$ and angle $BEF = 58^{\circ}$.

(i) Find

(a)	angle <i>FBO</i> ,			[2]

- (b) angle ABF, [1]
- (c) angle DXE. [1]
- (ii) Given that the radius of the circle is 14 cm, find the area of triangle *BDF*. [2]





In the diagram, *POR* is a quadrant of a circle with radius 6 cm. *OR* and *PQ* are parallel. *QR* is an arc of a circle with centre *P*.

Calculate the area and the perimeter of the shaded region. [4]

8

(a)

(l

The ages of 50 employees in Company V is shown in the table below.

Age in yea	years $24 < x \le 28$ $28 < x \le 32$ $32 < x \le 36$ $36 < x \le 40$					$40 < x \le 44$	
Number of employees		7	10	13	8	р	
(i) State the value of <i>p</i> . [1]							
(ii) H	Hence, calculate the						
((a) mean age of the employees, [1]						
((b) standard deviation. [1]						
(iii) The age distribution of 50 employees in Company <i>W</i> is summarized below.							

Mean	29.6 years
Standard deviation	7.13 years

Make two comparisons between the ages of employees in both companies. [2]

- (b) A box contains 5 red flags and 8 yellow flags. Two flags are taken from the bag at random without replacement.
 - (i) Draw a tree diagram to show the probabilities of the possible outcomes. [2]
 - (ii) Find, as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that
 - (a) the first flag is red and the second flag is yellow, [1]
 - (b) both flags are the same colour, [1]
 - (c) at least one flag is yellow. [1]

9

(a)



Class 4*V* has chosen the 'Go Green' theme for their Social Innovation Project. The diagram above shows the recycling bins structure that they have built.

The whole structure consists of 3 open identical cylindrical plastic containers fit into a wooden cuboid crate. All the containers and the crate are of negligible thickness.

3 circles had to be cut from the top of the crate to fit the containers. Each plastic container is placed in the crate such that they are 20 cm away from the sides of the crate, *ADHE* and *BCGF*, as well as 20 cm apart from each other. Each plastic container touches the base and sides, *ABFE* and *DCGH*, of the crate too. The radius and height of the plastic container are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively.

(a)	Write down the dimensions of the crate.	[]
(4)	white down the dimensions of the crute.	

(**b**) Calculate the

10

(i) exact total surface area of the crate that was cut out,	(i)	total surface area of the crate that was cut out,	[1]
---	-----	---	-----

- (ii) exact total internal surface area of each cylindrical container, [2]
- (iii) total **exposed** external surface area of the crate. [2]
- (c) The class would like to paint all the exposed external surfaces of the crate yellow.
 One tin of paint can cover an area of 3.75 m². How many tins do they need to purchase? Justify your answer. [2]
- (d) If each cylindrical container is filled to the brim, what is the maximum volume of recyclables that can be collected by the class in a single collection? [2]

End of Paper

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	5t + 4m = 23.55	
1a(1)	4t + 3m = 18.20	
1a(ii)	t = 2.15 and $m = 3.20$	
1a(iii)	\$ 20.30	
1b	x = -0.216 (3 d.p.) or $x = 3.466$ (3 d.p.)	
2a(i)	$8064 = 2^7 \times 3^2 \times 7$	
2a(ii)	<i>k</i> = 126	
2a(iii)	$2^7 \times 3^4 \times 7$	
2a(iv)	504	
2b(i)	(2n+3) and $(2n+5)$	
2b(ii)	8(n+2)	
2h(iii)	Since 8 is a factor of $8(n+2)$, the difference between two consecutive odd	
20(111)	numbers will always be a multiple of 8.	
	(20)	
3(a)	$\mathbf{Q} = 12 $	
	(15)	
	$P = (4 \ 2 \ 1)$	
	(20)	
3(b)	$\mathbf{R} = (4 \ 2 \ 1) \ 12$	
	(110)	
	=(119)	
3(c)(i)	$T = \begin{pmatrix} 2724 \end{pmatrix}$	
5(0)(1)	(2744)	
	$(81 \ c \ 36)$ (20) (2724)	
3(c)(ii)	$\begin{vmatrix} 31 & c & 30 \\ 05 & 42 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2724 \\ 0744 \end{vmatrix}$	
	$\binom{85}{42} \binom{42}{5} \binom{2744}{15}$	
3(c)(iii)	c = 47 and $s = 36$	
3(c)(iv)	(683)	
	Elements of $(0.15 0.1)$ represent the percentage of the total ticket sales that	
3(c)(v)	Gardens by the Bay had donated to the charity organization on Monday and	
Tuesday respectively		
4(a)(i)	74.5 m (3 s.f.)	
4(a)(ii)	$3120 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (3 s.f.)}$	
4(a)(iii)	121 m (3 s.f.)	
4(b)	293°	
4(c)	5.8° (1 d.p.)	

2016 Victoria School Prelim 2 Mathematics Paper 2 Answer Key

5()	$81a^{5}b^{2}$
5(a)	$\overline{2c}$
5(b)	2
5(0)	$\overline{u-v}$
5(c)(i)	$x \ge -18\frac{3}{2}$
- (-)(-)	8
5(c)(ii)	-18
5(d)(i)	$\frac{h^2+4h-4}{(h^2+4h)}$
	(4-h)(h+3)
5(d)(ii)	$h = -3\frac{7}{9}$ or $h = 2$
6(a)	<i>p</i> = 4.5
6(c)	x = 1.9 or $x = 6.3$
6(d)	0.660 (3 s.f.)
6(e)	x = 1.5 or $x = 4$
7(a)(i)	
. ()(-)	
7(a)(ii)	8.94 units (3 s.f.)
	$\left(\frac{-1}{-1}\right)$
7(a)(iii)	3
. () ()	$6\frac{2}{2}$
	AP = BQ and $AB = PQ$
7(a)(1V)	AP = BQ and $ AB = PQ $
	Thus ABOR is a parallelogram
7(h)(i)(a)	Thus, $AFQB$ is a parametogram. p+q
7(0)(1)(a)	$\frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{2}$
/(b)(1)(b)	$3q - \tau p$
7(b)(i)(c)	$4\tilde{q}$ - 5 \tilde{p}
7(b)(ii)	$k = 1\frac{1}{4}$
7(b)(jij)	1
/(U)(III)	5
8(a)(i)(a)	32°
8(a)(i)(b)	58°
$\delta(a)(1)(c)$	$\frac{\delta\delta^2}{17(-2\pi)^2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$
8(a)(ii)	1/b cm ⁻ (3 s.f.)
0(1)	Area of shaded region = 18 cm^2
8(b)	Designator of choice 246 and $(2 \circ f)$
	Perimeter of shaded region = 24.0 cm (3 s.f.)

9(a)(i)	p = 12	
9(a)(ii)(a)	34.64 years	
9(a)(ii)(b)	5.45 years (3 s.f.)	
9(a)(iii)	The employees in company W are younger than those in company V since the mean age of employees in company W is lower than that of company V .	
	The spread of ages of employees in company <i>W</i> is wider since the standard	
	deviation of ages of employees in company W is larger than that of company V.	
9(b)(ii)(a)	10	
)(0)(1)(u)	39	
9(b)(ii)(b)	<u>19</u>	
	39	
$\Omega(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{i})(\mathbf{a})$	34	
9(0)(11)(0)	39	
10(a)	260 cm by 60 cm by 120 cm	
10(b)(i)	$2700 \pi \text{ cm}^2$	
10(b)(ii)	$8100 \pi \text{ cm}^2$	
10(b)(iii)	83900 cm ² (3 s.f.)	
10(c)	3	
10(d)	1020000 cm^3 (3 s.f.)	

	(Class	Register Number
Name	MARK SCHEME		
4048/02			16/S4PR2/EM/2
MATHEMAT	ICS		PAPER 2
Tuesday	2 August 2016		2 hours 30 minutes
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PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO SECONDARY FOUR

Additional Materials:

Answer Paper Graph Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

You are expected to use a scientific calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 100.

[Turn over

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians
Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

Answer all the questions.

- (a) Victor and Gloria are in an organic farm in Murai Farmway with their families. Victor buys five pieces of tofu and four packets of mushroom for \$23.55. Gloria buys four pieces of tofu and three packets of mushroom. She pays with two \$10 notes and receives change of \$1.80.
 - (i) Write down a pair of simultaneous equations to represent this information.
 Use *t* to represent the cost, in dollars, of a piece of tofu and *m* to represent the cost, in dollars, of a packet of mushrooms. [2]
 - (ii) Solve your simultaneous equations to find t and m. [2]
 - (iii) Calculate the total cost of buying two pieces of tofu and five packets of mushroom. [1]
 - (b) Solve the equation $3+13x-4x^2 = 0$, giving the answers correct to three decimal places. [4]

Solutions:

(a) (i)
$$5t + 4m = 23.55$$

 $4t + 3m = 18.20$

(ii)
$$5t + 4m = 23.55 \cdots (1)$$

$$4t + 3m = 18.20 \cdots (2)$$

$$(1) \times 3: \quad 15t + 12m = 70.65 \cdots (3)$$

$$(2) \times 4: \quad 16t + 12m = 72.80 \cdots (4)$$

$$(4) - (3): \quad t = 2.15$$
Sub. $t = 2.15$ into (2):

$$4(2.15) + 3m = 18.20$$

$$3m = 9.6$$

$$m = 3.20$$

$$t = 2.15 \text{ and } m = 3.20$$

$$A1$$
(a) (iii)
$$Cost = 2(2.15) + 5(3.20)$$

= \$ 20.30 \checkmark A1

(b)

$$3+13x-4x^{2} = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{(13)^{2}-4(-4)(3)}}{2(-4)} \quad \text{or} \quad x = \frac{-(-13) \pm \sqrt{(-13)^{2}-4(4)(-3)}}{2(4)} \quad \text{M1}$$

$$= \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{217}}{-8} \quad = \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{217}}{8}$$

$$x = -0.216 \quad (3 \text{ d.p.}) \quad \text{or} \quad x = 3.466 \quad (3 \text{ d.p.}) \quad \textbf{A2}$$

2 (i) Express 8064 as the product of its prime factors. (a) [1] (ii) Find the value of k such that $\frac{8064}{k}$ is the largest possible perfect cube. [1] Given that $p = 2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7$. Write down the (iii) lowest common multiple of 8064 and p, giving your answer as the product of its prime factors, [1] (iv) greatest integer that will divide both 8064 and *p* exactly. [1] **(b)** When *n* is a whole number, 2n+1 is an odd number. (i) Write down an expression for the next two consecutive odd numbers after 2*n*+1. [1] Find and simplify an expression for the difference between the squares of (ii) the two consecutive odd numbers found in (b)(i). [2]

(iii) Hence, explain why the difference between the squares of two consecutive odd numbers is always a multiple of 8. [1]

B1

Solutions:

 $8064 = 2^7 \times 3^2 \times 7$

(ii) For $\frac{8064}{k}$ to be the largest perfect cube, k needs to be the smallest possible value. Largest $\frac{8064}{k}$ will be 2⁶. $k = 2 \times 3^2 \times 7$ k = 126 B1

(iii)

8064 =
$$2^7 \times 3^2 \times 7$$

 $p = 2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7$
Lowest common multiple = $2^7 \times 3^4 \times 7$ \blacksquare B1

(iv)

$$8064 = 2^7 \times 3^2 \times 7$$

$$p = 2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7$$
Greatest integer = $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 7$

$$= 504$$
B1

(b) (i) The next two numbers are
$$(2n+3)$$
 and $(2n+5)$. \triangleleft B1

(ii)
$$(2n+5)^2 - (2n+3)^2 = 4n^2 + 20n + 25 - (4n^2 + 12n + 9)$$
$$= 4n^2 + 20n + 25 - 4n^2 - 12n - 9 \quad M1$$
$$= 8n + 16$$
$$= 8(n+2) \quad \blacksquare B1$$

(iii) Since 8 is a factor of 8(n+2), the difference between two consecutive odd numbers will always be a multiple of 8. **B1** 3 The table below shows the ticket prices at the Singapore Garden Festival held at Gardens by the Bay.

Ticket	Price
Adult	\$20
Child	\$12
Senior Citizen	\$15

- (a) Represent the ticket price for adult, child and senior citizen by a column matrix Q. [1]
- (b) Mr Ang bought 4 adults, 2 children and 1 senior citizen tickets to the festival. Write down a matrix **P** such that the matrix multiplication $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PQ}$ gives the total amount Mr Ang paid for the tickets. Hence, find **R**. [2]
- (c) The table below shows the number of tickets sold at the festival.

	Number of	f tickets sold	
Day	Adult	Child	Senior Citizen
Monday	81	С	36
Tuesday	85	42	S

- (i) The ticket sales collected on Monday and Tuesday was \$2724 and \$2744 respectively.
 Represent these ticket sales in a 2×1 matrix T. [1]
- (ii) Form a matrix multiplication such that the product will be **T**. [1]
- (iii) Find the value of c and of s. [2]

Gardens by the Bay donated part of their ticket sales to a charity organization. U represents the total amount of money donated to the organization on Monday and Tuesday.

(iv)	Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{U} = (0.15)$	0.1) T . [1]

(v) Explain what the elements of the matrix $(0.15 \ 0.1)$ represent. [1]

Solutions:



(v) Elements of (0.15 0.1) represent the percentage of the total ticket sales that Gardens by the Bay had donated to the charity organization on Monday and Tuesday respectively. [B1]



Calculate the angle of depression of *C* when viewed from the top of the mast. [3]

Solutions:

Γ

(i)

$$\angle ABD = 180^{\circ} - 54^{\circ} - 40^{\circ} \ (\angle \text{ sum of } \Delta)$$

$$= 86^{\circ}$$

$$\frac{AD}{\sin 86^{\circ}} = \frac{48}{\sin 40^{\circ}} \qquad M1$$

$$AD = \frac{48 \sin 86^{\circ}}{\sin 40^{\circ}}$$

$$AD \approx 74.4928$$

$$AD = 74.5 \text{ m } (3 \text{ s.f.}) \qquad A1$$

(ii)

$$\angle ABD = 180^{\circ} - 54^{\circ} \text{ (adj. } \angle \text{s on a str. line)}$$

= 126°
Total area = $\frac{1}{2}(74.49)(48)\sin 54^{\circ} + \frac{1}{2}(48)(86)\sin 126^{\circ}$ \blacksquare M1
 ≈ 3116.139
= 3120 m² (3 s.f.) \blacksquare A1

/:::)

(iii)
$$BC^{2} = 48^{2} + 86^{2} - 2(48)(86)\cos 126^{\circ} \qquad M1$$

$$BC \approx 120.6348$$

$$BC = 121 \text{ m } (3 \text{ s.f.}) \qquad A1$$
(b)
$$\int_{0}^{4} \frac{40^{\circ}}{48} \frac{48}{48} \frac{48}{48} \frac{48}{48} \frac{7}{48} \frac{7}{2} \frac{7}{2}$$

(c) Let the point on AC be Y and Т the top of the mast be T. $\frac{1}{2} \times BY \times AC = 3116$ $\frac{1}{2} \times BY \times (74.49 + 86) = 3116 \quad \bigstar$ M1 17.4° $BY = \frac{2 \times 3116}{160.49}$ В Y $BY \approx 38.83 \text{ m}$ $\tan 17.4^\circ = \frac{BT}{38.83}$ Т M1 $\mathcal{J}_{ heta}$ $BT \approx 12.168584$ m Let the angle of depression be θ . $\tan\theta = \frac{12.17}{120.6}$ θ В С $\theta = 5.8^{\circ} (1 \text{ d.p.}) \blacktriangleleft$ **A1**

5 (a) Simplify
$$\frac{16a^3b^4}{7c^4} \div \frac{4ab^2}{21c^3} \times \frac{27a^{n+1}}{8a^{n-2}}$$
. [2]

(b) Simplify
$$\frac{2u+18v}{(u+4v)^2-25v^2}$$
. [2]

(c) (i) Solve the inequality
$$\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$$
. [1]

(ii) Hence, state the smallest integer value of x such that $\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$. [1]

(d) (i) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form
$$\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3}$$
. [2]

(ii) Solve the equation
$$\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3} = \frac{4}{5}$$
. [3]

Solutions:

(b)

$$\boxed{\frac{2u+18v}{(u+4v)^2-25v^2} = \frac{2u+18v}{(u+4v)^2-(5v)^2}}_{=\frac{2u+18v}{(u+4v+5v)(u+4v-5v)}}$$
$$=\frac{2(u+9v)}{(u+9v)(u-v)} \quad \text{M1 (factorising the denominator)}}_{=\frac{2}{u-v}} \quad \text{A1}$$

(i)
$$\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$$
$$-\frac{x}{7} \le \frac{21}{8}$$
$$x \ge -\frac{147}{8}$$
$$x \ge -18\frac{3}{8} \quad \bullet \quad A1$$

(ii) The smallest integer value of x is -18. **B1** _

13

M1

(d) (i)
$$\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3} = \frac{h(h+3) - (4-h)}{(4-h)(h+3)} \checkmark M$$
$$= \frac{h^2 + 3h - 4 + h}{(4-h)(h+3)}$$
$$= \frac{h^2 + 4h - 4}{(4-h)(h+3)} \checkmark M$$

$$\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{h^2 + 4h - 4}{(4-h)(h+3)} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$5(h^2 + 4h - 4) = 4(12 + h - h^2) \quad \textbf{M1}$$

$$5h^2 + 20h - 20 = 48 + 4h - 4h^2$$

$$9h^2 + 16h - 68 = 0$$

$$(9h + 34)(h-2) = 0 \quad \textbf{M1}$$

$$9h + 34 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad h-2 = 0$$

$$h = -3\frac{7}{9} \qquad h = 2 \quad \textbf{A1}$$

6 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The variables *x* and *y* are connected by the equation

$$y = x + \frac{12}{x} - 5.$$

Some corresponding values of *x* and *y* are given in the table below.

x	1	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
у	8	р	3	2	2	2.4	3	3.7	4.5

- **(a)** Calculate the value of *p*.
- Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a horizontal *x*-axis for $0 \le x \le 8$. **(b)** Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a vertical y-axis for $0 \le y \le 8$.

On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]

- Use your graph to find the solutions of $x + \frac{12}{5} = 8\frac{1}{5}$ (c) [1]
- By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at (6, 3). (**d**) [2]
- By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, solve $2x^2 11x + 12 = 0$. **(e)** [2]

Solutions:

- (a) p = 4.5**B1**
- **(b)** Correct scale **B1** Correct plotting of points **B1** Smooth curve **B1** -1: missing labels (x, y, O)

(

(c)

$$x + \frac{12}{x} = 8\frac{1}{5}$$

$$x + \frac{12}{x} - 5 = 3\frac{1}{5}$$
Draw the line $y = 3\frac{1}{5}$.

$$x = 1.9 \text{ or } x = 6.3 \quad \longleftarrow \quad B1 \text{ (with correct line drawn)}$$

[1]

(d)

Draw a tangent at (6, 3).
gradient =
$$\frac{4.3-1}{8-3}$$
 \leftarrow M1
= 0.660 (3 s.f.)

(e)

Γ

$$2x^{2} - 11x + 12 = 0$$

$$2x - 11 + \frac{12}{x} = 0$$

$$2x + \frac{12}{x} - 11 + \frac{12}{x} - x + 6 = -x + 6$$

$$x + \frac{12}{x} - 5 = 6 - x$$

Draw the line $y = 6 - x$.
B1
 $x = 1.5$ or $x = 4$
B1 (with correct line drawn)



7 (a) A is a point
$$(-4, 1)$$
, $\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$.

(i) Write down the column vector
$$\overrightarrow{BC}$$
. [1]

(ii) Find
$$\left| \overrightarrow{BC} \right|$$
. [2]

(iii)
$$P$$
 is a point such that $\overrightarrow{BP} = 2 \overrightarrow{PC}$.
Find the column vector \overrightarrow{AP} . [2]

(iv) Given
$$\overrightarrow{OQ} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \\ 11\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$
.

What type of quadrilateral is *APQB*? Justify your answer using vectors.

(b)

[3]

В

A

р



(i) Express each of the following, as simply as possible, in terms of **p** and/or **q**,

(a)
$$\overrightarrow{OB}$$
, [1]

q

$$(\mathbf{b}) \quad \overline{OT}, \tag{1}$$

(c)
$$\overline{BT}$$
. [1]

(ii) Given that
$$\overrightarrow{BR} = \frac{4}{5}\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}$$
, find k if $\overrightarrow{OC} = k \overrightarrow{CR}$. [1]

(iii) Find the value of
$$\frac{\text{area of } \Delta BCR}{\text{area of } \Delta OCT}$$
. [1]

Solutions:

7 (a) (i)

$$\overline{BC} = \overline{BA} + \overline{AC}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \bullet B1$$
(ii)

$$|\overline{BC}| = \sqrt{(-8)^2 + 4^2} \bullet M1$$

$$= \sqrt{80}$$

$$= 8.94 \text{ units } (3 \text{ s.f.}) \bullet A1$$
(iii)

$$\overline{BP} = 2\overline{PC}$$

$$\overline{BA} + \overline{AP} = 2(\overline{PA} + \overline{AC})$$

$$\overline{AP} - \overline{AB} = 2(\overline{AC} - \overline{AP})$$

$$\overline{AP} - \overline{AB} = 2A\overline{C} - 2\overline{AP}$$

$$3\overline{AP} = 2\overline{AC} + \overline{AB} \bullet M1$$

$$= 2\binom{-1}{20}$$

$$\overline{AP} = \frac{1}{3}\binom{-1}{20}$$

$$= \binom{-1}{3} \bullet A1$$

$$\overline{AP} = \overline{AB} + \overline{BP}$$

$$= \overline{AB} + \frac{2}{3}\overline{BC}$$

$$= \binom{5}{4} + \binom{-5\frac{1}{3}}{2\frac{2}{3}}$$
Alternative method

$$= \binom{-1}{3} \cdot \binom{-1}{$$



16/S4PR2/EM/2

(b)

$$\overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OA}$$

$$= q - p$$

$$\overrightarrow{OT} = \overrightarrow{OA} + \overrightarrow{AT}$$

$$= p + 5\overrightarrow{AC}$$

$$= p + 5(q - p)$$

$$= 5q - 4p \quad \checkmark \qquad A1$$

(c)

(ii)

$$\overrightarrow{BR} = \frac{4}{5} q - p$$

$$\overrightarrow{OR} - \overrightarrow{OB} = \frac{4}{5} q - p$$

$$\overrightarrow{OR} = \frac{4}{5} q - p + p + q$$

$$\overrightarrow{OR} = \frac{9}{5} q$$

$$\therefore \quad \overrightarrow{OC} = \frac{5}{4} \overrightarrow{CR}$$

$$k = 1\frac{1}{4} \quad \longleftarrow \quad A1$$

$$\overline{BR} = \frac{4}{5}q - p$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}(4q - 5p)$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}\overline{BT}$$

$$\frac{\text{area of } \Delta OCT}{\text{area of } \Delta CTR} = \frac{OC}{CR}$$

$$= \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\frac{\text{area of } \Delta BCR}{\text{area of } \Delta CTR} = \frac{RB}{TR}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{\text{area of } \Delta BCR}{\text{area of } \Delta OCT} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$A1$$

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B

The line *DF* is a diameter of the circle *BDEF* with centre *O*. *ABC* is a tangent to the circle at *B*. *X* is the point of intersection of *DF* and *BE*. Angle *DBE* = 30° and angle *BEF* = 58° .

(i) Find

A

(a) angle FBO, [2]

С

- (b) angle ABF, [1]
- (c) angle DXE. [1]
- (ii) Given that the radius of the circle is 140 cm, find the area of triangle *BDF*.

(b)

8

(a)



In the diagram, POR is a quadrant of a circle with radius 6 cm. OR and PQ are parallel. QR is an arc of a circle with centre P.

16/S4PR2/EM/2

Calculate the area and the perimeter of the shaded region.

[4]

[2]

Solutions:

(a)(i)(a)

$$\angle FOB = 2 \times 58^{\circ} \ (\angle \text{ at centre} = 2 \angle \text{ at circumference}) \quad \longleftarrow \quad M1$$

$$= 116^{\circ}$$

$$\angle OFB = \angle OBF \ (\text{base } \angle \text{s of isos. } \Delta)$$

$$\angle FBO = \frac{180^{\circ} - 116^{\circ}}{2} \ (\angle \text{ sum of } \Delta)$$

$$= 32^{\circ} \quad \longleftarrow \quad A1$$

(a)(i)(b)
$$\angle OBA = 90^{\circ} (\tan \perp \operatorname{rad})$$

 $\angle ABF = 90^{\circ} - 32^{\circ} (\operatorname{complementary} \angle s)$
 $= 58^{\circ} \quad \frown \quad A1$
Alternative working:
 $\angle ABF = 58^{\circ} (\angle s \text{ in alt. segment}) \quad \frown \quad B1$

(a)(ii)

$$\angle BDF = 58^{\circ} \ (\angle s \text{ in the same segment})$$

$$\angle DBF = 90^{\circ} \ (\text{rt. } \angle \text{ in a semicircle})$$
In $\triangle BDF$, $\cos 58^{\circ} = \frac{BD}{DF} \quad \longleftarrow M1 \quad \longrightarrow \quad \sin 58^{\circ} = \frac{BF}{DF}$

$$BD = 28 \cos 58^{\circ} \qquad BF = 28 \sin 58^{\circ}$$

$$\approx 14.84 \text{ cm} \qquad \approx 23.75 \text{ cm}$$
Area of $\triangle BDF = \frac{1}{2}(14.84)(28)\sin 58^{\circ} \qquad \text{or} \qquad \text{Area of } \triangle BDF = \frac{1}{2}(14.84)(23.75)$

$$= 176 \text{ cm}^{2} \ (3 \text{ s.f.}) \quad \longleftarrow A1 \quad \longrightarrow \quad = 176 \text{ cm}^{2} \ (3 \text{ s.f.})$$

$$\angle PRO = \angle RPO \text{ (base } \angle s \text{ of isos. } \Delta)$$

$$\angle PRO = \frac{\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} (\angle \text{ sum of } \Delta)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\angle RPQ = \frac{\pi}{4} (\text{alt. } \angle s, PQ / / OR) \quad \longleftarrow \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

$$PR = \sqrt{6^2 + 6^2} \quad \longleftarrow \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

$$= \sqrt{72} \text{ cm}$$
Area of shaded region
$$= \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{72})^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{2} (6)^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \sin \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$= 18 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \longleftarrow \quad \mathbf{A1}$$
Perimeter of shaded region
$$= \sqrt{72} + (\sqrt{72}) \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + (6) \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$= 24.6 \text{ cm} (3 \text{ s.f.}) \quad \longleftarrow \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

Age in years	$24 < x \le 28$	$28 < x \le 32$	$32 < x \le 36$	$36 < x \le 40$	$40 < x \le 44$
Number of employees	7	10	13	8	р

9 (a) The ages of 50 employees in Company V is shown in the table below.

- (i) State the value of p.
- (ii) Hence, calculate the
 - (a) mean age of the employees, [1]
 - (**b**) standard deviation.
- (iii) The age distribution of 50 employees in Company W is summarized below.

Mean	29.6 years
Standard deviation	7.13 years

Make two comparisons between the ages of employees in both companies. [2]

- (b) A box contains 5 red flags and 8 yellow flags. Two flags are taken from the bag at random without replacement.
 - (i) Draw a tree diagram to show the probabilities of the possible outcomes. [2]
 - (ii) Find, as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that
 - (a) the first flag is red and the second flag is yellow, [1]
 - (b) both flags are the same colour, [1]
 - (c) at least one flag is yellow. [1]

Solutions: (a) (i) p = 12**B1** (ii) **(a)** 1732 Mean =50 = 34.64 years A1 **(b)** $\frac{61480}{50}$ Standard deviation $= \sqrt{1}$ - 34.64² A1 = 5.45 years (3 s.f.)

[1]

[1]

(a) (iii) The employees in company W are younger than those in company V since the mean age of employees in company W is lower than that of company V. [B1]

The spread of ages of employees in company *W* is wider since the standard deviation of ages of employees in company *W* is larger than that of company *V*. [B1]





Class 4V has chosen the 'Go Green' theme for their Social Innovation Project. The diagram above shows the recycling bins structure that they have built.

The whole structure consists of 3 open identical cylindrical plastic containers fit into a wooden cuboid crate. All the containers and the crate are of negligible thickness.

3 circles had to be cut from the top of the crate to fit the containers. Each plastic container is placed in the crate such that they are 20 cm away from the sides of the crate, *ADHE* and *BCGF*, as well as 20 cm apart from each other. Each plastic container touches the base and sides, *ABFE* and *DCGH*, of the crate too. The radius and height of the plastic container are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively.

(a)	Write down the dimensions of the crate.	[1]
()		L

(**b**) Calculate the

10

	(i)	exact total surface area of the crate that was cut out,	[1]
	(ii)	exact total internal surface area of each cylindrical container,	[2]
	(iii)	total exposed external surface area of the crate.	[2]
(c)	The One purc	class would like to paint all the exposed external surfaces of the crate ye tin of paint can cover an area of 3.75 m^2 . How many tins do they need hase? Justify your answer.	ellow. to [2]
(d)	If ea	ch cylindrical container is filled to the brim, what is the maximum volu	me of

recyclables that can be collected by the class in a single collection?

[2]

Solutions:

Dimensions are 260 cm by 60 cm by 120 cm. ← **B1 (a)** (b) (i) Area that was cut out = $3 \times \pi \times 30^2$ $= 2700 \pi \text{ cm}^2$ A1 (ii) Internal surface area of cylinder = $(\pi \times 30^2) + (2\pi \times 30 \times 120)$ M1 $=900 \pi + 7200 \pi$ $= 8100 \pi \text{ cm}^2$ A1 (iii) Total exposed surface area of the crate $= 2(260 \times 120) + 2(60 \times 120) + (260 \times 60 - 2700 \pi)$ M1 $= 62400 + 14400 + 15600 - 2700 \pi$ $=92400 - 2700 \pi$ ≈83917.7 $= 83900 \text{ cm}^2$ (3 s.f.) \blacktriangleleft A1 (c) $\frac{8.3917}{2.2378} \approx 2.2378$ **M1** 3.75 **A1** Number of tins of paint they need to buy is 3. **(d)** Maximum volume of recyclables = $2700 \pi \times 120$ M1 $=1020000 \text{ cm}^3$ (3 s.f.) \blacktriangleleft A1

End of Paper

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This document consists of 21 printed pages and a blank page. [Turn over		At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 80.	Answer all questions. If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer. Draission of essential working will result in loss of marks. Calculators should be used where appropriate. If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .	Write your name, register number and class on all the work you hand it. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST	MATHEMATICS 4048/01 Paper 1 15 Aug 2016 2 hours	CRESCENT GIRLS' SCHOOL SECONDARY FOUR PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION	Name: Register No.: Class:
Overand Gent School 2016 Preside S4 Math Pt [Turn over	Answer (b)	Answer (a) a =		2 (a) Given that $6^n + 6^n + 6^n + 6^n = 5184$, find the value of a.	Answer		Answer all the questions. The lowest common multiple of 3 numbers is 9000. Two of the numbers are 24 and 125. Write down the least possible value of the third number.	G



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Answer	•	(c)	Answer	•
	which will give the total	It of three matrices v ther:	evaluate, a produ tudents have altoge	a down, but do not int of money the 4 s
2	[1]	Annwer (b) S =		
	n the matrix S.	udent has, write dowr	ber of notes each st	represent the numi
	(11)	**********		

		neer (a) (i) RP =	An	
			present.	Evaluate RP. Explain what RP re
	is matrix R and P = $\begin{pmatrix} 2\\5\\10 \end{pmatrix}$.	ve is represented by th	ion in the table abo	en that the inform±
	A	3	-	Dave
	-	.4	3	Catherine
	5	5	12	Bob
A		5	4	Adam
THIS ME AREA OF ABCDEFGHI.	S10	55	23	





This document consists of 13 printed pages and 1 blank page.	At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 100.	Answer all the questions. If working its needed for any question it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marke. The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate. If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. The use of a scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate. For π , use either your calculator value or 3, 142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST Write your name, register number and class on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.	Mark Sheet	MATHEMATICS 4048/02 Paper 2 15 August 2015 Additional Materials: Answer Paper Graph Paper (1 sheet) 2 hours 30 minutes	CRESCENT GIRLS' SCHOOL SECONDARY FOUR PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2016	Name: Register No.: Class:
		Mean height 161.5 cm Standard deviation 5.06 cm Make two comparisons between the heights of the girls in School X and School Y. [2]	 (iii) Jennifer says that the range of the heights of the 180 girls is 35 cm. (b) The heights of a group of 175 girls in School Y are measured and summarised 	(i) the mean heights of the girls,(ii) the standard deviation.	(a) Calculate (b) Calculate	I The heights of 180 girls from School X is shown in the table below. Height, h (an) Frequency 140 < h ≤ 145 8 150 < h ≤ 155 40	3 Answer all the questions.

. Crescent Girls' School

2016 Prelin S4 Math P2

[Turn over


 (d) Jack said that the height of the water in the bowl can be easily calculated by comparing volumes of similar solids. [1] Explain why he could be wrong. [1] Tracent Girls' School 2016 Prelim S4 Math P2 	Water is poured into the bowl to fill up the space between the pyramid and the clay bowl. The pyramid is then removed from the bowl.	The points V, A, B, C and D touch the inner surface of the hemispherical bowl. [1] (c) (i) Show that $AB = 6\sqrt{2}$ cm. [1] (ii) Calculate the volume of the pyramid. [2]	A solid normal sufficient and balance of Community of the data of	6 cm	 (a) Find the internal volume of the hernisphere with radius 6 em. [2] (b) Find the value of r if 408 cm³ of clay is used to make the bowl. [2] 	The diagrum shows a hemispherical clay bowl with centre 0. The inner radius of the buwi is 6 cm and the outer radius is r cm r cm
Crescent Girth' School 2016 Prelint S4 Math P2		(d) A vertical flagpole stands at D. The angle of elevation of the top of the flagpole from A is 17.2° Calculate the angle of elevation of the top of the flagpole at a p and furthest from D.	(b) Find the bearing of A from D,(c) Find the area of triangle ACD.	 A, B, C and D are points on level ground. B is due west of A. AC = 97 m, AD = 106 m and CD = 125 m. ∠BCA = 71ⁿ and the bearing of C from B is 122ⁿ. (a) Calculate angle CAD, 	C LISSO	* *
[Turn over		nt along AC [3]	[2]	[2]	>p	

uscent Girls.			(e)	(d)	(c)	(6)	3	V	Th	7
School 2016 Prelim S4 Math P2		By drawing a suitable straight line on the same axes, use your graph to find the height, <i>x</i> , of the pyramid. [2]	This solid is melted down and made into a solid square pyramid of base area	By drawing a suitable line, find the x-coordinate of the point of the curve where the gradient of the curve is 50. [2]	Using your graph to estimate (i) the volume of the solid when $x = 2.3$, (ii) the value of x when the volume of the solid in 150 cm ³ . [1]	Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 0.5 cm on the horizontal axis and 1 cm to represent 10 cm ³ on the vertical axis, draw the graph of $V - (x+2)^3 = 6(x-1)^2 - 14$ [3] for the values of x shown in the table.	Calculate the value of p. [1]	cm) 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 cm ³) 0 3.13 13 p 56 90.6 135 190	: volume of a solid is given by the equation $V - (x+2)^3 = 6(x-1)^2 - 14$. The table ow gives some values of x and the corresponding values of V that satisfies the equation.	swer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.
Creaseest Girls' School 2016 Prelin: S4 Math P2	 (c) Given that the radius of the larger circle ABCD is Sem, find the DT. (d) Coloritors the new of the distance of t	(i) angle DCT. (ii) angle AOB.	(b) Find, in terms of π ,	(a) Show that DC is an angle bisector of angle ADT.	The line AD is a diameter of the larger circle ABCD with centre O. AC is a diameter of the smaller circle OAC. The tangent at D meets BC produced at T. Angle $DTC = \frac{\pi}{3}$ radians.	A Contraction of the second se			P	55
[Turn over	 length of tangent [3] 	[2]		[2]						



	END OF PAPER	
[2]	(e) Based on the survey, the ratio of the number of non-addicts to the number of addicts who relied on friends to help with their homework is 19 : 80, Do you agree? Support your answer with mathematical reasoning.	into adulthood, it may jeopardise the person's work, family and relationships." said Dr Lee.
Ξ	(b) young non-gaming addicts who have not been late for school. Give your answer to the neurost whole number.	of Mental Health (IMH), said the danger of garning, compared with other forms of addiction, is that a person can get far too immerced in the virtual world and, as a result, not realise he or she has a problem. "If the gaming addiction persists
Ξ	(a) young gaming addicts who have a video game system in the bedroom,	The child may take up other bad habits like smoking or drinking to kill time." Dr Thomas Lee, head of the addiction medicine department at the Institute
	(ii) Hence, find the approximate number of	he said. "Many parents simply tell their children to stop playing, but to the child, the word 'stop' may mean they have to do something boring like homework
Ξ	(d) (i) Show that the number of young gaming addicts who participated in the survey is approximately 270.	Mr Daniel Koh of counselling practice insights Mind Centre has this advice for parents. They must not "just cut off gaming". They also need to help their children take up another "good and fun" activity like source to revision the heat
Ξ	(c) Calculate the number of survey participants who said that they have stolen money or shoplified games to feed their gaming habit.	while more than half quarrelled with their parents over their habit. The problem has prompted the Government to take action. In August, it announced it had set aside \$10 million to fund cyber-wellness projects over the next five years.
Ξ	(b) Explain why it is not possible to represent the information above in a pie chart.	Alarmingly, 7 per cent of all students polled had shoplifted games or stolen money to pay for them. And 24 net cent of these desired addition on the stolen money
[1]	(a) Give a reason why the total percentage of all the behaviour exhibited in the pust year does not add up to 100% for non-addicts.	them. National University of Singapore (NUS) Assistant Professor Choo Hyekyung said school and family-related stress is one factor likely to feature prominently. She declined to give further details. The new research follows the release on Tuesday of Singapore's first comprehensive study of video game addiction.
	ST GRAPHICS	Kong Polytechnic University. They are carrying out further studies to find out why nearly 9 per cent of youngsters are addicted to computer gaming, and how to help
	Solaros Annals Academy of Macfatha	NUS: the National Institute of Education (NIE), Journ State Hamman and the
	Refield on Intends to help with homework 95 40	The study of 3,000 students aged nine to 14 was published in the Annals of
	Spont less time with friends or tamily 171 61.0	said yesterday.
	Skipped school to tilay games 4.2 24.4	s i RESS caused by academic and family pressure could be linked to the worrying number of young Singaporeans hooked on video games, researchers
	Cot too little sheep 22.4 63.8	
	Hit some or damaged something at 8.9 37.8	by Chun Han Hou & Poon Chien Hou
	Fought with parents over games 14 52.1	addicts
	Has a video gama system in the bedroom 6L7 70	Stress may turn youngsters into video game
	Behaviour achibited in the past year Non-addlets (%) Addlets (%)	The Struitz Times + Thursday 9 December 2010
	video-game addicts play 37.5 hours a week on average, compared with just 18.8 hours for those not addicted.	
	I DIMINE CONTRACT OF CONTRACT	

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2016 Prelim S4 Math P2

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Crescent Girls!

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Read the Straits Times article on video game addiction and answer the questions that follow:

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15, (a) \$10 000 16, 720* 25. (a)(i) 22* 26. (a) 15 23. (a)(i) $\frac{a}{15}$ 24. (a) (0, 1) 21. (a)(i) (43) 36) 57 Creacent Girth' Echou 22 2.27 18. (b) $\frac{1}{\frac{7}{2}}$ 19. (a) $\frac{7}{\frac{1}{8}}$ 20. (a) 72 14. (a) \$ <u>y(100-4)</u> 13. (a) $3(x-4)^2 - 11$ 17. (a) 22.5 12 11. (a) 50 10.2032 Answer Key 0 (a) 58° 8 Ē T Do not agree (8) 4 b) y = 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107a) 8 (b) Octagen a) 117 (b) 160cm³ a) (1 - x)(x - 2) (b) -12(x² -(b) $\frac{11}{24}$ (b) $\frac{5}{2}$ (b) $\frac{5}{2}$ hours 56 minutes $(11) - \frac{15}{17}$ (b) 1.25 × 10⁸ (b) 110* (6)(1) 30 (b) 2.66¹²⁰ (b) $\left(-1, 3\frac{2}{3}\right)$ and $\left(-1, 4\right)$ (ii) 68° (b) \$ <u>y(100-4)</u> $\binom{1}{1}$ (b) 4 km/h (b) 9.43 $(b) - 12(x^2 - 2)(1 + x)(1 - x)$ (c) (1 2018 Prelim S4 Math Pt 23 Ë WN UN Turn ove

(b) $x = -13.5$ (c) 14 (a) $452 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ or } 1$ (b) 7.43	(b) $x = -13.5$ (c) 14 (a) $452 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ or } 1$	(b) $x = -13.5$ (c) 14	(b) x = -13.5		a)(ii) $h^2 > 14$	$y = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\hbar^2 - 1}}$	5	(c)(ii) 1445	(e)(I) 17	(c) $n^2 = m^2 m^2 m^2$ (d) $(n + 4)^2$	(b) Perfect squ	(3) 44 ;	(c) \$650.31	(b) p = 10.60	(a) $8p + 2q = 1$ 4p + 3q = 9	school X (S	are more co	school X (r The height	I(b) The girls in cm) are fai	f(n)(iii) Max value	I(a)(ii) 7.51 cm	17 UTL 100 K
		(44m cm ³ .				2				annibe source	IITEN	2		i q=15.90	116,60 90,10	(D = 7.51 cm)	onsistent (SD = 5.06 te height of girls in	nean 158.1 cm) s of sirts in school V	n school Y (mann 161.6 ler than the oirls in	may not be 175cm		ANSWE
	9(a)(iii)(b)	(a)(iii)(a)	and dark	9(a)(ii)	9(a)(l)(c)	9(a)(J)(b)	9(a)(i)(a)	8(d)	8(c)	8(b)(ii)	8(b)(i)	7(e)	7(d)	7(c)(U)	7(c)(j)	7(n)	6(d)	6(c)	6(b)	6(a)	late	RKEY
	(a) (a)	ω į na	3	12	2(2p + q)	$\frac{1}{3}(3p+4q)$	3p+4q	0.295 cm ³	7.89 cm	[™] / ₆ radians	sa rhdians	$x \approx 2.72$ cm (±0.1)	$x = 1.8 (\pm 0.1)$	3.15 (±0.05)	76 am (±0.1)	30 ² / ₃ or 30,375	14.7*	4990 m ²	297.1*	75.9°	bowl is not of the shape of a hemisphere	

 -37 2.3, 5, 7 3. ³/₂m⁻¹ 2.35, 7,65 189 cm³ The 3000 participants of the survey were allowed to opt in more than one exhibited behaviour in the survey questions. The total percentage for either "non-addictar" or "addicts" doen not add up to 100%. Fie chart is not suitable since it compares the sizes of these parts to the whole (100%). 210 2588 1729 : 720 instead of 19 : 80, NO 	LI(e)	11(d)(ii)(b)	11(d)(ii)(a)	11(c)	11(6)	11(a)	10(c)(iv)	10(c)(iii)	10(b)	10(a)	9(b)(ii)	(1)(4)(
	1729 : 720 instead of 19 : 80, NO	2588	189	210	The total percentage for either "rom-addicta" or "addicts" does not add up to 100%. Pie chart is not suitable since it compares the sizes of these parts to the whole (100%).	The 3000 participants of the survey were allowed to opt in more than one exhibited behaviour in the survey questions.	189 cm ²	2.35,7.65	$\frac{3}{5}m^{\frac{3}{2}}m^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	2,3,5,7	37	√65 units
	0											

END OF ANSWER KEYS

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Crescent Girls* School

2016 Prolim S4 Math P2

This document consists of <u>19</u> printed pages (including cover page).	The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate. If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .	If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.	You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, glue or correction tape/fluid. Answer ALL questions. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST Write your name, class and index number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.	Date: 16 Aug 2016 Duration: 2 hours Time : 11 00 – 13 00 Students answer on Question Paper.	PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2016 SECONDARY 4 EXPRESS / 5 NORMAL (ACADEMIC) MATHEMATICS PAPER ONE 40/16/01 & 4048/01	Class Index Number 80	Name of Student Name of Student
Holy Innocents' High School Secondary & Express / 3 Normal (Academic)	······································	Explain one way in which the pie chart is misleading.	Brand D Brand A	32% 24% Brend C Brend B	2 The pie chart shows the sales for 4 different brands of handphones. Brand A is the Best Seller !	(b) Write your answer to purt (a) correct to 4 significant figures. Answer (b)	Answer (a)	The first seven digits on your calculator display. A seven digits on your calculator display.

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12 b. Singapore plant length ware not one of the finance in a ware	Prefa	s" High School Express / 3 Normal (Academic)	Holy Innocent Secondary 4 8	Holy Innocents: High School Secondary 4 Express / 5 Normal (Academic) Mobiomatics: Paper 1
12 Biggingssing 13 (a) (b) On the aver below, a kench, the graph of $y = (x + 1)^2$. The relation that the value of a second rule. Area (interpreter) The relation that the value of a second rule. Area (interpreter) The relation the value of a second rule and the value of a second rule of a	• Answer (b)(ii) (
1 In Singapore, givit vigring where backets are one of the finational in sevent: 1 (a) (b) On the asea below, shared in graph of $y = (x + y)^{(1)}$. Anow the voltane of water (y) in a water backet fin fin 10 minutes. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly. The packet fin and all be water is pound on instantly.	Answer (b)(i)	(ii) Hence, write down the $y = x^2 - 4x + 7$,		Answer (b)(1) [1] (ii) Briefly explain what has happened at each point A, B and C. [1] Answer (b)(1)
2 In Singapore, gint lipping water backet as one of the fin futures in a water 13 (a) (b) On the axes backet, at graph of $y = (z + 1)O$ -	Answer (a)(ii)	(i) Express $x^2 - 4x + 7$ in	Ē	 (a) What is the maximum volume of water that the water bucket can hold? Answer (a)
2 In Stingapore, giant tipping water buckets are one of the fun features in a water 13 (a) (b) On the axes below, sketch the graph of $y = (x + i)(3 - i)($	tion of the line of symmetry of y	(ii) Write down the equati		The graph shows the volume of water (7) in a water bucket for the first 10 minutes
2 In Singapore, giant tipping water buckets are one of the fun features in a water 13 (a) (i) On the axes below, sketch the graph of $y = (x + 1)(3 - playground)$		Answer (c)(i)		The bucket is filled with water at a constant rate. When the bucket in full, the bucket tilts and all the water is poured out instantly. The bucket then continues to be filled with water.
	sketch the graph of $y = (x + 1)(3 - 1)$	 On the axes below, s 	13 (a)	2 In Singapore, giant tipping water buckets are one of the fun features in a water playground.



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Perlom	Holy Innocents' High School Secondary 4 Express / 5 Normal (Academic)	High School vess / 3 Normal (Acondemic) - Mathematics Paper 1	oby Innocent condary 4 E
Answer (b)			
		r (d)	Ann
		Wayne claims that he can draw a triangle ACD with sides $AC = 6.5$ cm, $CD = 5$ cm and $AD = 12$ cm. Justify whether you agree with his claim.	(c)
	0	Answer (b)(0)	
		(III) cos LACD.	
	2	Answer (b)(0	
, the difference in area between the shuwhen $k=2.$	(b) Find, in terms of x and r, and the unshaded section y	Express the following as a fraction in its simplest form. (0) tan ∠BCA ,	(0)
settiicincle is Zad(* r* .	(a) Show that the area of the		
		A Prove that triangle ABC is a right-angled triangle	(a)
		6.3 cm 6.5 cm D	
icircle and 2 quadrants inscribed in a s	17 The diagram below shows a sem side 4kr cm.	e diagram, $AB = 6.3$ cm, $AC = 6.5$ cm and $BC = 1.6$ cm. Is a straight line. B = 1.6 cm.	16 Int BC
1			

*Ar Inworms' High School counting 4 Express / 3 Normal (Academia) (c) 3 Answer (c) Answer (b) ... Ē In the diagram, *ABC* is a straight line. *B* is a point on *AC* such that 3*AB* = 2*AC*. $\overline{OA} = 2q$ and $\overline{OB} = p$. (II) Using vectors, show that OACD is a parallelogram. It is given that $\overline{OD} = \frac{3}{2}p - 3q$. Show that OD is parallel to line AB. Э Express, in terms of p and/or q, OC. AB, 3 Annver (a)(ii) Answer (a)(i) 2 Ċ Preliminary Examination 2016 Mathematics Paper 1 (II) N Ξ 2 b Secondary 4 Express / 5 Normal (Academic) Holy Innocents' High School 19 Ē $N^2 + aN - bI = 0,$ Given that N= 1 $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, find the scalars *a* and *b* such that 17 Answer (a) a =Proliminary Economation 2016 0 = Machumatics Paper 1 Æ Carousell-examguru 339

danwer (c)			14	
(c) Find the equation of the line which is parallel to AC and passes through $[1]$			Answer (b)(ll)	
	Answer (b)(l) KS = [] KS represents.	hat each element in	(li) Explain wi	
Answer (a) A (×	
	by the matrix $S = \begin{bmatrix} 22 & 30 \\ 35 & 27 \\ 18 & 22 \end{bmatrix}$. siculate KS.	oun be represented tK≈(1 1 1), ci	The information ((i) Given that	
	22	81	Wednesday	
	27	35	Tuesday	
	30	22	Monday	
(a) Find the coordinates of A and B.	banana cake	apple pie		
The lines cut each other at points A, B and C .	ton inner anticient milds in Stein in th	A OL BROD WELL NO	table below.	
and $y=6$.	d on these different date is shown in t	ic and banana cake	The setal number	

G

11111S Sec 4E/SN Prelim Examination Mathematics Paper 1 (4048/1 & 4016/1)

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ONE PAGE ANSWER

$\frac{AC + CD = 6.5 + 5 = 11.5 < 12}{The sum of any 2 sides should bemore than the third side.17(a) Area of semicircle\frac{17(a)}{2} = \frac{\pi(2kr)^3}{2} = \frac{\pi 4k^3r^3}{2} = 2\pi k^3r^3 (b) 32\pi r^2 - 64r^218(ai) p - 24(aii) 3$	Line of symmetry is $x = 1$ $(x-2)^2 + 3$	(bi)
$\frac{\pi}{17(s)} = \frac{AC + CD = 6.5 + 5 = 11.5 < 12}{The sum of any 2 sides should bemore than the third side.Thus, 1 disagree with him.17(s) Area of semicircle= \frac{\pi(2kr)^2}{2} = \frac{\pi 4k^2r^3}{2} = 2\pi k^2r^3$		(1111) (
$\frac{\pi}{17(s)} = \frac{AC + CD = 6.5 + 5 = 11.5 < 12}{The sum of any 2 sides should bemore than the third side.Thus, I disagree with him.\frac{17(s)}{2} = \frac{\pi(2kr)^3}{2} = \frac{\pi 4k^2r^3}{2} = 2\pi k^2r^3$	-1 0 1-1-	101
$\frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{AC + CD = 6.5 + 5 = 11.5 < 12}{The sum of any 2 sides should be more than the third side.}$ $\frac{17(a)}{17(a)} = \frac{\pi(2kr)^2}{2} = \frac{\pi 4k^2r^3}{2} = 2\pi k^2r^2$	· / / · · · ·	
AC + CD = 6.5 + 5 = 11.5 < 12 The sum of any 2 sides should be more than the third side. Thus, I disagree with him.		
AC + CD = 6.5 + 5 = 11.5 < 12	(x-D(1+1)-t)	(-3(ai)
 From triangle equality theorem, AD = 12 cm 	At point A, the bucket is full with wate At point B, the bucket is empty. At point C, the bucket is full with water again.	(bii)
$cas \angle ACD = -\frac{6.5}{6.5} = -\frac{6.5}{65}$	10	(bi)
(bii) 1.6 16	S0 litres	12(a)
(bi) $\tan \angle BCA = \frac{6.3}{1.6} = \frac{63}{16}$	$r = \frac{5pq}{3(5p-q)}$	(b)
Since AC' = AB' + BC', thus by converse of Pythagoras' theorem, \DABC is a right-angled triangle.	$q = \frac{1}{2}$	11(a)
	#=20	(0)
$AB^{*} + BC^{*} = 6.3^{*} + 1.6^{*} = 42.25$	1000	(b)
$16(n) AC^2 = 6.5^2 = 42.25$	162*	10(a)
(b) See end of next page	2	(b)
Stundard deviation = 8.24 g	$x = -\frac{1}{2}$	9(a)
15(a) Mean = 1001.08 g	- 065 ^m	(6)
A 2 4	140*	8(a)
2	23.0 1.32×10 ⁻¹⁰ mm ³	(b) 7
	$b' = \frac{210}{\sqrt{p}}$	6(a)
E A B		(6)
(d)	-45x<2	5(a)
[4, 5] is a set at should be a subset of set A.	-3.14, 3.1×10 ⁻¹ , π, 3.2	
17 37 In a new Ye should be a sufficient	500	3
(c) No. (2, 3) ∉ A	See and of next page	22
(b) 4, 8, 9	0.01093	(6)
14(a) 5,7	0.010928	1(a)

Preliminary Examination 2016 Mathematics Paper 1

ary Innuceius' High School conducy 4 Express (3 Normal (Academic)

> 20(a) A(-1, 6), 1.8(b) (c) [y=-] (b) 6.75 units 6 parallelogram. R thus OACD is a parallelogram. AC = OD, thus, OACD is a \therefore Since DC = OA. $\overline{OD} = \frac{3}{2}p - 3q = \frac{3}{2}(p - 2q)$ DC = DO + OCThus, OD is parallel to line AB = 24 $=3q-\frac{3}{2}p+\frac{3}{2}p-q$ 2 18 B(2, 3) 19(n) a=-5, b=2 (80) I number of such type of food sold in all the 3 days. dava. Each element represents the total Each element represents the total 22 cakes gold respectively in all the 3 number of apple pies and banana (75 79)

Answer to Q2

Misleading feature(s): Brand A and Brand C have equal percentage but the proportion on the pie chart are not equal / title is biased

Effect of this feature on the graph . It mislead people into believing that Brand A is selling better than Brand C / It does not allow reader to make own judgement.

Answer to Q15b

The <u>standard deviation</u> for the mass of sugar packed by machine A is <u>muller</u>, thus there is <u>more consistency (or lesser variation)</u> in the mass of each packet.

The mean mass of sugar packed by machine A is higher, indicating that the packets are

heavier

Thus, I will buy machine A.

Holy Innocents' High School Secondary 4 Express / 5 Normal (Academic

Preliminary Examination 2016 Mathematics Puper 1 - The End --

(i) Factorise completely $3m^2 - 12n^4$. (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 24nm + 24n^2}$. Simplify $\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{3x}{3y}\right)^3$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2x}{3x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2x}{3x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{w}{3}} = 3w$. Solve the equation of 42 km. are run a marathen of 42 km. are first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average speed was x km/h. Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the time taken, in hours, for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run. Given that the total time taken by Eugene to complete the run was $4\frac{2}{5}$ ho form and equation in x and above that it reduces to $1 x^4 - 127x + 140 = 0$. Solve this equation in x and hence find his average speed for the last part of the sum, giving your answer correct to 1 decimal place.	$\frac{4x}{x-2} = \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{w}{3}} = 3w$, gene ran a marathon of 42 km, the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average s Write down an expression, in ter for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run. for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run. Given that the total time taken by form and equation in x and show $11x^3 - 127x +$ Solve this equation and hence fin run, giving your answer correct to	e speed was x km/h. terms of x, for the time taken, in hour terms of x for the time taken, in hour terms to complete the run was by Eugene to complete the run was by Eugene to complete the run was that it reduces to c+140 = 0.
(i) Factorise completely $3m^2 - 12n^4$. (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 24mm + 24n^2}$. Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 24mm + 24n^2}$. Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 24mm + 24n^2}$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2}{3m}$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2}{3m} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{m}{3}} = 3w$. Solve the equation of 42 km. are run a manuthon of 42 km. are first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average speed was x km/h. It first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average speed was x km/h. Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the time taken, in hours, for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run. Given that the total time taken by Eugene to complete the run was $4\frac{2}{5}$ hou form and equation in x and show that it reduces to $11x^2 - 127x + 140 = 0$.	$\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{w}{3}} = 3w$. gene ran a marathon of 42 km. the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average s Write down an expression, in ter for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run. Given that first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run. Given that the total time taken by form and equation in x and show $11x^3 - 127x +$	e speed was x km/h. terms of x, for the time taken, in hour terms the remaining part of the run. h for the remaining part of the run was by Eugene to complete the run was ow that it reduces to :+ 140 = 0.
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(1) Factoriase completely $3m^2 - 12n^4$. (i) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 24mn + 24n^3}$. Simplify $\left(\frac{2}{3y^2}\right)^5 + \left(\frac{3x}{3y}\right)^5$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{m}{3}} = 3w$. Solve the equation of 42 km. the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average speed was x km/h. Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the time taken, in hours, for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run.	$\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{w}{3}} = 3w$. gene ran a marathon of 42 km. the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average s Write down an expression, in ter for the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run.	e speed was x km/h terms of x, for the time taken, in hour
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(i) Factoriae completely $3m^2 - 12n^4$. (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 2Amn + 24n^2}$. Simplify $\left(\frac{2}{3y^2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)^3$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{w}{3}} = 3w$. The run a manufulon of 42 km. to first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average speed was x km/h.	$\frac{4x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{\frac{w}{3}} = 3w$, gene ran a murathon of 42 km, the first $\frac{2}{3}$ of his run, his average a	je speed was x km/h.
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(i) Factorise completely $3m^3 - 12m^4$. (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^3 - 12n^4}{6m^4 - 24mn + 24n^3}$. Simplify $\left(\frac{2}{3y^2}\right)^{1/3} + \left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)^{1/3}$. Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$.	$\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{3}{5}$	The second results
(i) Factorise completely $3m^2 - 12m^2$. (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^2}{6m^2 - 24mn + 24n^2}$. Simplify $\left(\frac{2}{3y^2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)$.	Express as a single fraction in its	itz simplest form
(i) Factorise completely $3m^2 - 12n^4$. (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^4}{6m^2 - 24mn + 24n^7}$.	Simplify $\left(\frac{2}{xy^2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)^3$	
	(i) Factorise completely $3m^2$ (ii) Simplify $\frac{3m^2 - 12n^2}{6m^2 - 24mn + 2}$	$\frac{m^2-12n^2}{\pi^2}$
Answer all questions	Answer	ver all questions

(ii)	The value of an antique clock increased by [15% from the year 2014 to the year 2015. In 2015, the antique clock was valued at \$120 000.
	Calculate the value of the clock in 2014.
(b)	The cash price of a new oven is \$1400. Gordon buys the oven on hire purchase. He pays a deposit of 40% of the cash price, followed by 10 monthly puyments of \$90.
	Calculate the interest that Gordon paid. [2]
Ô	A sales agent is paid a basic salary of \$1000 plux 5% commission on all sales if the sales amount exceeds \$5000. The agent's salary for June was \$1620.
	Calculate his total sales for June. [2]
(d)	A bank pays 2% interest compounded annually on all deposits. At the start of 2010, Adrian deposited \$1000 into his account. At the start of 2012, Adrian deposited a further \$800 into his account. He withdrew all his money at the end of 2015.
	Calculate the amount of money Adrian withdrew at the end of 2015. [3]
(6)	On a particular day, the exchange rate between the Malaysian Ringgii (MYR) are the Singapore dollar (SGD) was 1 SGD = 2.97 MYR. Jack purchased some herbs online for 2000 MYR. The shipping rate for the herbs was 50 MYR. For shipment into Singapore, a 7% Goods and Services Tax (GST) is payable are the cost of goods and shipment that exceeds 400 SGD
	Calculate the amount of money, in Singapore dollars, that Jack had to puy to import the herbe

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Ē 6 2 (d) Ē 3 last term for each row. Row 6 are given below. The tuble below shows the row number, the number of terms, the first term and the The first six rows in a sequence of numbers, Row 1, Row 2, Row 3, Row 4, Row 5 and A survey is carried out on a group of 150 people. 72 of the people surveyed are men. Write down the first and the last term on row 15. 8 3 Express Main terms of n Explain why 221 cannot appear in column L Write down the values of a, and b for the 7th row Row 3 Row number, n Row Row 3 Find Row 6 Row 5 Row 4 E Hence express fie in terms of n. Express Lo-1 in terms of n. the probability that one person, chosen at random, will be a woman, HIGUIOW. the probability that two people, chosen at random, will be a man and a 4 ò ŝ 52 22 in the nthe row, Ma Number of terms 56 36 -9 1 4 1.h 38 38 88254 row, Fa 1st term in the nº BANIAN 24250 74 34 10 ÷. 86338 nth row, La Last term in the 5 48 13 20 72 50 5 00 13 Ξ Ξ N Ξ N Ξ [2] Ξ 6 Ē E AB = 60 km, BC = 24 km, and AD = 36 km ABCD represents a plot of land. A is due north of D, B is due west of A. to b 24 KE Fund 8 8 Ξ 8D 3

The bearing of C from B is 142.5°. A hot air balloon floats 300 m above the ground. It travels parallel to the ground from A to B. Find the greatest possible angle of elevation of the balloon from C. Find the beating of B from D. Show that angle CBD = 21.5° 60.km +Z 36 km 0 2 Ŧ Ξ N Ξ Ξ



1(ai)	3(m+2n)(m-2n)
1(sii)	$\frac{m+2n}{2(m-2n)}$
1(b)	3x ² y ³ 16
1(c)	$\frac{7x+6}{5(x-2)}$
1(d)	$w=0$ or $w=\frac{1}{27}$
2(0)	Time taken = $\frac{28}{x}$ hours
2(b)	$\frac{28}{x} + \frac{14}{x-2} = \frac{22}{5}$ $\frac{28x-56+14x}{x(x-2)} = \frac{22}{5}$ $\frac{210x-280 = 22x^3 - 44x}{22x^2 - 254x + 280 = 0}$ $11x^3 - 127x + 140 = 0 (bloosen)$
2(0)	Average Speed = 10.311-2 = 8.3 km/h
(u)c	\$95813,95
(0)	Internst = 31460 - 31400 = 360
3(4)	\$1002-11
3(0)	SGD738.55
4(b)(i)	22.5
4(b)(ii)	02,48
4(d)	1.03 k=30.5
4(e)	A = -2, B = 10
5(a)(1)	22*
5(a)(ii)	. e6L
5(a)(Hi)	158°
5(b) 5(b)	130° 245 π cm ³
6(a)(i)	(5) (125)
6(a)(ii)	(9, 5.25)
6(a)(HI)	(-2)
	(2)

	No. of a manufacture and	
ated pressure is less than 25, the tank is ab	P = 20.9 Since the calcul	
r = r = r = r = r = r = r = r = r = r =	= 1.24306875) Let Pressure be P(1.24306875	
$+\pi(0.525)^{2}(3.81)$	$=\frac{4}{3}\pi(0.525)^3$	
×19=81.7	Constant = 4.3 Volume of tank	10(c-)
	17 tins	(0(b)
	381 cm	(a)0
	$\theta = 0.9^{\circ}$	4(0)
	48.4 km	(9)(6)(
meorem,	By pythagoras 70.0 km	408(0)
	°105	(ii)(ii)
° (shown)	=21.5	
36°	= 21.5	
°-30.963°-90°	∠CBD =142.5	
919°	= 30.9	
(<u>36</u>)	$\angle ABD = \tan^{-1}$	(0)(4)(-
+2=394	$F_{11} = 2(15-1)^2$	
450	$L_{\rm C}=2(15)^2=$	(0)
	$2(n-1)^{2} + 2$	(ii)Xp]2
	$L_{n+1} = 2(n-1)$	2(d)(j)
	$M_{\pi} = 2\pi - 1$	3(c.)
the numbers in the column are even.	221 is odd while	1(b) 1(b)
	3725	
	1872	7(5)(ii)
	25	0(6)(0)
no change in the interquartile range.	There would be	(in)(in)
	27.5%	/(a)(i) (c)
	10 cm	7(n)(i) (b)
	31 cm	2(a)(i)(a)
	h = 10	(6)
	US 1	

Page 3 of 18

Answer all the questions.

1 (a) Calculate
$$7\frac{1}{3} - \sqrt[3]{\frac{5.25 + 13.5^2}{\sin 28^\circ}}$$
.

Write down the first six digits on your calculator display.

- (b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 significant figures.
 - Answer (a) [1]
- 2 (a) Arrange the following numbers in ascending order:

$$\frac{1}{20}$$
, $5\frac{1}{4}\%$, 5.22×10^{-3} , 0.05 .

Answer (a) [1]

(b) State which of the following number(s) is / are irrational:

$$0.3$$
, $\frac{\pi}{5}$, $\sqrt{7} \times 2\sqrt{7}$, $3\sqrt{3}$.

3 The length of each side of a cube is increased by 40%. Find the percentage increase in the total surface area of the cube.

Answer % [2]

4 Given that $(2x-5)(x+a) = 2x^2 + bx - 5$ for all values of x, find the values of a and b.

Answer $a = \dots, b = \dots$ [2]

5 Two numbers p and q, written as the products of their prime factors, are $p = 2^2 \times 3^5 \times 5^6$ and $q = 2^2 \times 3^3$.

- (a) Find the HCF of p and q.
- (b) Find the smallest positive integer k such that $(p \times q \times k)$ is a perfect cube.

(b) $k = \dots [1]$

6 Local time in Singapore is 7 hours ahead of local time in London. Singapore Airlines SQ007 departed London on Monday at 19 16 London time. The flight arrived at Singapore on Tuesday at 15 51 Singapore time. Calculate how long the flight took, giving your answer in hours and minutes.

Answer hours minutes [2]

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7

The diameter of a spherical micro-organism is 9.04 micrometres. Find the surface area in square millimetres, of the micro-organism, giving your answer in standard form.

Answer mm² [2]

8 The graph below shows the sales of computer notebooks made by Angie over a period of 6 months in 2016.



Explain why the graph is misleading.

Answer	

9 Two of the interior angles of a hexagon are 2x° and (5x-200)°. The remaining interior angles are 90° each. By forming an equation in x, find the value of x.

Page 6 of 18

- 10
- In the diagram, the points B, C, D and E lie on a circle with centre O. PQ is a tangent to the circle at D. ABC and AEOD are straight lines. $\angle OCB = 54^{\circ}$ and $\angle OAB = 30^{\circ}$.



Find, giving reasons for each answer,

- (a) $\angle ADC$,
- (b) ∠*CDQ*,
- (c) ∠ACE,
- (d) ∠*CBE*.

Answer	(a)	0	[2]
	(b)	o.	[1]
	(c)	0	[2]
	(d)	0	[1]

11 ABCD is a quadrilateral. ABC and CDE are equilateral triangles. Using a pair of congruent triangles, show that AD = BE. State your reasons clearly.



Answer In triangles	68-93-9.

	0.222
	. [2]
	2505

12 Janet has \$50000 to invest for 3 years. She invests her money in a unit trust with returns equivalent to 2% per annum interest, compounded every 3 months. Calculate the amount of interest she will get at the end of 3 years.

13 (a) Given that
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^p \times 8 = 1$$
, find the value of p

(b) Simplify
$$\left(\frac{2^{\gamma+1}\sqrt{2}}{2^{\nu}}\right)^{-2}$$
.

Answer (a) $p = \dots [2]$

(b) [2]

The equations of the three graphs shown below are in the form $y = n + x^{n-1}$. State the value of *n* for each of the following graph.







- Answer (a) n = [1]
 - (b) *n* = [1]
 - (c) $n = \dots [1]$
- 15 In the answer space, sketch the graph of $y = 5 (x+1)^2$, indicate clearly the turning point and the intercepts on the x and y-axes (if any).

y.

0

Answer

[2]

16 (a) $\varepsilon = \{ x : x \text{ is an integer and } 1 \le x < 24 \}$ $\mathcal{A} = \{ x : x \text{ is a perfect square } \}$

 $B = \{ x : x \text{ is a factor of the number } 24 \}$

 $C = \{ x : x + 1 \text{ is divisible by } 6 \}$

- (i) List the elements in $A \cap C$.
- (ii) Find $n(B' \cup C)$.

Answer (a)(i) [1]

(b) State the set notation of the shaded region in following Venn Diagram.



Answer (b)..... [1]

Page 11 of 18

17 Given that point
$$A(4, 2)$$
 and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.
(a) Find $|\overrightarrow{CA}|$.

Answer (a) units [1]

(b) The point P lies on CA such that $\overrightarrow{PA} = k \overrightarrow{CA}$.

(i) Show that $\overrightarrow{OP} = \begin{pmatrix} 4-7k\\ 2+3k \end{pmatrix}$.

Answer (b)(i)

[1]

(ii) Given that point P lies on the y-axis, find the coordinates of P.

Answer (b)(ii) P(......) [2]

18 Consider the number patterns in the table below. The first three terms of each column have been given.

Row, n	S	T	U
1	4	16	16
2	8	32	30
3	12	48	44
7	р	q	r
n			

- (a) Find values of p, q and r.
- (b) Write down the equation connecting S and T.
- (c) Write down the equation connecting U and n.
- (d) Betty said that 256 can be found in column U. Write whether you agree or disagree with Betty. Give reason(s) for your answer.

	Answer (a) $p = \dots, q = \dots, r = \dots$ [1] (b)
	(c) [1]
(d) Iwith B	setty. This is because

19 The frequency table shows the number of countries that a group of students had visited.

Number of countries	0	1	2	3	4
Number of students	2	8	6	x	4

- (a) Given that the mode is 1, state the largest possible value of x.
- (b) Given that the median number of countries visited is 2, find the largest possible value of x.
- (c) Given that the mean number of countries is more than 2, find the smallest possible value of x.

Answer (a) $x = \dots [1]$

Page 14 of 18

- 20 (a) The air resistance, R, is directly proportional to the square of the speed, V, of an object when it is falling. The air resistance is 24 newtons at a certain speed. Find the air resistance when the speed is increased by 50%.
 - (b) 48 men can build 2 huts in 60 hours. How many more men are needed if 3 huts are to be built in 72 hours?

Answer (a) newtons [2]

(b) men [2]

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The diagram below shows the speed-time graph of the journey for the first 3 minutes of a train. The train slows down to a stop when entering station J. After a brief stop of 60 seconds, it starts to move off with acceleration for 30 seconds before it gets out of station J.



- (a) Find the deceleration of the train as it enters station J.
- (b) Calculate

21

- (i) the total distance travelled by the train in the first 3 minutes,
- (ii) the average speed of the train, in km/h, in the first 3 minutes.

- Answer (a) m/s² [1]
 - (b)(i) m [1]
 - (ii) km/h [2]
- (c) On the axes below, sketch the distance-time graph of the train for the first 3 minutes of its journey.



Carousell-examplint Girls' School
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22 *P* and *R* are points on the *x*-axis. *TQR* is a straight line parallel to the *y*-axis. Area of $\triangle PQR = 30$ units².



- (a) Find the coordinates of
 - (i) point R,
 - (ii) point P.
- (b) Find the length of PQ.
- (c) Find $\cos \angle PQT$, giving your answer as a fraction.
- (d) Given that PR = TR, find the equation of PT.

Answer (a)(i) R (...... ,) [1] (ii) P (...... ,) [2] (b) units [1] (c) [1] (d) [1]

- Five discs numbered 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7 are placed in a bag. A disc is drawn out of the bag at random. Without replacing the first disc into the bag, a second disc is drawn.
- (a) Complete the following probability tree diagram.



(b) Find

23

- (i) the probability that one disc is odd and the other is even,
- (ii) the probability that both numbers drawn are smaller than 4.
- (c) By drawing a possibility diagram in the space below, find the probability that the sum of both numbers is a prime number.

Answer (b)(i) [1]

- (ii) [1]

[2]

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24 The diagram below shows a horizontal field ABC.A is due north of B and C is due west of B.Use a scale of 1 cm to 40 m, show all the constructions clearly.

- (a) A lamp post, L, is located on a bearing of 290° from A, and 300 m from A.
 - (i) By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the lamp post L. [1]
 - (ii) Measure and write down the bearing of the lamp post L from point C.
- (b) A gate, G, is located along the path of BC, equidistant from B and C. By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the gate G.
- (c) A circular flower bed is built such that it touches each side of the field at one point.
 - (i) By constructing two angle bisectors, draw the circular flower bed and label its centre O.
 - (ii) Hence, measure and write down the actual radius of the flower bed.



(c)(i)



Answer (a)(ii) ° [1]

(c)(ii) m [1]

[1]

[2]

End of Paper 1

Name :

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2016 Secondary 4

Thursday

4 August 2016

MATHEMATICS Paper 1 (Solutions)

4048/01

2 h

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, class and index number on the question paper. Write in dark blue or black ink on both sides of the paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question, it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks. Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give your answer in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.



Page 2 of 18

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{\Gamma}{100}\right)^{n}$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4 \pi r^2$

Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Area of a triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

 $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{a}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

 $a^{1} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cos A$

Trigonometry

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

Page 3 of 18

Answer all the questions.

1 (a) Calculate
$$7\frac{1}{3} - \sqrt[3]{\frac{5.25 + 13.5^2}{\sin 28^*}}$$

2

(a)

Write down the first six digits on your calculator display.

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 significant figures.

			B1	
			Answer (a) -0.03095	[1]
			(b) ^{-0.031} B1	[1]
N	ale a fallouidae		- Harrison Same	-
Arrange	e the following	g numbers in ascen	naing order:	
$\frac{1}{20}$.	$5\frac{1}{4}\%$,	5.22×10^{-3} ,	0.05.	
0.05	0.0525	0.00522	0.050505	
			B1	

 5.22×10^{-3} , $\frac{1}{20}$, 0.05, $5\frac{1}{4}\%$ Answer (a) - [1]

State which of the following number(s) is / are irrational: (b)

The length of each side of a cube is increased by 40%. 3 Find the percentage increase in the total surface area of the cube.

> % increase in surface area = $\frac{6(1.4l)^2 - 6l^2}{6l^2} \times 100\%$ M1 $=\frac{11.76-6}{6}\times 100\%$ = 96%

> > A1 96 Answer [2] %

Page 4 of 18

Given that $(2x-5)(x+a) = 2x^2 + bx - 5$ for all values of x, find the values of a and b.

$$2x^{2} + 2ax - 5x - 5a = 2x^{2} + bx - 5$$

$$-5a = -5$$

$$a = 1$$

$$2a - 5 = b$$

$$b = 2(1) - 5$$

$$= -3$$

B1
Answer $a = \frac{1}{2}$
B1
b $= \frac{-3}{2}$
b $= \frac{-$

- 5 Two numbers p and q, written as the products of their prime factors, are $p = 2^2 \times 3^5 \times 5^6$ and $q = 2^2 \times 3^3$.
 - (a) Find the HCF of p and q.
 - (b) Find the smallest positive integer k such that $(p \times q \times k)$ is a perfect cube.

6 Local time in Singapore is 7 hours ahead of local time in London. Singapore Airlines SQ007 departed London on Monday at 19 16 London time. The flight arrived at Singapore on Tuesday at 15 51 Singapore time. Calculate how long the flight took, giving your answer in hours and minutes.
5 h

Departure time from London (Singapore time = 02 16 Tuesday M1) 19 16 Mon		00 16 Tue	02 16 Tue
Arrival time at Singapore (Singapore time) = 15 51 Tuesday		h 15 - 02	min 51 16	
Duration of Journey = 13 h 35 min		13	35	
Anguar	13 hours	35	A1	ae [2]

Page 5 of 18

The diameter of a spherical micro-organism is 9.04 micrometres. Find the surface area in square millimetres, of the micro-organism, giving your answer in standard form.

Radius = $\frac{1}{2} \times 9.04 \times 10^{-6}$ m = $4.52 \times 10^{-6} \times 10^{3}$ mm = 4.52×10^{-3} mm M1

Surface area = $4\pi (4.52 \times 10^{-3})^2$ = $2.57 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mm}^2$

Answer 2.57×10^{-4} mm² [2]

The graph below shows the sales of computer notebooks made by Angie over a period of 6 months in 2016.



Explain why the graph is misleading.

Answer The scale of the vertical axis is not consistent.

This distorts the graph, making the sales from May to June (16 - 4 = 12 units)

seemed to be less than the sales from March to April (8 - 0 = 8 units).

9 Two of the interior angles of a hexagon are 2x° and (5x-200)°. The remaining interior angles are 90° each. By forming an equation in x, find the value of x.

 $2x + (5x - 200) + 4 (90) = (6 - 2) \times 180$ M1 7x + 160 = 720 7x = 560x = 80

Answer $x = \dots 80$ [2]

Page 6 of 18

10 In the diagram, the points B, C, D and E lie on a circle with centre O. PQ is a tangent to the circle at D. ABC and AEOD are straight lines. $\angle OCB = 54^{\circ}$ and $\angle OAB = 30^{\circ}$.



Find, giving reasons for each answer,

- (a) $\angle ADC$,
- (b) $\angle CDQ$,
- (c) ∠ACE,
- (d) ∠*CBE*.

(a)
$$\angle COD = 54^{\circ} + 30^{\circ} (Ext \angle of \Delta)$$

= 84° $\end{bmatrix}$ M1
 $\angle ADC = \frac{180^{\circ} - 84^{\circ}}{2}$ (Base $\angle s$ of isos. Δ) $A1$

(b)
$$\angle CDQ = 90^\circ - 48^\circ (\tan \perp \operatorname{rad})$$

= 42°

or $\angle COE = 48^\circ \times 2$ (\angle at centre = 2 \angle at circumferen) (c) $\angle DCE = 90^{\circ}$ (Rt. \angle in semi-circle) M1 $\angle ADC = 180^\circ - 90^\circ - 48^\circ - 30^\circ (\angle \text{ sum of } \Delta) |_{A1}$ = 96° $\angle ACE = \frac{180^\circ - 96^\circ}{2}$ (Base $\angle s$ of isos. \triangle) $= 12^{\circ}$ = 42° $\angle ADC = 54^\circ - 42^\circ$ = 12° (d) $\angle CBE = 180^\circ - 48^\circ (\angle s \text{ in opp segments are supp})$ A1 = 132° (b).....° [1] (c).....° [2] (d).....° [1]

11

ABCD is a quadrilateral. *ABC* and *CDE* are equilateral triangles. Using a pair of congruent triangles, show that AD = BE. State your reasons clearly.



Answer In triangles ACD and BCE, CD and CE (sides of equil. ΔCDE) AB and BC (sides of equil. ΔABC) $\angle ACD = 60^{\circ} - \angle ACE$ (\angle of equil. ΔCDE) $\angle BCE = 60^{\circ} - \angle ACE$ (\angle of equil. ΔABC) $\therefore \angle ACD = \angle BCE$ $\therefore \Delta ACD = \Delta BCE$ (SAS) (criteria must tally with test) Hence, AD = BE[2]

12 Janet has \$50000 to invest for 3 years. She invests her money in a unit trust with returns equivalent to 2% per annum interest, compounded every 3 months. Calculate the amount of interest she will get at the end of 3 years.

Amount = $50000 \left(1 + \frac{0.02}{4}\right)^{12}$ M1 = \$53083.8905

Interest = \$53083.8905 - \$50000= \$3083.89 (to 2 dp)

> A1 Answer \$[2]

Page 8 of 18

13 (a) Given that
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^p \times 8 = 1$$
, find the value of p .

$$(2^{-2})^p \times 2^3 = 2^0$$

 $2^{-2p+3} = 2^0$ M1
 $-2p+3 = 0$
 $p = 1\frac{1}{2}$

(b) Simplify
$$\left(\frac{2^{y+1}\sqrt{2}}{2^{y}}\right)^{-2}$$
.
 $\left(\frac{2^{y+1}\sqrt{2}}{2^{y}}\right)^{-2}$
 $= \left(2^{y+1+\frac{1}{2}-y}\right)^{-2}$ MI
 $= \left(2^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{-2}$
 $= 2^{-3}$

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14

The equations of the three graphs shown below are in the form $y = n + x^{n-1}$. State the value of n for each of the following graph.



In the answer space, sketch the graph of $y = 5 - (x+1)^2$, indicate clearly the turning 15 point and the intercepts on the x and y-axes (if any).

Answer



(b) $n = \dots \frac{3}{1}$ [1]

(c) $n = \dots 0$ B1 [1]

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16 (a) $\varepsilon = \{x : x \text{ is an integer and } 1 \le x < 24\} = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 23\}$ $A = \{x : x \text{ is a perfect square }\} = \{1, 4, 9, 16\}$ $B = \{x : x \text{ is a factor of the number } 24\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12\}$ $C = \{x : x + 1 \text{ is divisible by } 6\} = \{5, 11, 17, 23\}$

- (i) List the elements in $A \cap C$.
- (ii) Find $n(B' \cup C)$.

(a) (ii) $B' = \{5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, \dots 23\}$

$$n(B' \cup C) = n(B')$$

= $n(\varepsilon) - n(B)$
= $23 - 7$



(b) State the set notation of the shaded region in following Venn Diagram.



Answer (b)...... [1]

Page 11 of 18

7 Given that point
$$A(4, 2)$$
 and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.
(a) Find $|\overrightarrow{CA}|$.

(b) The point P lies on CA such that
$$PA = k CA$$
.

(i) Show that
$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \begin{pmatrix} 4-7k\\ 2+3k \end{pmatrix}$$
.

Answer (b)(i)

1

$$\overrightarrow{AP} = \overrightarrow{OP} - \overrightarrow{OA}$$
$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \overrightarrow{OA} + \overrightarrow{AP}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4\\2 \end{pmatrix} + k \overrightarrow{AC}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4\\2 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} -7\\3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad A1$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4-7k\\2+3k \end{pmatrix} \qquad (shown)$$

(ii) Given that point P lies on the y-axis, find the coordinates of P.

$$4 - 7k = 0$$

$$k = \frac{4}{7}$$
 B

$$2 + 3\left(\frac{4}{7}\right) = 3\frac{5}{7}$$

A1
Answer (b)(ii)
$$P(\dots 0 3\frac{5}{7}, \dots)$$
 [2]

1

[1]

18 Consider the number patterns in the table below. The first three terms of each column have been given.

Row, n	S	T	U
1	4	16	16
2	8	32	30
3	12	48	44
7	р	q	r
n			

- (a) Find values of p, q and r.
- (b) Write down the equation connecting S and T.
- (c) Write down the equation connecting U and n.
- (d) Betty said that 256 can be found in column U. Write whether you agree or disagree with Betty. Give reason(s) for your answer.

(d)
$$14n + 2 = 256$$

 $14n = 254$
 $n = \frac{254}{14}$
 $= 18\frac{1}{7}$

B1 (All 3 must be correct) Answer (a) $p = \frac{28}{\dots}, q = \frac{112}{\dots}, r = \frac{100}{\dots}$ [1] (b) T = 4S B1 B1 [1] (c) U = 14n + 2 B1 (d) I with Betty. This is because If N = 256, $n = 18\frac{1}{2}$ which is not a natural number. > B1 is not a natural number. (is not a positive integer). OR When 2 is deducted from 256, the result 254 is not divisible by 14. (is not a multiple of 14).

19 The frequency table shows the number of countries that a group of students had visited.

Number of countries	0	1	2	3	4
Number of students	2	8	6	x	4

- (a) Given that the mode is 1, state the largest possible value of x.
- (b) Given that the median number of countries visited is 2, find the largest possible value of x.
- (c) Given that the mean number of countries is more than 2, find the smallest possible value of x.

(b)
$$2+8+(6-1) = x+4$$

 $15 = x+4$
 $x = 11$
(c) Mean = $\frac{0(2)+1(8)+2(6)+3x+4(4)}{2+8+6+x+4} > 2$
 $\frac{3x+36}{x+20} > 2$ M1
 $3x+36 > 2(x+20)$
 $3x+36 > 2x+40$
 $x > 4$
smallest $x = 5$

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20

(a) The air resistance, R, is directly proportional to the square of the speed, V, of an object when it is falling. The air resistance is 24 newtons at a certain speed. Find the air resistance when the speed is increased by 50%.

(b) 48 men can build 2 huts in 60 hours. How many more men are needed if 3 huts are to be built in 72 hours?

(a)
$$R = k V^2$$
, k constant
 $24 = k V^2 \implies k = \frac{24}{V^2}$ MI
 $R_{new} = k (1.5V)^2$
 $= \frac{24}{V^2} \times 2.25V^2$
 $= 54$ newtons

(b) No. of men required to build 3 huts in 72 h

$$= \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{60}{72} \times 48$$
$$= 60$$

 \therefore Extra no. of men needed = 60 - 48

= 12

OR

48 men --- 2 huts --- 60 h 48 men --- 1 hut --- 30 h 1 man --- 1 hut --- 1440 h M1 1 man --- 3 huts --- 4320 h 60 men --- 3 huts --- 72 h

 \therefore Extra no. of men needed = 60 - 48

= 12

Page 15 of 18

The diagram below shows the speed-time graph of the journey for the first 3 minutes of a train. The train slows down to a stop when entering station J. After a brief stop of 60 seconds, it starts to move off with acceleration for 30 seconds before it gets out of station J.



- (a) Find the deceleration of the train as it enters station J.
- (b) Calculate
 - (i) the total distance travelled by the train in the first 3 minutes,
 - (ii) the average speed of the train, in km/h, in the first 3 minutes.

(a) Acceleration =
$$\frac{40-0}{0-90} = -\frac{4}{9} \text{ m/s}^2$$
 ... Deceleration = $\frac{4}{9} \text{ m/s}^2$
(b) (i) Total distance = $\frac{1}{2}(90)(40) + \frac{1}{2}(30)(80)$
= $1800 + 1200$
= 3000 m
(ii) Average speed = $\frac{3000 \text{ m}}{3 \text{ min}}$ M1 $\frac{4}{9}$ B1 m/s² [1]
= $\frac{3 \text{ km}}{\left(\frac{3}{60}\text{ h}\right)}$ (b)(i) ... $\frac{3000}{41}$ m/s² [1]
= 60 km/h (ii) ... $\frac{60}{41}$ km/h [2]

(c) On the axes below, sketch the distance-time graph of the train for the first 3 minutes of its journey.



Methodist Girls' School Carousell-exampuru

Mathematics Paper 1

378

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22 *P* and *R* are points on the x-axis. TQR is a straight line parallel to the y-axis. Area of $\Delta PQR = 30$ units².



- (a) Find the coordinates of
 - (i) point R,
 - (ii) point P.
- (b) Find the length of PQ.
- (c) Find cos∠PQT, giving your answer as a fraction.

M1

(d) Given that PR = TR, find the equation of PT.

(a)(i) R(4, 0)

(ii)
$$\frac{1}{2} \times PR \times 5 = 30$$

 $PR = \frac{2 \times 30}{5} = 12$ units
 $\therefore P(-8, 0)$

(b)
$$P(-8, 0)$$
 $Q(4, 5)$
 $PQ = \sqrt{[4 - (-8)]^2 + (5 - 0)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{144 + 25}$
 $= 13 \text{ units}$

(c)
$$\cos \angle PQT = -\cos \angle PQR$$

= $-\frac{5}{13}$

(d)
$$P(-8, 0) = T(4, 12)$$

 $m = \frac{12 - 0}{4 - (-8)} = 1$

Equation of PT is

$$y - 0 = 1 [x - (-8)]$$

 $y = x + 8$

- Answer (a)(i) R(..., 0, ..., 0) [1] B1

 - (b) $\dots \frac{13}{5}$ units [1] B1
 - (c) [1]

(d)
$$y = x + 8$$
 [1] A1

Carousell-examples Girls' School

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23 Five discs numbered 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7 are placed in a bag. A disc is drawn out of the bag at random. Without replacing the first disc into the bag, a second disc is drawn.

(a) Complete the following probability tree diagram.



- (i) the probability that one disc is odd and the other is even,
- (ii) the probability that both numbers drawn are smaller than 4.
- (c) By drawing a possibility diagram in the space below, find the probability that the sum of both numbers is a prime number.

(b) (i) P(odd, even) + P(even, odd) =
$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4}$$
 or $= 2 \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{2}$
(ii) P(both nos. < 4) = $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$
= $\frac{1}{10}$
(c)
 $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{7}$ $\frac{6}{7}$ $\frac{7}{8}$
P(sum = prime no.) =

Answer (b)(i)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 B1 [1]
(ii)[1]
(ii)[1]
(c)[2]

B1

 $\frac{1}{2}$

[2]

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24 The diagram below shows a horizontal field ABC.A is due north of B and C is due west of B.Use a scale of 1 cm to 40 m, show all the constructions clearly.

- (a) A lamp post, L, is located on a bearing of 290° from A, and 300 m from A.
 - (i) By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the lamp post L. [1]
 - (ii) Measure and write down the bearing of the lamp post L from point C.
- (b) A gate, G, is located along the path of BC, equidistant from B and C. By construction, mark and label clearly the position of the gate G.
- (c) A circular flower bed is built such that it touches each side of the field at one point.
 - (i) By constructing two angle bisectors, draw the circular flower bed and label its centre *O*.
 - (ii) Hence, measure and write down the actual radius of the flower bed.





Answer (a)(ii) ° [1]

(c)(ii) m [1]

[1]

[2]

End of Paper 1

Page 3 of 13

Answer all the questions.

AD // BC, angle CDA = angle $BAD = \frac{3}{10}\pi$ radians and OA = 20 mm.



a) Show that angle
$$BOA = \frac{2}{5}\pi$$
 rad

(b) Find the length of arc AB, leaving your answer in terms of π. [1]
(c) Find angle BOC. [1]
(d) Calculate the area of the shaded region. [3]
(e) Find angle BOA in degrees. [1]
(f) The unshaded region forms a company logo. An enlarged copy of the logo is

(f) The unshaded region forms a company logo. An enlarged copy of the logo is made. In the enlargement, AD = 60 mm. Find the area of the enlarged logo. [2]

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(

[1]

[1]

2

[2]

[3]

[1]

3 The cash price of a car is \$74 000. Mr Smith is introduced to two types of payment schemes.

	Scheme A	Scheme B
Down payment	40%	60%
Simple interest rate	3.28%	R %
(per annum)		
Loan period (years)	5	5

- (a) Find the total amount that Mr Smith has to pay for the car, if he chose Scheme A. [2]
- (b) If Mr Smith chose Scheme B, the monthly instalment he has to pay over 5 years is \$572.76. Calculate the value of R.
- (c) One day the exchange rate between US dollar (US\$) and Singapore dollars (S\$) was US\$1 = S\$1.27.

On the same day, the exchange rate between British pound (£) and US dollar was $\pounds 1 = US\$1.33$.

Calculate the cash price of the car in pounds, correct to the nearest pound.

[2]

[3]

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4 In the diagram, WXYZ is a trapezium and WX is parallel to ZY. The point P on XZ is such that ZP : PX = 1 : 3 and WX : ZY = 3 : 4.



(a) Express, as simply as possible, in terms of a and b,

	(i)	\overrightarrow{ZX} ,		[1]
	(ii)	\overrightarrow{WP} ,		[1]
	(iii)	YW.		[1]
(b)	Show	that the line XY is parallel to t	the line WP.	[2]
(c)	Find,	as a fraction in its simplest for	rm,	
	(i)	area of ΔWZP area of ΔWXP ,		[1]
5	(ii)	$\frac{\text{area of } \Delta WZP}{\text{area of } \Delta YXZ},$		[2]

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5 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

A group of friends founded a new social networking website. The table below shows the number of members at the beginning of each week over a period of 7 weeks.

Week (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total number of members (y)	5	15	35	р	90	145	230	400

- (a) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 week, draw a horizontal x-axis for 0≤x≤7.
 Using a scale of 2 cm to 50 members, draw a vertical y-axis for 0≤y≤400.
 On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve.
- (b) Use your graph to estimate

	(i)	the value of p,	[1]
	(ii)	the week that the total number of members reaches 300.	[1]
(c)	(i)	By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at $x = 4$.	[2]
	(ii)	What does this gradient represent?	[2]
(d)	The	group of friends wish to estimate what the total number of members will be	
	în o	ne year's time. They propose to extend the graph line up to week, $x = 52$.	
	Exp	lain why is it not possible to estimate the total number of members in this	

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way.

[3]

[1]

- 6 The distance between two houses, P and Q, is 200 km. Joe travelled by car from P to Q at an average speed of x km/h.
 - (a) Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of hours he took to travel from P to Q.
 [1]
 - (b) He returned from Q to P at an average speed of which was 5 km/h more than the first journey.

Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of hours he took to travel from Q to P. [1]

(c) The difference between the two times was 24 minutes.
 Write down an equation in x to represent this information, and show that it reduces to

$$x^2 + 5x - 2500 = 0.$$
 [3]

- (d) Solve the equation $x^2 + 5x 2500 = 0$, giving each answer correct to three decimal places. [3]
- (e) Calculate the time that Joe took to travel from P to Q, giving your answer in hours, minutes and seconds, correct to the nearest second. [2]

7	(a)	Jim exercises on Monday and Wednesday.							
		On 1	Monday, he jogs for 10 minutes, cycles for 20 minutes and swims for 30						
		minutes.							
		On Wednesday, he jogs for 20 minutes, cycles for 10 minutes and swims for 15							
		minutes. J C S							
		This information can be represented by the matrix $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 20 & 30 \\ 20 & 10 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$ Mon Wed.							
		(i)	Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{P} = 60\mathbf{Q}$.	[1]					
		(ii)	Jim's exercising speeds are the same for Monday and Wednesday.						
			His jogging speed is 4 m/s, cycling speed is 5.5 m/s and swimming speed is 1.3 m/s	-					
			Represent his exercising speeds in a 3×1 column matrix S.	[1]					
		(iii)	Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PS}$.	[2]					
		(iv)	State what the elements of R represent.	[1]					
	(b)	The cost of a shirt is C . If the shirt is sold at \$60, a shop makes a profit of $x\%$ on the cost price.							
		(i)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information and show that it simplifies to						
			6000 - 100C = Cx.	[1]					
		If the shirt is sold at \$24, the shop makes a loss of $2x$ % on the cost price.							
		(ii)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information.	[1]					
		(iii)	Solve these two equations to find the value of C and the value of x .	[3]					
		(iv)	Calculate the selling price of the shirt if the profit is 45% of the cost price.	[2]					

8 The diagram shows a triangular park BCD and the route that Ali has cycled.

Ali cycles from his home, A, on a bearing of 220° towards point B of the park. The distance from A to B is 4.8 km. From B, he cycles to C, which is 6 km away, and he continues to D.

C is due north of B. Reflex angle $ABD = 210^{\circ}$ and angle $BDC = 35^{\circ}$.



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9 120 visitors took a survey on the number of hours they spent at the Gardens by the Bay in February 2016.

The cumulative frequency curve below shows the distribution of the time spent.



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(b) It was discovered that the number of hours has been recorded incorrectly. The correct number of hours was all 1 hour less than those recorded. The box-and-whisker plot shows the correct distribution of hours.



(c) The table below shows the results of the survey conducted on another 120 visitors on the number of hours they spent at the Gardens by the Bay in June 2016.

Number of hours spent (x h)	Number of visitors
2< <i>x</i> ≤4	33
4< <i>x</i> ≤6	46
6< <i>x</i> ≤8	30
8 <x≤10< td=""><td>11</td></x≤10<>	11

Calculate an estimate of the

(i)	mean time that the visitors spent in June,	[1]
(ii)	standard deviation.	[2]

(d) The programme management team at the Gardens by the Bay commented that the visitors generally spent longer hours in February 2016 than in June 2016.
 Justify if the comment is valid. [2]

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10 A solid cone is cut into 2 parts, X and Y, by a plane parallel to the base. The length of AB = the length of BC.



- (a) Given that the volume of the solid cone is $\frac{64}{3}\pi$ m³, find the volume, in terms of π , of the frustum, *Y*.
- (b) In Diagram II, a rocket can be modelled from a cylinder of height, h, 94.2 m with a cone, X, on top and a frustum, Y, at the bottom. The cone, X, has a diameter, d₂, of 4 m and the frustum, Y, has a base diameter, d₁, of 8 m. The parts X and Y are taken from Diagram I above.



- Calculate the total surface area of the rocket. Give your answer correct to [3] the nearest square meter.
- (ii) Calculate the volume, in cubic metres, of the rocket. [1]

[3]

(iii) The rocket is designed to launch to the moon.

Useful information

- Distance of moon from earth: 384 400 km
- Speed of rocket: 800 km /minute
- 1 m³ = 264 gallon
- The rocket is filled with liquid fuel to a maximum of 95% of its volume.
- Rate of fuel consumption: 20 000 gallons /minute
- Capacity of each external fuel tank: 3.2×10⁶ gallons

How many external fuel tanks will the rocket require to sustain its journey to the moon?

Justify your answer with calculations.

[4]

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Name :

Class Index Number

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2016 Secondary 4

Tuesday

16 August 2016

MATHEMATICS Paper 2

4048/02

2 h 30 mins

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your class, index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to 3 significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 100.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi^2$

Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

Are length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

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Answer all the questions.

1	(a)	Give	n that $-8 \le x \le 4$ and $-3 \le y \le 2$, find	
		(i)	the least value of xy , Least value of $xy = (-8)(2) = -16 B1$	[1]
		(ii)	the greatest value of $x^2 - y^2$. Greatest value of $x^2 - y^2 = (-8)^2 - 0 = 64 - B1$	[1]
	(b)	Expre	ess as a single fraction in its simplest form	
		(i)	$\frac{x - y}{xy} + \frac{y - z}{yz},$ $\frac{xz - yz + xy - xz}{xyz} - M1$ $= \frac{xy - yz}{xyz}$ $= \frac{y(x - z)}{xyz}$ $= \frac{x - z}{xz} - M1$	[2]
		(ii)	$\frac{2x^{3}}{x+y+z} \times \frac{(x+y)^{2}-z^{2}}{6x},$ $\frac{2x^{3}}{x+y+z} \times \frac{(x+y-z)(x+y+z)}{6x} - \dots M1$ $= \frac{x^{2}(x+y-z)}{3} - \dots A1$	[2]
	(c)	It is g Expr	given that $2pq = \sqrt{\frac{4q^2 + p^2}{2}}$. less q in terms of p.	[3]

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1	1100	haded area $-\frac{1}{\pi}(20)^2 - 69.2^2$	2276 MI		
	uns	$\frac{1}{2}$	2270 MI		
		$=559.0957 \text{ mm}^2$			
	$\left(\underline{Al}\right)$	$\frac{D}{2} = \frac{\text{area of enlarged logo}}{2}$			
	A	559.0957			
	60	$=\frac{\text{area of enlarged logo}}{1}$			
	(40	559.0957			
	$\frac{9}{4} =$	area of enlarged logo			
		339.0937			
	area	of enlarged logo $= - \times 559.0$	0957		
		=1260 mm	1 ² (3 s.f.) A1		
	or b	y using enlarged radius = 30			
The	cash 1	price of a car is \$74 000. M	Ir Smith is introduce	d to two types of	f payment
sche	mes.				
			Caleman	Scheme R	
		Down payment	40%	60%	
		Down payment Simple interest rate	40%	60%	
		Down payment Simple interest rate	40% 3.28%	60% R %	
		Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum)	40% 3.28%	60% R%	
		Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years)	40% 3.28% 5	60% R %	
(a)	Fine	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years)	40% 3.28% 5 with has to pay for the	60% R% 5 car, if he chose Se	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Fine	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6 × 74000	40% 3.28% 5 with has to pay for the	60% R% 5 car, if he chose So	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Finc	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400	40% 3.28% 5 with has to pay for the	60% R% 5 car, if he chose So	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Find Am Sim	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) I the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400 ple interest = 44400 × $\frac{3.28}{2}$ ×	40% 3.28% 5 iith has to pay for the	60% R% 5	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Finc Am Sim	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) I the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400 ple interest = $44400 \times \frac{3.28}{100} \times \frac{3.28}{100}$	40% 3.28% 5 iith has to pay for the	60% R% 5 car, if he chose S	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Finc Am Sim	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) I the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400 ple interest = $44400 \times \frac{3.28}{100} \times$ = \$7281.60	40% 3.28% 5 with has to pay for the 5 M1	60% R% 5 car, if he chose S	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Finc Am Sim	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) I the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400 ple interest = $44400 \times \frac{3.28}{100} \times$ = \$7281.60 al amount = 7281.60 + 74000	40% 3.28% 5 with has to pay for the	60% R% 5 car, if he chose So	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Finc Am Sim Tota	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) I the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400 ple interest = $44400 \times \frac{3.28}{100} \times$ = \$7281.60 al amount = 7281.60 + 74000 = \$81281.60	40% 3.28% 5 with has to pay for the 5 M1	60% R% 5 car, if he chose So	cheme A. [2]
(a)	Finc Am Sim Tota	Down payment Simple interest rate (per annum) Loan period (years) I the total amount that Mr Sm ount loaned = 0.6×74000 = \$44400 ple interest = $44400 \times \frac{3.28}{100} \times$ = \$7281.60 al amount = 7281.60 + 74000 = \$81281.60 Ir Smith chose Scheme <i>B</i> , the	40% 3.28% 5 iith has to pay for the 5 M1 A1 e monthly instalment	60% <i>R</i> % 5 car, if he chose S	cheme A. [2] er 5 years

Page	7	0	62	3

2		Amount loaned = 0.4×74000 = \$29600 $572.76 \times 12 \times 5 = 29600 + 29600 \times \frac{R}{100} \times 5$ M1- instalments paid (LHS)	
		+ M1- simple interest (RHS) $R = 3.22 A1$	
	(c)	One day the exchange rate between US dollar (US\$) and Singapore dollars (S\$) was US\$1 = S\$1.27.	
		On the same day, the exchange rate between British pound (£) and US dollar was $\pm 1 = US\$1.33$.	
		Calculate the cash price of the car in pounds, correct to the nearest pound.	[2]
		Amount in US\$ = $74000 \div 1.27$ M1 here = US \$58267.71654	
		Amount in pounds = $58267.71654 \div 1.33$ or M1 here = £43810 (to nearest pound) A1	
		or	
		$\pounds 1 = US\$1.33 \times 1.27 - M1$ = US\\$1.6891	
		cost of car in pounds = $\frac{74000}{1.6891}$ = £43810 (to nearest pound)	

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	$\overline{X}\overline{Y} =$	$\overline{XW} + \overline{WY}$	
	.#	-9a + 12a + b	
C	2002	3a + b M1	
	WP =	$\frac{9}{4}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{b}$	
		$=\frac{3}{4}(3a+b)$	
2	Since XY i	$\overline{WP} = \frac{3}{4} \overline{XY} \qquad A1$ s parallel to WP.	
(c)	Find,	as a fraction in its simplest form,	
	(i)	$\frac{\text{area of } \Delta WZP}{\text{area of } \Delta WXP},$ $=\frac{1}{3}$	[1]
	(ii)	$\frac{\operatorname{area of } \Delta WZP}{\operatorname{area of } \Delta YXZ}$ $WZP : WXZ : YXZ$ $1 : 4$ $\frac{3 : 4}{3 : 12 : 16}$ $\frac{\operatorname{area of } \Delta WZP}{\operatorname{area of } \Delta YXZ} = \frac{3}{16}$ $ A1$ Or $\frac{\operatorname{area of } \Delta WZP}{\operatorname{area of } \Delta YXZ} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{6}$	[2]

2 ₆

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Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper. 5

A group of friends founded a new social networking website. The table below shows the number of members at the beginning of each week over a period of 7 weeks.

Week (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total number of members (y)	5	15	35	р	90	145	230	400

(a)	Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 week, draw a horizontal x-axis for $0 \le x \le 7$.				
	Using a scale of 2 cm to 50 members, draw a vertical y-axis for $0 \le y \le 400$.				
	On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth eurve.	[3]			
(b)	Use your graph to estimate				
	(i) the value of p ,	[1]			
	(ii) the week that the total number of members reaches 300.	[1]			
(c)	(i) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at $x = 4$.	[2]			
	(ii) What does this gradient represent?	[2]			
(d)	The group of friends wish to estimate what the total number of members will be				
	in one year's time. They propose to extend the graph line up to week, $x = 52$.				
	Explain why is it not possible to estimate the total number of members in this				
	way.	[1]			

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6	The at ar	distance between two houses, P and Q , is 200 km. Joe travelled by car from P to Q is average speed of x km/h.	
	(a)	Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of hours he took to travel from P to Q. time $=\frac{200}{x}h$	[1]
	(b)	He returned from Q to P at an average speed of which was 5 km/h more than the first journey. Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of hours he took to travel from Q to P. time $=\frac{200}{x+5}h$	[1]
	(c)	The difference between the two times was 24 minutes. Write down an equation in x to represent this information, and show that it reduces to $x^{2}+5x-2500 = 0.$ $\frac{200}{x}-\frac{200}{x+5}=\frac{24}{60} M1$ $200(x+5)-200x=\frac{2}{5}(x)(x+5) M1$ $1000(x+5)-1000x=2x^{2}+10x$ $1000x+5000-1000x=2x^{2}+10x$ $2x^{2}+10x-5000=0 M1$ $x^{2}+5x-2500=0$	[3]
	(d)	Solve the equation $x^2 + 5x - 2500 = 0$, giving each answer correct to three decimal places. $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(1)(-2500)}}{2(1)} \dots M1$ = 47.562 or -52.562 $\dots A1 + A1$	[3]
	(e)	Calculate the time that Joe took to travel from P to Q, giving your answer in hours, minutes and seconds, correct to the nearest second. time $=\frac{200}{47.562}=4h$ 12min 18sec (nearest sec) M1 + A1	[2]

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7	(a)	Jim e On M minu	exercises on Monday and Wednesday. Monday, he jogs for 10 minutes, cycles for 20 minutes and swims for 30 ites.	2
		On V minu This	Mednesday, he jogs for 20 minutes, cycles for 10 minutes and swims for 15 ites. I C S information can be represented by the matrix $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 20 & 30 \\ 20 & 10 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$ Mon. Wed.	
		(i)	Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{P} = 60\mathbf{Q}$. $\mathbf{P} = 60 \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 20 & 30 \\ 20 & 10 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} 600 & 1200 & 1800 \\ 1200 & 600 & 900 \end{pmatrix}$ B1	[1]
		(ii)	Jim's exercising speeds are the same for Monday and Wednesday. His jogging speed is 4 m/s, cycling speed is 5.5 m/s and swimming speed is 1.3 m/s. Represent his exercising speeds in a 3×1 column matrix S. $S = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 5.5 \\ 1.3 \end{pmatrix}$ B1	[1]
		(iii)	Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PS}$. $\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 600 & 1200 & 1800 \\ 1200 & 600 & 900 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 5.5 \\ 1.3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad M1$ $= \begin{pmatrix} 11340 \\ 9270 \end{pmatrix} \qquad A1$	[2]
		(iv)	State what the elements of R represent. The elements of R represent the <u>distance</u> , in metres, that Jim has exercised on <u>Monday and Wednesday</u> , <u>respectively</u> . A1	[1]

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(b)	The on th	cost of a shirt is C . If the shirt is sold at 60 , a shop makes a profit of x % in cost price.	
	(i)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information and show that it simplifies to $6000 - 100C = Cx .$	[1]
		Percentage profit = $x \%$ $\frac{60-C}{C} \times 100 = x$ $100(60-C) = Cx$ $6000-100C = Cx$ (shown)	
(b)	If the	e shirt is sold at \$24, the shop makes a loss of $2x$ % on the cost price.	
	(ii)	Write down an equation in C and x to represent this information. $2x = \frac{C - 24}{C} \times 100$ $2x = \frac{100C - 2400}{C}$ $100C - 2400 = 2Cx$ A1	[1]
	(iii)	Solve these two equations to find the value of <i>C</i> and the value of <i>x</i> . 6000-100C = Cx - (1) 100C - 2400 = 2Cx - (2) $(1) \times 2 - (2),$ (12000 - 200C) - (100C - 2400) = 0 1400 = 300C C = 48 x = 25 A1+A1	[3]
	(iv)	Calculate the selling price of the shirt if the profit is 45% of the cost price. Selling price = 1.45×48 M1 = \$69.60 A1	[2]





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		$\frac{\sin \angle BAC}{6} = \frac{\sin 40^{\circ}}{3.862103} \qquad M1$ $\angle BAC = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin 40^{\circ}}{3.862103} \times 6 \right)$ $= 87.0^{\circ} (\text{to 1 dp}) \qquad A1$	
	(iv)	shortest distance from B to CD. Shortest distance = $60 \times \sin 35^{\circ}$ M1 = 3.44 km (to 3 sf) A1	[2]
(c)	A bui the to Heigl = 5.0	Iding stands vertically at <i>B</i> . The angle of depression of <i>C</i> when viewed from p of the building is 40° . Find the height of the building. Int of the building = $6 \times \tan 40^{\circ}$ M1 3 km (to 3 sf) A1	[2]

Methodist Girls' School



Mathematics

Sec 4 Preliminary Examination 2016

			Page 18 o	f 23			
		percentage = = 90%	120-12 120 A1	M1			
(b)	It was discovered that the number of hours has been recorded incorrectly. The correct number of hours was all 1 hour less than those recorded. The box-and-whisker plot shows the correct distribution of hours. $\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$						
	(i)	c, c = 5.9 hours	R1				
	(ii)	e - a,					

		(i)	c , c = 5.9 hours B1		[1]		
		(ii)	e-a. e-a=8 hours B1		[1]		
	(c)	The table below shows the results of the survey conducted on another 120 visitors on the number of hours they spent at the Gardens by the Bay in June 2016.					
		1	Number of hours spent (x h)	Number of visitors			
			2 <i><x</i> ≤4	33	c.		
			$4 < x \le 6$	46			
			30				
			$8 \le x \le 10$	11			
		Calc	ulate an estimate of the				
		(i)	mean time that the visitors spent in Ju $mean = \frac{3 \times 33 + 5 \times 46 + 7 \times 30 + 9 \times 11}{120}$ = 5.32 hours (to 3 sf) B1	ne,	[1]		
-		(ii)	standard deviation.	B2 or M1+A1	[2]		

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1	(d)	The programme management team at the Gardens by the Bay commented that the	
		visitors generally spent longer hours in February 2016 than in June 2016.	[2]
		Justify if the comment is valid.	
		Median in June is $4 < x \le 6$. M1	
		The comment is invalid as median is in February (5.9 hours) is within the median	
		class in June ($4 < x \le 6$). Al	



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	Useful information	
	 Distance of moon from earth: 384 400 km Speed of rocket: 800 km /minute 1 m³ = 264 gallon The rocket is filled with liquid fuel to a maximum of 95% of its volume. Rate of fuel consumption: 20 000 gallons /minute Capacity of each external fuel tank: 3.2×10⁶ gallons 	[4]
1.1	How many external fuel tanks will the rocket require to sustain its journey to the moon?	
	Justify your answer with calculations.	
	Amount of fuel in rocket = 0.95 × 1250.7727 = 1188.234 m ³	41
	Gallons of fuel =1188.234 × 264 = 313693.807 gallons	
	Time taken to travel to moon 384400 km	
	$= \frac{1}{800 \text{ km/min}}$ $= 480.5 \text{ min}$	
	Amount of fuel needed $= 20000 \times 480.5$ $= 9610000$ gallons	
	number of tanks = $\frac{9610000 - 313693.807}{3.2 \times 10^6}$ M1	
	≈ 2.905 = 3 A1 (must arrive 2.905) Therefore, number of external tanks required is 3.	

Answer scheme

1a)

1b) =

1ci) Let x be the tens digit and y be the units digit.

Solving : x = 2, y = 3

1cii) Therefore number is 23 (Answer can also be 32)

1di)

2a)

2b)

2c)

2d) x = 1.20, x = -363a(i) 1st Draw 2nd Draw 3a(ii)(a) P(both discs are yellow) =

3a(ii)(b) P(one is blue and one is red)

3a(ii)(c) P(both discs are of different colour)
= 1 - P(both blue) - P (both yellow) - P(both red)
=

3b(i) Mean = 54.6 SD = 13.6

=

3b(ii) Mega Sec performed better as their mean is greater than mean for Faith Sec.

Results for Faith Sec is more consistent as their SD is less than SD for Mega Sec.

4a)
$$a = 21, b = 1$$

4c) $x = 0.6, 4.3$
4d)
4e) Draw line $x = 6.1$
5a(i) $= 2\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a}$
5a(ii) $= = (2\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a})$

5a(iii)	$=(6\mathbf{b}+\mathbf{a})$
5a(iv)	=a
5(b)	, where is a scalar and FE is parallel to BC.
5c(i)	
5c(ii)	
5c(iii)	
6a)	
6h)	
00)	

6c) The total amount collected from the sales of the four types of doughnuts in each of the outlet respectively.

7(a)
$$\angle BAC = 120^{\circ}$$

= 153m (3sf)

- 7(b) Area = 3390 m^2
- 7(c) $\angle ADC = 40.2^{\circ}$
- 7(d) length of mast = $92\tan 27^{\circ}$ Angle of elevation = 17.0°
- 8a(i) Median = 68 marks
- 8a(ii) 65^{th} percentile mark = 76 marks
- 8(b)
- 8(c) P(both obtained more than 88 marks) =

- 9(a)(i) No of apprentices = 425
- 9(a)(ii) number of workers = 1020

9a(iii) 12.5% increase

- 9bi(a) Amount owed after first payment =
- 9bi(b) Amount owed after second payment
- 9b(ii) Final settlement =

=

- 9b(iii) The final settlement will be different. This is because if \$2000 is paid at the end of the first month, the principal sum used to calculate the next payment will be different and will eventually lead to a different final settlement.
- 10a) Perimeter =

Area =

$= 11.3 \text{ cm}^2$

- 10b(i) Vol of spherical ball = 4.19 cm³
- 10b(ii) Depth of water = 17.9cm
- 10b(iii) Depth of water = 3.51 cm

- 11(i) From the distance time graph, the police car and the speeding car will meet somewhere between the 2^{nd} and 3^{rd} minute. Hence the police car will be able to overtake the speeding car and arrest the driver.
- 11(ii) Possible assumptions :
 - The flow of traffic on the expressway is smooth
 - Both cars did not stop along the way
 - Both cars are travelling on the same expressway



ST. MARGARET'S SECONDARY SCHOOL

Preliminary Examinations 2016

CANDIDATE NAME		
CLASS		
MATHEMATICS		4048/02
Paper 2		22 August 2016
Secondary 4 Express		2 hours 30 minutes
Additional Materials:	Writing Paper Graph Paper (1 sheet)	
READ THESE INSTRU	CTIONS FIRST	

55 INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, registration number and class on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 100.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =

Surface area of a sphere =

Volume of a cone = Volume of a sphere = Area of triangle *ABC* =

Arc length = , where is in radians

Sector area = , where is in radians

Trigonometry

Statistics

Mean =

Standard deviation =

Answer all the questions.

1.	(a)	Factori	se completely.	[2]			
		Expres	s as a single fraction in its simplest form.	[3]			
	(c) For a two-digit number, the sum of the units digit and tens digit is 5 and the difference between the units digit and tens digit is 1.						
		(i)	Form two simultaneous equations and solve them.	[3]			
		(ii)	Hence state the two-digit number.	[1]			
			Make <i>m</i> the subject of the formula .	[2]			
		(ii)	Hence find the value of <i>m</i> , given that $s = 2$, $r = 1$ and $p = 3$.	[1]			
2.	Peter bought some lychees for \$360. He paid x for each kilogram of lychees.						
	(a)	Write c that he	down an expression, in terms of x , for the number of kilogram of lychees bought.	[1]			
	Duri of th	ng the de e lychee	elivery, 5 kilogram of his lychees were squashed. He sold the remainder s at 60 cents more per kilogram than he paid for.				
	(b)	Write of lychees	down, in terms of x , for the sum of money he received for the remaining s.	[1]			
	He n	nade a pi	rofit of \$171.				
	(c)	c) Write down an equation in x to represent this information and show that it reduces to $5x^2+174x-216=0$.					
	(d)	Solve t lychees	the equation and hence find the price that he paid for each kilogram of s.	[3]			

- 3. (a) A bag contains 20 coloured discs. Out of these 20 discs, 8 are blue, 7 are red and 5 are yellow. Jane draws two discs from the bag at random.
 - (i) Draw a tree diagram to show the probabilities of the possible outcomes. [2]

(ii) Find, as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that

(a)	both discs are yellow,	[1]
(b)	one disc is red and the other is blue,	[1]

- (c) both discs are of different colour. [2]
- (b) 120 students from Mega Secondary School took a Science Test and their marks are given in the following table.

Marks	Frequency
$0 < x \leq 20$	2
$20 < x \le 30$	5
$30 < x \le 40$	8
$40 < x \le 50$	35
$50 < x \leq 80$	70

- (i) Calculate an estimate of the mean and standard deviation. [3]
- (ii) The mean mark for another group of student from Faith Secondary School is 42 and the standard deviation is 12.8 mark. Make two comparisons between the marks for the 2 different groups of students. [2]
- 4. **Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.** This following is a table of values for the graph of.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
У	15	19	21	a	19	15	9	b	-9

Calculate the value of *a* and of *b*. (a) [1] Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit on the x axis and 2 cm to 5 unit on the y axis, (b) draw the graph of for. [3] Use your graph to find the values of *x* when y = 18. (c) [2] By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve where x = 4.5. [2] (d) By drawing a suitable straight line on the same axes, use your graph to find the (e) solutions of the equation . [3]

5.

ABCD is a rectangle. = 2b and = a. *M* is the midpoint of *AC* and *AC* = 2CE. *F* is a point on *AB* extended such that *AF*: *AB* = 3:2.

(a)	Express each of the following, as simply as possible, in terms of a and/or b .	
	(i)	[1]
	(ii)	[1]
	(iii)	[1]
	(iv)	[1]
(b)	Write down 2 facts about BC and FE.	[2]
(c)	Calculate the value of	
	(i)	[1]
	(ii)	[1]
	(iii)	[-]
		[1]

6 The number of doughnuts sold by a bakery in three of its most popular outlets for the first week of June is shown in the table below.

	Outlet A	Outlet B	Outlet C
Salted Caramel	300	280	250
Chocolate	450	385	355
Sugared coated	255	275	310
Strawberry	150	140	185

(a)	Write down a 4×3 matrix N that represents the information given in the table.	[1]
(b)	The selling price of salted caramel doughnuts, chocolate doughnuts, sugared coated doughnuts and strawberry doughnuts are $2, 1.80, 1.30$ and 1.40 respectively. Write down a matrix <i>P</i> that represents this information and hence evaluate <i>PN</i> .	[3]
(c)	Explain what the elements of matrix PN represents.	[1]

7 In the diagram below, A, B, C and D are points on level ground. AB = 85 m, AC = 92 m and B is due North of A and the bearing of D from A is 205°.

(a)	Find <i>BC</i> .	[3]
(b)	Calculate the area of triangle <i>ABC</i> .	[1]
(c)	Calculate .	[2]
(d)	A vertical mast is at C . The angle of elevation of the top of the mast from A is 27°. Calculate the angle of elevation of the top of the mast from B .	[3]

8 The cumulative frequency graph shows the distribution of marks of 60 students in a spelling test.



(c) Two students are chosen at random to go through to the next round of competition. Find the probability that both students obtain more than 88 marks. [2]

In 2014, a factory employed 1275 workers consisting of Foreman, Craftsman and Apprentice in the ratio 1:9:5.

	Find the number of Apprentices employed in 2014.	[1]		
	The number of workers employed in 2014 was 25% more than it was in 2013. Find the number of workers employed in 2013.	[1]		
	70% of the factory's total expense are for wages and the rest is for raw materials. In 2015, wages increased by 8% and the cost of the raw material increased by 23%. Calculate the percentage increase in the total expense, assuming that the number of workers employed remained the same.	[3]		
Tom borrowed \$4000 from a bank at the interest rate of 15% per annum compounded monthly. He repaid \$1500 at the end of the first month, \$2000 at the end of the second month, and made a final settlement at the end of the third month.				
	How much did he owe the bank just after			
	the first payment,	[2]		
	the second payment?	[2]		
	How much was the final settlement payment?	[2]		
	If Tom has repaid \$2000 at the end of the first month and \$1500 at the end of the second month, would the final settlement payment at the end of the third month remain the same? Explain briefly.	[1]		

10

9

In the diagram, each circle centered A, B and C is of the same radius of 4 cm. Calculate the perimeter and the area of the shaded region.

A spherical ball of radius 1 cm is completely submerged in a cylindrical container of height 30 cm and radius 3 cm. Water is then poured into the container to a depth of 18 cm. Calculate
 the volume of the spherical ball,
 the depth of water in the container if the spherical ball is removed from the container.
 If the water in the cylindrical container is poured into a rectangular trough of length 18 cm and breadth 8 cm, what is the depth of the water in the trough?

11 During a routine operation along an expressway one night, a car drove through a police road block without stopping. The police signalled for the car to stop but it accelerated and the police gave chase.

The speed and the time of the speeding car and the police car during the 3-minute high-speed chase along the expressway are recorded in the table below.

Time	Speed of Speeding Car (km/h)	Speed of Police Car (km/h)
1 st minute	105	90
2 nd minute	140	135

10
3 rd minute	155	180
	-	•

- (a) Based on the information given, using a distance-time graph, determine whether the police car will be able to overtake the speeding car and arrest the driver during the high-speed chase. Show how you arrive at your conclusion. [4]
- (b) Are there any assumptions that you may have to make? [1]





ST. MARGARET'S SECONDARY SCHOOL

Preliminary Examinations 2016

CANDIDATE NAME			
CLASS		REGISTER NUMBE	R
MATHEMATICS			4048/01
Paper 1		19 A	ugust 2016
Secondary 4 Express			2 hours
Additional Materials: N	NIL		
READ THESE INSTR	UCTIONS FIRST		

Write your name, registration number and class on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

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If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 80.

This document consists of 18 printed pages

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =

Surface area of a sphere =

Volume of a cone =

Volume of a sphere =

Area of triangle *ABC* =

Arc length = , where is in radians

Sector area = , where is in radians

Trigonometry

Statistics

Mean =

Standard deviation =

1 Factorise each of the following expressions completely (a) ,

		Answer (a)	[2]
	(b)		
		Answer (b)	[2]
2	(a)	Petrol costs y cents per litre. Desmond buys some petrol and it costs him x dollars. Find an expression, in terms of x and y , for the number of litres that he buys.	
		Answer (a)litres	[1]
	(b)	Rashid's best timing for 2.4 km run was 9 minutes and 34 seconds. Convert his speed into metres per second.	

Answer (b) _____m/s [1]

- 3 Express the following expressions in their simplest form
 - (a) '

	Answer (a) [[2]
	(b)	
	Answer (b)	2]
4	Solve the equation,	

Answer x = [3]

Given that and , find the value of . (b) Answer [2] (b) The speed of light is . (a) Express this speed in km/h, giving your answer in standard form. km/h Answer (a) [1] (b) Find the time taken in nanoseconds, for light to travel one kilometre.

Answer (b) _____ns [2] 7 (a) Given find the smallest possible value of x if x is a perfect

6

[2]

Answer

(a)

x

square.



Answer (b) k = [1]

8 (c) Given that the lowest common multiple of 504 and n is 12 600, find the smallest value of n.

[1] Answer (c) n =____ _____ The first five terms of a sequence are 9 8, 0, 3, 15, 24 Find (a) the next term, Answer [1] (a) (b) an expression for the n^{th} term, Answer (b) [1] (c) the 50^{th} term. _____ [1] Answer (c)

10 In the figure, *QRST* is a straight line. Angle = 90°, PS = 5 cm, RS = 2 cm and the area of triangle PRS = 3 cm².

(a) Calculate (i) *PQ*,

(ii) PR. Answer (a)(i) _____ cm [1] Answer (a)(ii) _____ cm [2] (b) Express, as a fraction in the lowest term, the value of

Answer (b) [1]

- 11 A scale of 2 cm to 1 km is used for a map.
 - (a) Express the scale in the form 1:n.

(b) The distance between town *A* and town *B* measures 16 cm on the map. Find the actual distance, in metres, between the two towns.

9

Answer (b) _____m [1]

(c) A playground covers an actual area of 8 km². Find the area of the playground on the map, leaving your answer in cm².

Answer (c) cm^2 [2]



13 Solve the simultaneous equations below giving your answers in exact values.

14 (a)	Given that, $P = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 4\},\$ $Q = \{x : x \text{ is an even number}\}\$ and $R = \{x : x \text{ is a number less than } 7\}.$	Answer	<i>x</i> =, <i>y</i> =	[3]
	(i) List the elements in set <i>P</i> .			
	(ii) Find.	Answer	(a)(i)	[1]
	(iii) State the value of $n(R)$.	Answer	(a)(ii)	[1]
(b)	On the Venn diagram shown in the	Answer answer spa	(a)(iii) ace, shade the set .	[1] [1]

15 *AB* is the diameter of the circle *AFBCD* shown in the diagram. *E* is the point on *AB* produced, where BD = BE and angle. The straight line *ED* cuts the circle at *C*.

a)	Explain why angle.	
		[2
b)	Find angle.	
	Answer (b)°	[
c)	Show that <i>BD</i> bisects angle.	
		ſ
		L

(d) Given also that angle, calculate angle.

Answer (d) ______° [1]

16 Given that A is the point (1, 1), and that D is the

midpoint of BC. Find

(a)



(c) the coordinates of the point *P* such that *ABPC* is a parallelogram using vector method.

Answer (c) (_____, _____ [2])

17 A container is a prism with a triangular cross-section. The container has a height of 30 cm. Jamie pours water into the empty container at a constant rate. She takes 9 seconds to fill the container with water. After *t* seconds, the depth of the water is *d* cm.

[Turn Over

(a) Find the value of d when t = 4.

Answer (a) [2]

(b) Given that the volume of the container is 1350 cm³. Find the volume of the water when t = 4.

Answer (b) _____ cm³ [2]

17 (c) On the axes in the answer space, sketch the graph showing how the (i) depth varies during the 9 seconds,

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[1]

(ii) volume varies during the 9 seconds.

15

[1]

18 The times (in seconds) taken by 12 boys to complete the shuttle run are given below.

9 14 12 17 16 10 10 18 12 15 13 12

Find,

(a) (i) the median,

	Answer (a)(i)
	(ii) the interquartile range.
	Answer (b)(ii)
(b)	The times (in seconds) taken by 12 girls to complete the shuttle run are given below.
	10 18 19 12 12 14 21 21 22 15 13 15
	Compare the results of the boys and girls.

19 (a) Express in the form and sketch in the space provided showing the turning point and *y*-intercept.

[2]

- Answer (a) y = [1]
- (b The diagram below shows a quadratic function in the form of .

Equation of line of symmetry is . Find the values of *a*, *b* and *c*.

17



20 In the diagram below, O is the origin, A is and B is . C is a variable point with the coordinates and D is the point of intersection of the lines AB and OC.

)

							[2]
	(b	Find				<u> </u>	
)	(i) the equ	uation	of the line <i>AB</i> ,			
					Answer	(b)(i)	[1]
		(ii) the val	lue of	<i>m</i> when the len	gth of <i>OC</i> is gi	ven as units,	
				10			
					Answer	(b)(ii) <i>m</i> =	[1]
		(iii) using	the va	lue of <i>m</i> in (ii),	find the coordi	nates of <i>D</i> .	
An	swei	r Key			Answer	(b)(iii) (,)	[2]
1	(a)		(b)				
2	(a)	litres	(b)	4.18 m/s			

(a) Prove that triangles *OBD* and *CAD* are similar for all values of *m*.

3 (a)

(b)

4 5 (b) (a) km/h (b) 3330 ns 6 (a) 7 (ii) 16 (a) (b) (i) (b) 8 (a) (c) (a) 35 9 (b) (c) 2499 10 (a) (i) 3 cm (ii) 3.61 cm (b) 11 (a) 1 : 50000 (b) 8000 m (c) 32 cm (b) 156 ° 12 (a) 13 x = , y =(iii) 0 14 (a) (i) $\{8, 12, 16\}$ (ii) 6 (b) -72° 15 (a) (base angles isosceles triangle), (b) (angles in the same segment), shown (c) 18 + 18 (exterior angle of a triangle) (d) 111° = 36° $= 72 - 36 = 36^{\circ}$ **BD** bisects (c) (3, 9) 16 (a) (b) (b) 600 cm 17 (a) d = 20(c) (i) (c) (ii)

18 (a) (i) 12.5 (ii) 4.5

(b) median of girls = 15 and IQR of girls = 4.5

Boys are faster because median is smaller. Boys' performance more consistent as IQR is smaller.

19 (a) (b) a =

20 (a) AC is horizontal, hence parallel to OB (b) (i) (alternate angles, AC //OB) (ii) m = 3 (iii) (2,) (alternate angles, AC //OB)

Since 2 corresponding angles are equal, are similar.

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100									N.S.
Tanjong Katong Girfs' School	Answer	 The sine of an angle is 0.1786. Give two possible values for the angle in degn 	Answ		In Singapore S\$1 = 6.373 Swedish Krona	 Ruja is travelling from Singapore to Sweden. Ruja wanta to change 2000 Singapore Dollara How many more Swediah Krona will be get b your answer to the nearest Swediah Krona. 	Answer	1. Write the following in order of size, smallest $-\frac{25}{41} - \sqrt{0.36}$	ž
Secondary Four Preliminary Examination 2016 [Turn over]	* or	rees, correct to two significant figures.	er		In Swedish Krona = \$\$0.1563	into Swedish Krona. y changing his money in Sweden? Give	st fargest (21	first. -0.22 ³	
		9 0			9				ŧ∫₹
		7155		6					Kur Exeminer't un
	Answer	5. A holiday camp is planned for 30 children and food is bought to last for 12 doys. If the number of children increases to 37 children, how many whole doys do you expect the food to last?			1,000,000 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 List two ways in which the graph is misleading.	1,400,000	1,600,000	 The following chart showing the average number of viewers watching the evening news broadcast was published in a newspaper. Number of Drastic Increase in Viewership 	8

1	wilding Katong Girts' School				kilograms. Calculate the radius of the small	Two cones, made of the same mu The smaller cone has a mass o		Given that $3 + 81^* = \sqrt{3^{-1}}$, find
[Turn over]	Answer				er cone as a percentage of the larger cone.	aterial, have the same height. If 1 kiloenum and the larger cone has a mass of 3	Answer n =	the value of n.
)		Ensater's Es
					و ا	1		 E S
	- Answer (b)	(b) neither are short-haired dogs.	(a) they are both cats; Answer (a)	Two animals are selected at random. Find, as a fraction in its lowest terms, the probability that	The table below shows information about a group of animals in a pet shop. Long-heired Cat Dog Short-baired 8 3	Answer x		γ , y varies inversely with the square root of x. Describe the change in x when y is halved.

	[Turn over]
	Tanjong Kátong Girls' School Secondary Four Préliminary Examination 2018
- Answer (b) // =	- Answer (b)
 (b) Find the analiest possible integer value of A_x given that the frighest com factor and lowest common multiple of 168 and A is 24 and 2520 respective 	
Answer (a) <i>k</i> =	
(a) Find the smallest possible integer value of k such that $\frac{168}{k}$ is a perfect up	(b) Find an expression to represent the <i>n</i> th term. [1]
Answer (b)	(a) Find the value of a.
	11. Each term in this sequence is found by adding a constant to the previous term. $a_{\star} 25_{\star} b_{\star} 37_{\star} \dots$
Listening Comprehension 37 3 Given that two students failed both tests, find the number of student passed both tests. 5	Answer (b) minutes seconds [J]
(b) 40 students sat for an oral test and Listening Comprehension test. The Init table shows the results.	
	Answer (a)
A	1
Answer (a)	(a) Find the train's speed in m/s. Express your answer in standard form.
12. (a) On the Venn Diagram shown in the answer space, shade the set Arch (10. A high-speed train travels at an estimated speed of 660 kilometres per hour.
n Ensembler 6	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

....jong Katong Girts' School A, B, C and D are the vertices of a square. The point Z lies on CD such that A, X, Y Answer Given that AXB = DYA = 90°, prove that triangles ABX and DAY are congruent and Z are collinear. Secondary Four Preliminary Examination 2018 [Turn over] 3 -, and the second 16. 15. In the triangle ABC, AD = 4 cm, DC = 6 cm, BC = 9 cm and D is a point on AC such that $\angle ABD = \angle ACB$. Find the length of BD. On a particular map, two train stations are shown to be 6 cm apart. Ŧ (a) If the actual distance between the stations is 3 km, express the map scale in the On the same map, a rectangular field occupies an area of 24 cm². Find the actual area of the field in km2. form 1 : m. 4 cm D 6 cm /o cm Answer Answer (a) 1 : Answer (b) ... 0 , . E 9 H Ξ Ξ



---- Jung Katong Girls' School 9 (c) Using your graph, explain why $x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0$ has no solution. (b) Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$ on the axes provided below. (iii) Express $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$ in the form $y = (x + a)^2 + b$ Answer (c) 0 63 Answer (a) --Secondary Four Preliminary Examination 2016 ĥ [Turn over] Ξ 12 Ξ . familier's 2 3 20 3 8 All invested some money in a savings account for 5 years. How much did Ali invest in the account? At the end of the 5 years there was \$2693.71. compounded quarterly. The rate of compound interest was fixed at 6% per annum and interest was The cash price of a computer is \$2500. The hire-purchase price of the computer is \$2775. The hire-purchase price is a deposit of x% of the cash price plus 12 equal monthly payments of \$200. Calculate x. 12 Answer (b) \$ Answer (a) x = .E 12

- For familier Tanjong Katong Girls' School 21. . (c) Calculate the area of the minor sector XOY. (b) Find the length of the minor are XY. Ξ The points X and Y list on the circumference of the wheel and \(\arXOY = 0.8726\) mdians. In the diagram, O is the centre of a wheel of circumference 150 cm. Calculate the number of complete revolutions the wheel would make in travelling a distance of 1 km. 5 Answer (a) 13 Answer (c) -Secondary Four Presminary Examination 2016 0,8726 Answer (b) revolutions [1] [Turn over] ŝ, G 3 12 Employee's Real Port 12 (c) Calculate the area of the square. ŝ In the diagram, PQRS is a square, P is the point (0, 8), Q is the point (2, 2) and R is the point (8, 4). (a) Write down the coordinates of S. Find the equation of PQ. Answer (b) Ŧ ÷ Answer (c) Answer (a) (... * ... units?

-vong Katong Gint' Schoel [3]	Answer (b)	(b) Expinin why BCE is a straight line. [2]	(a) Calculate reflex angle <i>BCD</i> :		1. The diagram shows two regular pennagons ABCGH and CDEPFO. All and ED are produced to meet at point P .
4			3		sa an
	 (b) Given that the diagonals intersect at D and that PD : DR = 1:7, show that the area of the kite is 480 cm². Answer (b) 		(a) Find the value of x and y.	$(7x-1) \operatorname{cm} \qquad \qquad$	24. (3x + y) cm (3x + 7y) cm



1	38	E	5	5					5	5	٩,	Ξı	Ξ,		1	1	Π.	U .		1.1										10.			Ē
1 : 50 000 6 km ² 5.69 cm		360	42	25			7 / 7		3	6n+13	19	2 minutes 5 secon	1.83×10^{1}	4	40	511	A mice area of an	57.7%	00	9 days 3		from 2012	Missing data		Title is blased	from zero.	does not start	Unread avia	Misleading feature (of	10", 170"	50 Swedish Krona	- 250.22	
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25(c)				25(b)	25(a)(ii)	25(a)(I)	24(a)	Z3(a)	22(c)	22(b)	22(a)	21(0)	21(b)	21(a)	20(b)	20(a)	19/61	_			19(b)	19(a)	18(b)	18(a)		17(c)					-	(b)	0
31.25 \$	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	I			13 g m/s	1 m/s ²	x=2, y=3	216*	40 units ²	y = -3x + 8	(6, 10)	249 cm ²	20,8 cm	868	\$2000.00	15	The granh does not cut the wavis	x. 0	* 12.11	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		$y = (x-2)^2 + 1$	11.5 cm	OP = OQ (radii of same circle) AB = CD (equal chords)	the points β and \underline{C} .	The point X is equidistant from the			e	1	*	× (a)	Answer

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Answer all questions on the writing paper provided.



- Mr. Tan bought a liptop for \$1000 and a mobile phone for \$800. He sold them to a shop a week later. He sold the liptop at a profit of P% and the mobile phone at a loss of L% on their respective cost prices.
- (i) Express the profit for the sale of the inptop in terms of P.

Ξ

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- (ii) Express the loss for the sale of the mobile phone in terms of L. [1]
- (iii) Hence, calculate and determine if there is an overall profit or loss for the sales made to the shop when the percentage loss of selling the mobile phone is the same as the percentage profit of selling the laptop. [2]
- (f) If the overall profit of the sales is exactly 2% of the total cost price, show that 10P = 8L + 36.

3

(ii) Find the values of P and L when the percentage profit from the sale of the laptop is twice that of the percentage loss from the sale of the mobile phone. [2]



The diagram shows a circle, ABCDE, centre O. ET is the tangent to the circle at E and AODT is a straight line. Angle $EAD \approx 35^{\circ}$ and angle $BCD = 135^{\circ}$.

- (a) Find, giving reasons for each answer
- (i) angle EOD .
- (ii) angle ADE

Ξ

- (ii) mgle AD
- (iii) angle ETA .
- (b) Show that *BE* bisects angle *AED*,
- (c) Given also that angle EBC = 57.5". Determine whether BC = DC. Cive reasons for your answer.

Ξ

 $\xi = (integers x; 1 \le x \le 9)$

 $A = \{x; x \text{ is an odd number and } x^2 \ge 9\}$

şn

Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

 $B = \{x: x \text{ is not a multiple of } 3\}$

Ξ Draw a Venn diagram to illustrate this information

Ē Write down n(A).

1 List the element(s) contained in the set $(A \cup B)$

Ξ

Ξ 2

(b) A factory produces large and small sizes softs. The following table is used in calculating the cost of producing the softs.

Small	Large	
.5	6	Manpower (Hours)
2	4	Raw Material (Boxes)
0.2	0.5	Electricity (Units)

Ξ Represent the above information in a 2 × 3 matrix A

T

Manpower costs \$8.50 per hour, the raw material used costs \$2 per box and the electricity costs 70 cents per unit.

3 Represent the above information in a 3 × 1 matrix B.

Ξ

1 ropresent. Evaluate the matrix C = AB and state what the elements of C N

3 1f D=(10 25), evaluate DC and interpret the results 12

The variables x and y are connected by the equation

 $y = x + \frac{4}{x} - 52,$

Some corresponding values of x and y_s correct to 2 decimal places, are given in the table below.

4	×
1.21	0.7
-0.20	1.0
-1.03	1.5
-12	2.0
d.	3.0
-0.20	4.0
0.60	5.0
2.37	7.0
2.83	7.5

1 Calculate the value of p.

Ξ

3 Using a scale of 4 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a vertical y-axis for $-2 \le y \le 3$. $0 < x \le 8$. Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for

On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth CHIVE. Ξ

٢ Use your graph to solve the equation $x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$

Ξ

By drawing a tangent, find the value of x where the gradient of the curve is 0.75. 12

(d)

On the same axes, draw the line $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2$ for $0 < x \le 8$ Ξ

(c)

Ξ

- 8 the curve. Write down the x-coordinate of the point where this line intersects Ξ
- 1 This value of x is a solution of the equation $x^2 + Ax + B = 0$, Find the value of A and the value of B. Z

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10. 3 3 Ξ The cross section of the drain is made up of a trapezium and a semicircle. The radius of the semicircle is 50 cm and the vertical height measured from the bottom of the semicircle to the top of the trapezium is 200 cm. The length of one of the parallel sides of the trapezium is twice the length of the other. cylinder as shown: In this question, the dmin can be modelled as a trapezoid attached to the top of half a Drains are common in Singapore to regulate water flow to prevent floeds from occurring, A drain must be able to channel away 90% of the rain water within 30 seconds, if not preventive measures need to be set up to curb the flood. Decide whether preventive measures need to be set up for that particular rainsform. Show your working and give reasons to justify your answer. Calculate the volume of the drain, in cubic metres, which stretches for 10 m. [4] Find the lengths of the parallel sides and the vertical height of the trapezium. [2] Useful Information , • The rate of flow of water for this drain during a perticular rainstorm is 48000 litres per minute 1 m³ is equivalent to 1000 litres ---End of Paper ---CONSIGNATIVE 2'SPEC Ŧ

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				(1)	Show	Show	(00)	(#)	(i)	(6)	(8)		(iii)	(ii)	(3)	(ii)	()	(1)	Э	9
	6	0 7 8 4	1 5 1 3 B	<[question	สุนอรถ์อต	20*	55"	70*	P = 6, L = 3	Show question		\$2P > 0	382	\$10P	$\frac{81}{1-4\pi}$	$\frac{3q}{2p} = 1$	$h = \frac{16T^3K}{16T^2 - 1}$	$\frac{xa + 2b}{b^2 - a^2}$	Answer
Π	Π	Π	9	T		1			œ				T	-1					6	
	(b)		(a)		(d)	(e)	(b)		(2)	(d)	(6)	(b)	T	(a)	(0)	(d)	Ē	9	(a)	VNo.
(ii) (a) Mean = \$61	(0 10, 30, 30, 6, 4	(ii) IQR=\$18	(i) Median = \$60	(II) 15	0 5	$k = \frac{1}{5}, h = \frac{3}{5}$	Show question	(ii) 3p+2q	b-d (j)	4.86 cm ³	$1\frac{1}{3}$ or $-\frac{1}{6}$	Show question	(ii) OR = 9r	(i) $RQ = 9r + 3$	8.7" (1/d.p.)	262 m (3 s.f.)	Area of <i>APRS</i> = 98200 m ² (3 s.f.)	2PRS = 29.0"(1 d.p.)	<i>PR</i> = 540 m (3.sf)	Answer

		(0)	(d)	(c)	(6)	(a)					6	1	
(88)	(6)	(1)	x=4	x=2		p =-	(iv)		(iii)	8	9	(11)	(0)
	x=1,1	See graph				0.87	DC = (1759.5) The element represents the total cost to produce 10 large sofa and 25 small sofas.	cost to produce one large sofa and one small sofa respectively.	$C = \begin{pmatrix} 59.35 \\ 46.64 \end{pmatrix}$ The elements represent the	(8.5) 2 (0.7)	(6 4 0.5) (5 2 0.2)	$(A \cup B) = (6)$	n(A) = 4
									10				T
							(c)	(b)	(a)		9		
							Since the time taken to channy water is 29.73s which is < 30s, then is no need to set up preventiv measures.	26,4 m ³	Vertical height = 150 cm or 1.5 m Length of short aide = 100 cm or 1 Length of long side = 200 cm or 2n	higher than the median amount \$60 sollected by the soccer team t \$6.	The outdoor club collected mo methay on average because it median amount of money collectu by the outdoor club is \$66 which		(ii) (b) S.D = \$19,47 (2 d.p.)

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This paper consists of to printed pages, including the cover page.	The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 80.	Answer all the questions. If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer. Orrission of essential working will result in loss of marks. You are expected to use a scientific calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions. If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For \mathcal{X} , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of \mathcal{K} .	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark biue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.	Candidates answer on the Question Paper,	PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION TWO SECONDARY FOUR	VICTORIA SCHOOL		MATHEMATICS PAPER 1 Friday 29 July 2016 2 hours	4048/01 16/S4PR2/EM/1	Class Register Number
VICTORIA SCH	76	(i) E	2 (a) ((i) (ii)	(a) W	abor V 7		(b) 5	I Catesti (a) 5	51 (* 0
0aL		gbt travels 1 metre in nd the total distance, i	$\frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{1}$	alculate the value of t	rite down in expressi	nnoë of numbers (s gy 1 th line: 2 nd line: 4 th line:		significant figures.	dectivital places,	Jo mona 44
(6/S4PR2/EM/3	, A	3.3 nanosoconds, n metres, that light w	find the value of a	te 67 th term of the s	on, in terms of n. for	ran an follows: $1^{2} + 1 - 1 = 1$ $2^{2} + 2 - 1 = 5$ $3^{2} + 3 - 1 = 11$ $4^{2} + 4 = 1 = 19$			Brid how mover o	ų
4- 1-	namer (b)	Answer (a) 1 =		equence.	r the rith term in the sequence. Annwer (a)		Answer (b)	Answer (a)	normed by	
8	[1] m.	Ξ)	L.	in the						

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VICTORIA SCHOOL IS/NAPRJEM/1	ARTINGT	6 Simplify $3bb^4 - 25(1-b)^2$.	Anner	Paul choises A. His reasoning is that the two hoses have a bigger combined a of $5 + 5 = 10 > 8$. Is Paul right? Explain.	A Two hoses with diamaters of 5 cm each. OR B A hose with a diamaters of 8 cm.	5 A group of students were asked to determine which of the following allows n to flow through its a given time:	Autower (b) y=	(b) Find y.	(a) Find a	2010 Ed. manufact bas 2010		an	4 P4
VICTORIA SCHOOL IASSAPREMENT	(II)	(b) Factorise completely $x^2 - 3x^2 - 4x + 12$	8 (8) Factorise x ² -3p+4y 2] Atomic (a) [1]	den (1)		(c) If $M \subseteq E$, find the number of students who did not speak either English or their Mether Torupe.	(i) If is given that $n(E) = 256$, $n(E) = 195$ and $n(M) = 123$.		(b) On the Venti Diagram, shade the region which represents $E \cup (M \cup E)$. [1]	Announe (d)	(a) Describe, as simply as possible, in words, the set $M \cap E^*$.	$d = \{\text{The set of attidents who were interviewed}\}$ $E = \{\text{The set of attidents who spoke English}\}$ $M = \{\text{The set of students who spoke their Mother Tougue}\}$	5 Some students were inservicesed to find out the languages they spoke at home.

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2016 Victoria School Prellin 2 Mathematics Paper 1 Answer Key

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$0 \le T < 65$	5.70	3	123	r noes	Vo. 360" is not devisible by 7	x = -3.45 gr x = 1.45	$y = x^2 + 2x - 5$	increase by 69%	54	Disagree Modian marks in Elementary Mathematics (-	*)	$2\frac{1}{3}$ days	S-days	16g	\$12.50	NG CANELLENG OF	(x-2)(x+2)(x-3)	$(x-y)^2$	61 inudents		$M \cap E$ is the set of students who spoke only in their	(146-3)(6+3)	No. Paul is wrong. The bose in H with a larger cross to flow through than in A.	2 - 32	X=110	2000 m	X	4555	$n^2 + n - 1$	0.0050408	- AND CONTRACTOR
									The second secon	parter is lower.													in Mother Fourne at home		s septional area allows more water								

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This paper consists of 10 printed pages, including the cover page. [Turn over	The number of marks for this paper is 100.	Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. Answer all questions.	Additional Materials: Answer Paper Graph Paper		4048/02 10/SAPR2/EM/2 MATHEMATICS PAPER 2 Tuesday 2 August 2016 2 hours 30 minutes	Class Register Number
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VICTORIA		0	2 (1)	(b)		
SCHOOL	(11) 11- 00 22- 01- 01- 01- 01- 01- 01- 01- 01- 01- 01	(IV) and a large	(ii) (ii) (iii) (i	(iii) Solve t places.	() Victor Gloria She po	C.
MASHPRO/EM/2	File down an expression for the next two connecutive odd numbers after the tribert. [1] and simplify an expression for the difference between the squares of the two connecutive odd numbers found in (b)(1). [2] conor, explain why the difference between the squares of two consecutive dd numbers is always a multiple of 8. [1]	owest common multiple of 8064 and p, giving your answer as the product of its prime factors, [1] readest integer that will divide both 8064 and p exactly. [1]	Express 8064 as the product of its prime factors. [1] Find the value of k such that $\frac{8064}{k}$ is the largest possible perfect cube. [1]	Solve your simultaneous equations to find <i>t</i> and <i>m</i> . [2 Colculate the rotal cost of buying two pieces of tofu and five pieckets of mustroom. [1] the equation $3 + 13x - 4x^2 = 0$, giving the answers correct to three dectinal to [4]	 we are sourced and organic fairs in Moral Farmway with their families, in buys free pieces of tofu and four packets of multicoord for \$21.35 is buys four pieces of talta and three packets of multicoord particles and piece schange of \$1.80. Write down a pair of simultaneous equations to represent this information. Use t to represent the cost, in dollars, of a piece of tofu [2] 	3 Answer all the questions

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The table below shows the ticket prices in the Singapore Garden Festival held at Gardens by the Buy.

ιú.

11111	VGUU	Ticket
- 12	100	Price

- Represent the tacket price for adult, child and senior citizen by a column matrix
 Q.
 [1]
- (b) Mr Ang bought 4 adults, 2 children and 1 senior citizen tickets to the festival. Weite down a matrix P such that the matrix multiplication R = PQ gives the total amount Mr Ang paid for the tickets. Hence, find R. [2]
- (c) The table below shows the number of tickets sold as the feytival.

12ay	Adult	Child	Sent
Monday	18	30	
The second second	58	-40	1

- The licket sales collected on Monday and Tuesday was 52724 and 52936 respectively.
 Represent these toket sales in a 2×1 matrix T. [1]
- (ii) Form a matrix multiplication such that the product will be T.
- (iii) Find the value of c and of z.

2 3

Cardens by the Hay donated part of their ticket safes to a charity organization. U represents the total amount of money donated to the organization on Monday and Tuesday.

(iv) Evolution the matrix $\mathbf{U} = \{0, 15, 0, 1\}$ T.

2

(v) Explain what the elements of the matrix (0.15 0.1) represent. [1]



VICTORIA SCHOOL 16/54PH2/PM/2	(e) By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, solve $2x^2 - 11x + 12 = 0$. (2)	 (d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at (6, 3). {2 	(c) Use your graph to find the solutions of $x + \frac{12}{x} = 8\frac{1}{5}$. [1	On your uses, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3	(b) Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a borizontal x-axis for 0 ≤ x ≤ 8. Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a vertical y-axis for 0 ≤ y ≤ 8.	(a) Calculate the value of p.	x 1 1.5 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 y 8 p 3 2 2 2.4 3 1.7 4.5	The variables x and y are connected by the equation $y = x + \frac{12}{x} - 5$. Some corresponding values of x and y are given in the table below.	6 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.	(iii) Solve the equation $\frac{h}{4-h} - \frac{1}{h+3} = \frac{4}{5}$	(iii) Hence, state the smallest integer value of x such that $\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$.	(c) (l) Solve the inequality $\frac{6x}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \le x + 2\frac{1}{4}$.	(b) Simplify $\frac{2u+18v}{\left(u+4v\right)^2-25v^2}$	5 (a) Simplify $\frac{16a^3b^4}{7c^6} + \frac{4ab^3}{21a^5} \times \frac{27a^{s+1}}{8a^{s+1}}$	6
(iii) Find the value of Arms of A BCR [1] VICTORIA SCHOOL 1054PHILIDAD2 [1]	(ii) Given that $BR = \frac{7}{5}q - p$, find k if $\overline{OC} = k \overline{CR}$. (1)	(c) <u>BT</u> [1]	(b) $\overline{or_{v}}$ [1]	(a) OB . [1]	(1) Express each of the following as simply at seasther in terms of a	OABC is a parallelogram. OA = p, OC = q and Of = 4 AC				(iv) Given $\overline{OQ} = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\ 11\frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$. What type of quadrilateral is APQB7 Jointify your answer using vectors. [3].	Find the column vector \overline{AP} . [2]	(iii) Find [87]. [21]	(i) Write down the column vector \overline{BC} [1]	7. (a) A is a point $(-A, 1)$, $\overline{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ a \end{pmatrix}$ and $\overline{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ B \end{pmatrix}$.	7



$C = \frac{1}{100} = $	 a function of the structure consists of a speel denoised explorational plastic continuer of a structure to be been and size. ABFZ and BCUE a structure to the speel is a structure to the speed exploration of the exame use fit the containers of the structure consists of a speel denoised explorational plastic continuer is placed plastic container and be plastic container in plastic container and be plastic container and the exame use fit the container. The radius and height of the plastic container are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively. (a) Write down the dimension of the exame use of the exame use the radius of the exame use the radius and begin to the structure are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively. (b) Calculate the line of a structure of a structure of a structure. (c) Calculate the line area of the exame of the exame (1). (d) exact total infrace area of the exame (1). (e) Calculate the line and the exame and the exame and the exame (1). (f) the share volution infrace area of the exame. (g) the structure over an area of 3.73 m². How many time detay needs to partial containers in the structure over any time detay need to partial container in Table to the time, what is the maximum volume of needs by the class in a single collection? (g) The share volution in Filed to the time, what is the maximum volume of needs by the class in a single collection? 	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		1b $x = -0.216 (3 d p.)$ or
1b $x = -0.216 (3 d p)$ or $x = 3.466 (3 d p)$		24(i) 8064 = 2 ⁷ ×3 ⁴ ×7
$\frac{16}{24(1)} = -0.216 (3 d p) \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 d p)$	E. Starward and a star	2a(0) $k = 126$
$\frac{16}{2a(i)} = \frac{-0.216}{8064 = 2^7 \times 3^4 \times 7}$ $\frac{2a(i)}{2a(i)} = \frac{8064 = 2^7 \times 3^4 \times 7}{k = 126}$		$\frac{2a(iii)}{2^{2}\times3^{2}\times7}$
$\frac{16}{24(1)} = \frac{16}{3064 + 2^{2} \times 3^{3} \times 7}$ $\frac{16}{24(1)} = \frac{126}{3064 + 2^{2} \times 3^{3} \times 7}$		2a(iv) 504
$ \begin{bmatrix} 1b & x = -0.216 (3 d p) & \text{or} & x = 3.466 (3 d p) \\ \hline 2a(1) & 8064 = 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline 2a(1) & k = 126 \\ \hline 2a(1) & 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline 2a(1) & 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline 2a(1) & 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline \end{bmatrix} $	11	2b(1) $(2n+3)$ and $(2n+5)$
$H = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & x = -0.216 & (3 \text{ d} \text{ p}) & \text{or} & x = 3.466 & (3 \text{ d} \text{ p}) \\ \hline 2a(1) & 8064 = 2^7 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline 2a(1) & k = 126 \\ \hline 2a(1) & k = 126 \\ \hline 2a(1) & 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline 2a(1) & 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7 \\ \hline 2a(1) & 304 \\ \hline 2b(1) & (2n+3) \text{ und } (2n+5) \\ \hline \end{bmatrix}$	Class 4V has chosen the 'Go Green' thene for their Social Imposition Project.	3b(ii) 8(n+2)
Class 4V has chosen the 'Go Green' there for their Social Imagention Protect	The diagram above shows the recycling bins structure that they have built	2b(iii) Since 8 is a factor of 8(n+2
$\frac{16}{F} = \frac{16}{24(1)} \frac{x = -0.216 (3 \text{ d} \text{ p}) \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ d} \text{ p})}{24(1)} \frac{x}{8064 = 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7} \frac{24(1)}{24(1)} \frac{8064 = 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7}{24(1)} \frac{24(1)}{24(1)} \frac{8064 = 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7}{24(1)} \frac{24(1)}{24(1)} \frac{2}{24(1)} \frac{304}{24(1)} \frac{2}{24(1)} \frac{2}{30(1)} \frac{2}{2} \times 3^5 \times 7}{26(1)} \frac{26(1)}{26(1)} \frac{8(n+2)}{8(n+2)}$ The diagram above shows the recycling bias structure that they have bailt.	The whole structure consists of 3 open identical cylindrical plastic containers fit into a	numbers will always he a m
$\frac{16}{R} = -0.216 (3 \text{ d.p.}) \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ d.p.})$ $\frac{16}{24(1)} = \frac{2}{24(1)} = \frac{2}{8064 + 2^2 \times 3^2 \times 7}$ $\frac{2}{24(1)} = \frac{2}{8064 + 2^2 \times 3^2 \times 7}$ $\frac{2}{24(1)} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{2}{8} \times 3^2 \times 7$ $\frac{2}{24(1)} = \frac{2}{8} \times 3^2 \times 7$ $\frac{2}{2} = \frac{2}{8} \times 3^2 \times 3^2 \times 7$ $\frac{2}{2} = \frac{2}{8} \times 3^2 \times 3^2$	wooden cuboid crate. All the containers and the crate are of negligible thickness.	3(ii) 0 = 12
$\frac{16}{4} = \frac{1}{24(1)} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} +$	3 circles had to be out from the top of the crate to fit the containers.	(8)
$\frac{ b }{ a } = \frac{ b }{ a } = $	ision positic container is placed in the crate such that they are 20 cm away from the aides of the crate, <i>ADHE</i> and <i>BCGF</i> , as well as 20 cm apart from each other.	P = (4 2 1)
$ \frac{16}{4} = \frac{1}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.466 (3 \text{ Jp}), $ $ \frac{16}{24(3 \text{ Jp})} \text{ or } x = 3.4$	hacn plastic certianer touches the base and sides, <i>ABFE</i> and <i>DCGH</i> , of the crate too. The radius and height of the plastic container are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively.	100
$\frac{ b }{R} = -\frac{(216 (3 \text{ dp}) \text{ tree} x = 3.466 (3 \text{ dp}))}{24(9)}$ Chave 4V has chosen the 'Go Green' therm for their Social Imvortion Frogs. The diagram above above the recycling bias structure for their Social Imvortion Frogs. The diagram above above the recycling bias structure that they have built. The whole structure constitute of 1 open identical cylinatizers fill into x wooden cuboid crate. All the containers and the crute are of negligible thickness. 3 circles had to be out from the copy of the scrate to fit the containers. Each plastic container is placed in the crate and that they are 20 cm away from the sides of the crate. ADHE and BCCHF, or the scrate to 0. The radius and height of the plastic container are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively. (20)	(a) Write down the dimensions of the crate. [1]	$R = (4 \ 2 \ 3)$
$\frac{16}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{216} (34p)} \text{ or } x \pm 3466 (34p)}$ Chas 4V has chosen the 'Co Green' there for theti Social Innovation Frojact The diagram above shows the necycling bias structure for theti Social Innovation Frojact The whole structure consists of 3 open identical cylindrical platic continers (fit into x wooden caboid cente. All the containers Each plastic container is placed in the crute are of negligible thickgree. Social in all box with a they are 20 cm away from the state of the containers is placed in the crute and sides, ABEE and DCOEP, of the crute too. The radius and height of the plastic container are 30 cm name (1) Write down the dimension of the crute. (1)	(b) Calculate the	(01))= [01]
$\frac{ b }{ a } = (2)(1-2)(1-2)(1-2)(1-2)(1-2)(1-2)(1-2)(1$	(ii) exact total surface area of the crate that was tot out. [1]	$\exists (c)(l)$ $T = \begin{pmatrix} 2724 \\ 27244 \end{pmatrix}$
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline b & z = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp) \\ \hline c = -0.216 (3 dp) \ or & z = 3.466 (3 dp$	(II) exact total internal surface area of each cylinatrical container, [2]	(11)
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(iii) total exposed external iniface area of the crase. [2]	3(c)(i) (85 42 z) (2 = 2744
$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{-0.216 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.8 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.216 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.8 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.216 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.216 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.216 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.216 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu)}{1.6 \times 2}$ $\frac{b}{2.6 \times 2} = \frac{-0.26 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3.06 (34 \mu) \text{ or } x = 3$	(c) The class would like to paint all the apposed external surfaces of the crate vellow	3(c)(lii) $c=47$ and $s=46$
$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{-(216 (34 \text{ p}) \text{ or } \frac{z - 3466 (34 \text{ p})}{2})}{\frac{2}{2} + 346 (34 \text{ p})}$ Chas 4V has closen be. Go Green' there for their Seciel harvourse Frage. The whole structure constant of 1 open identical ophidatical fundace containers. Scricts had to be car from the copy of the scrue on of negligible the layers. Scricts had to be car from the copy of the scrue are of negligible the layers. Scricts had to be car from the copy of the scrue are of negligible the layers. Scricts had to be car from the copy of the scrue are of negligible the layers. Scricts had to be car from the copy of the scrue are of the crue are of the crue to the target and burget of the crue to the target are 30 cm and 120 cm respectively. (a) Virite down the dimension of the crue (1) (b) cases to all internal turfices area of the crue of the crue (2) (c) The class would like to pain all faces area of the crue (2) (d) to internal turfices area of the crue (2) (e) The class would like to pain all the crue to the true (2) (f) the class would like to pain all the crue to the true (2) (g) the target of the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the class true (2) the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the target of the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the target of the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the target of the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the target of the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the target of the crue (2) the crue (2) (g) the class would like to pain all the crue (2) the crue value (2) (g) the class would like to pain (2) the crue (2) the crue value (2) th	One tin of paint can cover an area of 3.75 m ³ . How many tins do they need to	3(c)(iv) (683)
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline w & w = 0 & (1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,$	purchance autity your anilwer. [2]	Elements of (0.15 0.1) repr
$ \frac{y_{1}}{y_{2}} = \frac{y_{2}}{y_{2}} = \frac{y_{2}}{$	(d) If each cylindrical container is filled to the brinn, what is the maximum volume of recordables that can be collected by the class in a strate collection? 101	3(c)(v) Gardens by the Bay had donn Tuesday removies
$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $		4(a)(i) 74.5 m (3 ± f.)
$ \frac{b}{dx} = \frac{(x + y)^2}{(x + y)^2} + (x$		4(a)(ii) 3120 m ² (3.5,f.)
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-1}} = \frac{1}$	End of Paper	4(a)(m) 121 m (3 s.f.)
$ \frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$		4(b) 293*
$ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{2$		-4(c) 5.8" (1 d.p.)

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8(b)	8(a)(ii)	N(aM3)(c)	X(a)(i)(b)	(n)(i)(n)8	7(b)(iii)	7(9)(0)	7(b)(0)c)	2(b)(0(b)	7(b)(0(a)	7(a)(iv)		760(101)	2(H)(M)2	70000	(010)	(d)	6(c)	ncid-	5(d)(ii)	5(d)()	5(c)(ii)	3(c)(i)	500	(a)(c)
Super of shaded region = 18 cm ² Perimeter of shaded region = 24.6 cm (3 s.f.)	176 cm ² (3 s.f.)			32* .		A = 1 + -	$a_{5-b_{T}}$			$ \overline{AP} = BQ $ and $ \overline{AB} = \overline{PQ} $ Thus, $APQM$ is a parallelogram.	AP = BQ and $AB = PQ$	$\left(\begin{array}{c} -1\\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$	8.94 antis (3.a.f.)		御田田 一部の第1年間	0.660 (3 mf.)	1-19 12 1-6,1	p=4.5	$N = -3\frac{7}{9}$ or $N = 2$	$\frac{h^2 + dh - 4}{(4 - h)(h + 3)}$	-15	$x \gg -\frac{1}{8}$		$\frac{ \delta (a' b)}{2c}$

00009	pm(2
9(a)(0)(a)	34.64 years
(a)(ii)(b)	545 yean (3 s.f.)
9(a)(iii)	The employees in company W are younger than these in company V since the mean age of employees in company W is lower than that of company V.
	The spread of ages of employees in company W is wider since the standard deviation of ages of employees in company W is larger than that of company V.
(a)(ii)(d)e	10 10
(4000000	
(b)(i)(c)	10 10 10
(000)	260 cm by 60 cm by 120 cm
10(0)(0)	2700 # Em ⁴
10(b)(H)	8100 # cm ³
(000000)	83000 cm ³ (3.s.f.)
10(c)	3
(b)(d)	1020(800 cm ² (3 s.f.)

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 (a) Construct a quadrilateral ABCD where BC = 7.3 cm, CD = 9.2 cm and AD = 8.1 cm and ∠BAD = 105°. AB has already been drawn. (b) Construct. 	(i) the perpendicular bisector of AD , (ii) the angle bisector of $\angle ABC$.	(c) Mark clearly a possible point which is inside the quadrilateral $ABCD$, equidistant from A and D, and is neares to AB than BC . Label this point T.	Antone		- End of Paper -
A manufacturer wants to produce a geometrically similar giant hexagonal prism. The cross- section of the giant prism has sides of length 2 m. Given that the cost of producing one small hexagonal prism is \$20, calculate the cost of producing the giant hexagonal prism	(assume that cost is directly proportional to volume)	2			

27500	13000 cm²	3520 cm ²	\$160000	
195	20.	206	206	21
7	ZABC = ZDAC (Given) ZBCA = ZACD (Common angle) ZBAC = ZADC (Angles sum of triangle) ΔABC is similar to ΔDAC (AAA Similarity)	2	-10	
0	2	1118	IIPi	

3 3 $(4,3257)$ $(4,16)$ $(4,3257)$ $(2b)$ $(2b)$ $(4,16)$ $(14,33)$ $(2b)$ $(2b)$ $(2b)$ $(5,03\times10^1)$ (33×10^2) (33×10^2) $(34,16)$ $(14,33)$ $(2b)$ $(3b)$ (20) $(14,33)$ $(2b)$ $(3b)$ (20) $(14,33)$ $(2b)$ $(3b)$ (20) $(14,33)$ $(2b)$ $(2b)$ $(4,16)$ $(14,33)$ $(2b)$ $(2b)$ $(2b)$ $(25,33)$ $(25,33)$ $(26,30)$ $(25,33)$ (26) (26) (26) $(25,33)$ $(26,75)$ (26) $(25,33)$ $(26,75)$ (26) $(25,33)$ $(26,75)$ (26)													1/= 21				
3 3 14.3257 12bi 14.33 12bi 14.33 12bi 14.33 12bi 14.33 12bi 14.33 12bi 14.33 12bi 15 13b 17 13b 18 16b 100 15b 11 15b		[4,16]	20	14 480 ³ C	3+4-"4EI	1080*	-(x-3) ⁴ +2	4,414 or 1,586	x=3	A(4.4,0), B(0,11	11.8 units	$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 9$	a = 48, b = 61.5,	24.5	\$60.75	\$52.53	\$102500
a 14.3257 14.3257 14.33 15.43 14.35 15.43 14.35 15.43 1	75	1261	1256	130	136	2	15a	156	ISd	Ida	16b	166	174	£1	18a	185	19a
	etti (teri) uch (14.3257	14.33	6.03×10 ¹	11	4]-4n	2 ⁴ ×3×5 ²	2x3	100	2	5	3		<u>s</u> E1		$(x^{2}(5x-7)(5x+7))$	$2(x-3\alpha)(1+4y)$

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Two key ingredients in a cereal bar consists of rolled outs and cocces solids. Jessica made two types of cereal bars. Type A and Type B. in total, the made 25 cups of Type A and 32.5 cups of Type B. The table below shows the number of cups of rolled osts and cocce solids found in one Ξ ΞΞ Ē. tecoagers watched during a week in June. The results collected is shown in the table before Make two comparisons between the number of programmes watched by the two 11 (a) A survey was carried out to find out how many television programmer a group of 50 Cotos solids (cups) . The results for another group of teenagers are summarised below 2 (a) the mean number of programmes watched, 2.2. Write down a 2x2 matrix P to represent the above table Rolled Onts (cups) 246 (c) use PQ = $\begin{pmatrix} 25\\32.5 \end{pmatrix}$ to find the values of x and y2 151124 69 21.5 1.5 2 explain what the elements in Q represent 7 0 (b) the standard deviation Standard deviation find PQ in terms of a and y. Number of programmes groups of teenagers. Number of teenagers 1 Given a matrix $Q = \binom{x}{p}$. Mean Calculate cup of tach type. Type A Type B 5 . ε 9 3 Ð . -1 (a) Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of litres of petrol used by Mr Lim in Ξ Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the number of litres of petrol used by Mr Lim in 5 5 Ξ 2 Ξ Ē Ξ In 2014, Mr Lim paid an average of \$350 for his monthly petrol bill when the price of petrol was 5 x per litre. In 2015, the price of petrol had risen by 25 cents per litre. By cutting down on usage, Use the results found in part (d) to find the number of littres of petrol used by Mr Lim in If the number of litres of petrol used in 2015 is 20 less than that used in 2014, form an Solve the equation $8x^2 + 2x - 35 = 0$, giving your answer correct to 3 decimal places. Mr Lim still managed to pay an average of \$350 for his petrol bill in 2015. <u>10 - 7</u> <u>2a-3 9-6a</u> Answer questions 1 to 5 in Booklet A. equation in x and show that it reduces to $8x^3 + 2x - 35 = 0$. 2015, giving your answer correct to the nearest 0.1 litre. find the value of x when m = 3, n = -2 and y = 1, 2 1 Express as a single fraction in its lowest term, 1 express m in terms of n, x and y. Factorise completely 8p' - 2p. (ii) Hence, simplify $\frac{8p^3-2p}{-2p^2+7p-3}$. Given that $\frac{2m}{3m+y} = \frac{x}{5n}$. 1 2015. 2014

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Arriver questions & to B in Bonaker B Arriver questions & to B in Bonaker B B In a large warehouse, exhical houses of identical strees are stacked in a particular pation. The imper of each side of a box is 40 cm. On Day 1, it houses are placed to form a rectangular block at the centre of the warehouse, as shown in the diagram below. On Day 2, the rectangular block is enlarged by adding boxes to surround the previous day's totos, at show below.	Stritlet etrangement are carried out on Day J and subsequent days After Day 1 After Day 2 After Day 2 After Day 1 The total sumbary Exercise is the exercise block formed after exercises of eth exercises of eth or total activity of the total activity of t	is calculated and recorded in the table below. $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	 (a) Find (b) T. (c) T. (d) an expression in terms of n, for T. (e) (i) Find the value of a. (f) (i) Find the value of a. (g) Show that the formula for the number of boxes added on Day n is 1408, calculate the [i] value of n. 	
(b) Five cards are numbered 1, 4, 6, 7 and 9 respectively. Two cards are drawn, one by one without replacement, and the sum of the numbers are recorded. (i) Show all the possible outcomes in a possibility diagram. (ii) Show all the probability that the sum is (ii) an even number. (iii) a multiple of 3. A third card is drawn (iv) Find the probability that the sum of the three cards is 14.	5 (a) <i>R</i> is the point (1, 5) and <i>S</i> is the point (-2, 6). (i) Write down the column vector \overline{RS} . (ii) Find $ \overline{RS} $ (ii) If $\overline{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} 8\\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, find the coordinates of the point <i>P</i> . (b) In the diagram <i>M</i> is the midnoint of <i>XZ</i> . $\overline{DX} = 3\alpha - \overline{DM} + 7\alpha$ and $\overline{2Y} = \alpha - 2\alpha$.	$a = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} +$	 (i) Express as simply as possible in terms of p and/or q. (ii) XZ, (b) XZ, (c) ON. (d) MT. (d) MT. (e) ON. 	(ii) Show that OM, when produces,

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Calif to C.S. Profimmers financialized 2018 - Mathematics 4043/02



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CHU SNGS Preliminary Examinations 2016 - Mathematics 4048/02


Answer all the questions. 1 order of size, starting with the smallest.	-0.8 ³ , -0.8 Antwer	unaliest largest largest	tion, a charity organization distributed \$25 fiter, ly among the children in a children's home. Each child es, pens and pencils.	number of children.	Autiver (a)	er (b)pensis [1]		v = 0,4,	442366 (0) <i>f</i> =	and v.		Aurwer (b)	
1 Write the following numbers i	- 		2 During a children's day celebra 495 pena and 660 pencils equal received the same number of fi	(a) Find the largest possible	(b) Hence, find the number o	Anth	3 It is given that $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v}$.	(a) Find f when $u = 1.2$ and		(b) Express u in terms of f			
8b) (i) 24.5 cm ² 9b) 49.9 cm 9c) 8.3* 9d) 52.0*	9c) 148.9* 10a) 21.25 10c) 1.65 < c < 4.65 10c) 1.65 < c < 4.65	10c) m = 0.45 10c) (y = -10x+15 10f) (y = -8x+15	(ii) A2D & B100 11a) (i) 120* (ii) 0.9 cm	11d) 5.97en 11d) 5.97en 11e) Design IV will be cheaper to produce for 1000 boxes									

 The current, f amperes, passing through a circuit is inversely proportional to its testistance, R ohms. When the resistance of the circuit is 3 ohms, the current passing through it is 2 amperes. (a) Find an equation connecting f and R. 	Antrier (a)	(b) Calculate the straintance of the circuit when 1.5 amperes of current passes through it. Answer (b)ohms [1]	 (c) Sketch the graph of I against R. Antwer (c) I (amperes) 	0 (11)	8 Two containers are geometrically similar. The surface area of the larger container is 63 cm ³ and the aurface area of the smaller container is 28 cm ³ . The height of the smaller container is 5 cm.	Calculate the height of the larger container,	district	CFRU SPCH Perimeny Sammaning 2016 - Manhaonanto diaste
A A restaurant charges \$27.80 per person for buffet lunch. On a particular day, 114 people dited in the restaurant. By approximating both the charge and the number of dinors to 2 significant figures, estimate the total amount received by the restaurant on that particular day. Show your working and give your answer to a reasonable degree of accuracy.	Answer 5	A piece of metal is heated to 375 °C and then left to cool for 15 minutes. The temperature of the meral decreases at a rate of 18 °C/min for the first 5 minutes and then decreases at a rate of 7 °C/min for the next 10 minutes. Find the time taken for the metal to cool to a temperature of 250 °C.	Anamer	6 (a) Solve the inequality $1-x \le 4+x < 13-2x$,	2	(b) Write down all the integers which satisfy $1-x \le 4+x \le 13-2x$.	(1)	CHILI SNOS Prelimitury Examinations 2014 - Mathematica 404601

12 Peter drove from Town X to Town Z, passing by Town Y along the way. He took 40 minutes to drive from Town X to Town Y at an average speed of 72 km/h. He rested in Town Y for 10 minutes before continuing his journey to Town Z. The dutance between Town Y and Town Z is 52 km. His average speed for the whole journey was 60 km/h. Calculate	 (a) the distance between Town X and Town Y. Astroner (a)	Answer (b)	13 The point (1, 1) is marked on the diagram. Sketch the graph of $y = 8 - x^{1}$ in the answer space below. Answer	E	CHU SNGS Praiminery Examinations 2016 - Mathematica 404801 [Turn over
9 Between 2014 and 2015, the number of pupils who applied for a particular school as their first choice increased by 25%. In 2015, the number of applicants for that achool was 425. Calculate the number of applicants in 2014.	10 The probability that it will rain on any particular day is 0.3. Calculate the probability that on two consecutive days, it will rain on only one of the days.	11 The table below shows the number of internet-connected devices in some bouseholds. Number of devices 1 2 3 4 5 6	 (a) If the model number of devices is 4, state the maximum possible value of s. Answer (a)	(c) If the median number of devices is 4, write down all the possible values of x. Answer (c)	CHU SNG5 Preliminary Ecomonitions 2016 - Mathematics 404501



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•	The domity of gold is 19.32 give?	A gold her has length 25 cm, width 7 cm and height 3.5 cm. Five gold hans were methed down and all the gold was uned to make a large member of these gold solids.	(d) Calculate the mass of gold that remains after the gold solids are made, going your assess correct to rate togethease figures.	[f] [20 Outheorigin A is the point (3, p). If is the point (-1, 5), $\frac{1}{2}C = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$.	 (a) If ∃C is parallel to OA. find the value of p. 		(b) First the mits OA : BC.	Autwer (b)	(c) Find the position vector of M such that OAMB is a parallelogram.	(sumer (c))	(2011 SAUS Freeman Rammana Aris - Kamanan Aris - (7ban area
ť		13 A gold solut is formed by joining the plane faces of a cone, a cylinder and a hemisphere. The cone and cylinder have a base radius of 3 cm and height 6 cm. The hemisphere has a radius of 7 cm.		Celtrine Celtrine	(a) the length of the stant height of the cone,		(b) the surface area of the gold solid.		Antreer (b)	(c) the volume of the gold solid.	durver (c)	CITLE STORE PARAMETER AND A SUPER- MARKETER - MARKETER



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0, 1, 2, 3 48 km

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 $N = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{9 + 148}}{2}$ which is no a whole or 5(-9.3) 1 16e) S(1.3) or S(3.-7) 12.5 square units p=9,9=18,r=9, S=N² $y = -\frac{5}{6}x - \frac{5}{6}$ P=2.5 OA: BC=1: $D = 3N + N^2$ 19b) 610 cm³ 19c) 945 cm³ 19d) 4400 g 6.71 cm number 7.5 1 38.4 ñ 16a) 16b) (1991 17a) 17b) 17c) 17d) 20a) 20b) 21a) 21b) 21c) (#61 (30) * R (ohms) [>12 -1-















E [2] 3 Ξ Ξ Ξ 2 3 2 [2] 17 The volume, $V = \frac{b^2}{2}(a+3h)$, where Package A Compound interest of 4.7% per annum, repayment period of 5 years Hence find b, when the volume and height of the object are 15 m³ and 2.5 m respectively, and a = 0.25. Wayne decides to take a study loan from the bank to pay the remaining tuition fees. There are two loan packages available for him to choose. Package B Simple interest of 4.9% per annum, repayment period of 6 year. The annual tuition fees for a three-year Business degree at a local university in Wayne is able to afford a maximum repayment of \$400 per month. Explain, with working, which package Wayne should choose. Calculate the time taken for the probe to travel from the Sun to Sirius. Give your answer in years, correct to three significant figures. Wayne receives a bursary of \$5 000 per year for 3 years. Find the remaining amount that Wayne has to pay. In this part, use the fact that 1 light year = 9,46 × 10¹⁵ metres The distance of the star Sirius from the Sun is 8.6 light years. h is the height of the object in metres and a and b are constants Find the total repayment amount for Package B. Find the total repayment amount for Package A. Answer all the questions. Make b the subject of the formula. A space probe travels at 70 000 km/h. Factorise completely 20m2 - 45n2. Solve the equation $\frac{4x+5}{3x-2} = 4$, Simplify $\frac{4x-8}{7x^2-12x-4}$ Singapore is \$12 000. Simplify $\frac{4y}{3x^3} + \frac{12y^4}{x}$ 1 £ Ξ E € € ē 3 Ð æ T E ۲ -7. The y-axis (does not start at 0) starts at 15 OR The scale of the y-axis is not uniform so the length (P) (H) 6 (c) graph sketch (b) (l) P∩Q'= (3, 7) of each bar is not representative of the number of prize winners (b)(ii) Carpark A (c) 7958 (c) 2.5 5 (b) x = 2.75(b) r=7.57; H=4.87 ·(c) 40 (b) 3.1 hrs; 1.07 hrs (b) x = 27, y = 21(b) n² - 2n - 2 (b) (2, 6) (b)-1,0,1,2,3 (b) C (7, 0) (b) 3.5 hrs (II) \$5 (b) 25 17. (a) $y = -x^2 + 5.5x + 3$ 6. (3x-2y)(5a-7b) 18. (a) 2y - x = 1514. (a) -2 < x S 3 1 5.6.10.18.18 8. x=3 or x=-1 13. (a) 6.40 units 23. (a) 72 km/h 20. (a) 47.5 cm 22. (a) B(1, 0) 26. (a) 720 m³ 12.(a) 51-12 10.(a) 17.5% Answer Key 25. (a)(i) \$9 9. 1.44 km² $19. \frac{3}{4}\pi d^3$ 2. 5359.38 3. x=2 11.13 15. (a) 21.96 1. 2.50 16.7 10

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	7 7 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.	The table below shows the contracted by the equation $y = 0.25x^2(x-6)+3$. The table below shows the corresponding values of x and y. x = -1 0 1 2 2.5 3 4 5 5.5 6 y = 1.25 3 1.75 -1 -2.47 -3.75 -5 A -0.78 3	 (a) Calculate the value of <i>h</i>. (b) Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a horizontal axis for -1 s x ≤ 6. Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit, draw a vertical axis for -5 ≤ y ≤ 3. 	 On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. Use your graph to find the solutions of the equation 0.25x² (x - 6) = -1. By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at the point x = 1. 	(e) By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, find the solutions of the equation $0.25x^2(x-6)+x+1=0$.	
www.sgexan	 6 A group of students took a multiple choice test containing 40 questions. 6 A group of students took a multiple choice test containing 40 questions. 28, 4 and 4 respectively. 	Ashley attempted all questions with $(40 - x)$ questions answered correctly and x questions answered wrongly. Compared to Ashley, Benny answered 2 more questions correctly, answered 5 fewer questions wrongly and left 3 more questions unattempted.	The information can be represented by the matrix $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 28 & 40 - x & 2 \\ 4 & x & -5 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} U$.	 For every correct answer, 2 marks were awarded and for every wrong answer 1 mark was deducted. No mark was awarded or deducted for unattempted questions. Write down a 1 × 3 matrix R to represent this information. 	 (b) Find S = RQ, leaving your answer in terms of x. (c) Benny claims that his score is better than Ashley's. Is his claim correct? (1) Justify your answer. 	(d) Ashloy's score is 4 marks higher than the mean mark. Find the value of x.

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Lastly. Jonathan has to consider the viewing angle. The optimal viewing angle at eye level is between 30° and 45°

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An illustration of the viewing angle is shown below.



Top view

	(h) Screen width (m)	0.50		0.74	
	ocreen lengt	0.89		1.32	Table 1
Screen size (Inch)	(mana)	40	55	65	

Jonathan's sofa will be located 2.4 metres away from his television. Jonathan has shortlisted three 16:9 aspect ratio televisions of varying screen sizes. Copy and complete the table above in the writing paper provided. Using the information in the table, suggest which television Jonathan should buy.

[5]

Support your answer with mathematical reasoning.

End of Paper

2016 EM Prelim S4Exu/SNA P2 (109 marks): One Pare A

1(ai)	P = 2.185 + 3.20
1(=1)	z = 0.978km
1(b)	\$22871.25
2(a)	4m'n'
2(b)	(1+r) ([+r])
(c)	2-9 <u>1</u>
	4 - or - 2
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x = 3805. x = 3810r	946
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Setter: Mr. Tas K.R.

Dumman Secondary School

(19)	0 = 4 nd
	A
(ina)	Shaded Area = 1.287 = 1.29 cm ²
	Median = 24.5
(iq)	Mean = 18.2
(iiiq)	or = 10.0678 ≈ 10.1
(c)	I dissignee with the statement.
	This is because standard deviation measures the consistency of the results rather than then the performances of the girls and boys respectively. The student can use the median instead
(ip)	10
((ii))	169 1901
(*)01	x = 1.125m
10(6)	y = 90.34 = 90 inches
10(c)	\$4 Wastige = 25%
10(4)	To complete the table : Length = 1.22m Width = 0.68m Jonathan should choose the 65 inches television as the viewing angle falls inside the optimized

code the d IVI have

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1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(b) Hance solve $x^2 - 5x - 3 - 0$, giving your answers correct to two decimal places.	(j) z	
$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 $	 Answer (b) n(A∪B)=[1] (b) Given that P = {girls who play the guitar} and Q = {girls who play the drums}, describe what P ∩ Q = {} means. (1) Answer (b)	 (a) Other that she covered. (b) Areservoir located in her neighbourbood occupies a total area of 1.68 cm² on the map. (b) Areservoir located in her neighbourbood occupies a total area of 1.68 cm² on the map. 	Annver (h)











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In the treasure box that you discovered at point X, you found USS 12 000.

How much Singapore Dollars will you receive?

The current exchange rate is SS 1 = USS 0.75.

Nanyang Girls' High School

Sec 4 E Maths Prelim/01/2016

End of Paper

	154	[c]
because		
I will choose Bank		
Answer (c)	*****	

Solution	1.9974	2.00
Question	1(a)	(q)1

[1]

Answer (d) SS

You decide to save the Singapore Dollars that you received, from (d), in a bank far 5 years. Determine which bank you should choose to deposit your money in if you aim to receive as

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The following shows the savings plan from two different banks.

Support your answer with numerical evidence.

much money as possible at the end of 5 years.

1 0.52^{1} , $\frac{1}{5}$, 0.803 , $\sqrt{0.64}$ 3 $\frac{1}{5}x(2x + y)(2x - y)$ $4(x)$ $\frac{1}{5}x(2x + y)(2x - y)$ $\frac{1}{5}x(2x + y)(2x - y)$ $\frac{1}{5}x(2x + y)(2x - y)$ $4(x)$ $k = 4$ 5 $k = 4$ 5 $k = 4$ 6 7 6 275 7 $16x - y^2$ $8(x)$ $10x - y^2$ $8(x)$ $10x - y^2$ $8(x)$ $10x - 2^2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 11$ $9(x)$ $66 - 2^2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 11$ $9(x)$ $4.6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16$	1 0.52^{1} , $\frac{1}{41}$, 0.803 , $\sqrt{0.64}$ 3 $\frac{1}{5}x(2x+y)(2x-y)$ 4(a) $\frac{5}{5}$ 4(b) $k = 4$ 4(b) $k = 4$ 7 k is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the nume of the percentage of the strudents. 7 $k = 4$ 8(a) $k = 12^3$ 8(b) cos $\angle TRP = -\frac{12}{19}$ 9(a) 660 $-2^2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 11$ 9(b) 55×11 9(b) 55×11 9(b) $65 \times 2^2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 11$	19	2.00
$\frac{5}{p^6}$ $\frac{5}{p^6}$ 4(b) $\frac{5}{p^-4}$ 4(b) $\frac{5}{p^-4}$ 5 • It is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the nu or the percentage of the students. • The intervals between the values on the vertical axis are or the percentage of the students. • The vertical axis is truncated and does not start from zer 6 5 5255 7 16xy-y ² 8(a) tan $LPQR = 0.81$ (2 dp) 8(b) cos $LTRP = \frac{12}{19}$ 9(a) 660 - 2 ¹ × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 55, 110 9(b) 55, 110	$\frac{5}{y^6}$ $\frac{5}{y^6}$ 4(a) $\frac{5}{y^6}$ 4(b) $k = 4$ 5 • It is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the nu or the percentage of the andents. • The instervals between the values on the vertical axis are or the percentage of the and does not start from zer 6 5 • The vertical axis is truncated and does not start from zer 6 6 \$2255 7 16.xy - y ³ 8(b) cos $\angle TRP = -\frac{12}{19}$ 9(a) 660 9(a) 680 21 4.6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16) 10(a)(i) $n(A \cup B) = 11$	n	0.527 , $\frac{32}{41}$, 0.803, $\sqrt{0.64}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{$
4(b) k-4 5 1 it is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the num or the percentage of the students. 6 The intervals between the values on the vertical axis are not in the vertical axis is truncated and does not start from zero. 7 16xy - y² 8(a) tun LPQR = 0.81 (2 dp) 8(b) cos ∠TRP = -12/9 9(a) 660 - 2² × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 35, 100 (12, 14, 15, 16)	4(b) k-4 5 • It is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the num or the percentage of the students. • The intervals between the values on the vertical axis are not the vertical axis is truncated and does not start from zero. 6 \$255 7 16xy - y² 8(a) tun LPQR - 0.81 (2 dp) 8(b) cos ∠TRP - 12 9(a) 660 - 2² × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 55. 10 9(a) 660 - 2² × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 55. 10 10(a)(i) n(A ∪ B) - 11	4(a)	5
5 1 it is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the num or the percendage of the andenis. 6 The intervals between the values on the vertical axis are h 6 7 16.5y - y ² 8(a) tun LPQR - 0.81 (2 dp) 8(b) cos LTRP = -12 9(a) 9(a) 660 - 2 ¹ x 3 x 5 x 11 9(b) 9(b) 55, 110 10(aX(1)	S It is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the num or the percendage of the mudenis. • The intervals between the values on the vertical axis is truncated and does not start from zero. 6 \$253 7 I6xy - y ² 8(a) tun LPQR - 0.81 (2 dp) 8(b) cos ∠TRP = -\frac{12}{19} 9(a) 660 - 2 ¹ × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 551 - 12 9(a) 660 - 2 ¹ × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 551 - 13 9(b) 551 - 13 9(b) 551 - 13 9(b) 551 - 13 9(c) 551 - 13 9(b) 551 - 13 9(c) 551 - 13	4(b)	8-4
6 5255 7 16xy - y ² 8(a) 16xy - y ² 8(b) cos 2.7RP = -12 9(a) 660 - 2 ¹ × 3 × 5 × 1 9(b) 55, 110 9(b) 55, 110 10(a)(1) A' - [1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16)	6 \$255 7 16xy - y² 8(a) 1un L PQR = 0.81 (2 dp) 8(b) cos ∠TRP = -12 9(a) 660 = 2² × 3 × 5 × 11 9(b) 55. 110 9(b) 35. 110 10(a)(1) a' = 11, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16) 10(a)(1) n(A ∪ B) = 11	\$	It is not clear whether the vertical axis represents the numb or the percentage of the students. The intervals between the values on the vertical axis are no The vertical axis is truncated and does not start from zero.
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	10(a)(ii) n(A U B)=11	10(a)(T)	A' = [1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16]
10(b) $P \cap Q = ()$ means that none of the girls play both the guitar and the		11(a)	48 cm
10(b) $P \cap Q = ()$ means that none of the girls play both the guitar and the 11(a) 48 cm	11(a) 48 cm	11(b)	105000 m ²
10(b) $P \cap Q = ()$ means that none of the girls play both the guitar and the 11(a) 48 cm 11(b) 105000 m ²	11(a) 48 cm 11(b) 105000 m ²	(s)[1]	$\left(x-\frac{5}{2}\right)^2-\frac{37}{4}$ or $\left(x-2.5\right)^2-9.25$
$\frac{10(b)}{11(b)} = P \cap Q = () \text{ means that none of the girls play both the guitar and the 11(b) 105000 m2. 112(a) \frac{13(a)}{(x-2)^2} - \frac{37}{4} \text{ or } (x-2.5)^2 - 9.25$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12(b)	$x = \sqrt{\frac{37}{4} + \frac{5}{2}} \text{or} x = -\sqrt{\frac{37}{4} + \frac{5}{2}} \\ = 554 (2\text{dp}) = -0.54 (2\text{dp})$
$\begin{array}{rcl} 10(b) & P \cap \mathcal{Q} = () \text{ means that none of the girls play both the guint and the line 11(a) & 48 cm \\ 11(b) & 105000 \text{ m}^{1} \\ 12(a) & \left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{37}{4} & \text{or} & (x - 2.5)^{2} - 9.25 \\ 12(b) & \left(x - \frac{57}{2}\right)^{2} + \frac{5}{2} & \text{or} & \left(x\frac{37}{4} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{2} & \text{or} & x\sqrt{\frac{37}{4} + \frac{5}{2}} \\ -5.54 & (2dp) &0.54 & (2dp) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13(a)	
$P \cap Q = ()$ means that none of the girts play both the guint and the line $11(a)$ 48 cm $11(b)$ 105000 m² $(12(a))$ $(x-2)^2 - 37$ or $(x-2)^2 - 9.25$ $(x-2)^2 - 37$ or $(x-2.5)^2 - 9.25$ $(12(a))$ $(x-3)^2 - 37$ or $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(12(a))$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(13(a))$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(12(a))$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(12(a))$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(x-3)^2 - 32$ $(12(a))$ $(x-3$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13(b)	Median = 0.5 (19 + 20) = 19.5
P $\cap Q = \{$ means that none of the gifts play both the guitar and the life) 11(a) 48 cm 11(b) 105000 m² 12(a) $\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{37}{4}$ or $(x - 2s)^2 - 9.2s$ 12(b) $x - \sqrt{\frac{37}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$ or $x\sqrt{\frac{57}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$ 12(b) $x - \sqrt{\frac{37}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$ or $x\sqrt{\frac{57}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$ 12(b) $x - \sqrt{\frac{37}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$ or $x0.54$ (2 dp) 13(a) $(x - 1)^{-1}$ or $(x - 2s)^4 - 9.2s$ 13(b) $(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{4}$ or $x0.54$ (2 dp) 13(a) $(x - 1)^{-1}$ or $(x - 1)^{-1}$ or $(x - 1)^{-1}$ or $(x - 1)^{-1}$ 13(b) $(x - 1)^{-1}$ or $(x - 2)^{-1} = 19.5$	11(a) 48 cm 11(b) 105000 m² 12(a) $\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{37}{4}$ or $\left(x - 25)^2 - 9.25$ 12(b) $x - \sqrt{\frac{37}{4} + \frac{5}{2}}$ or $x - \sqrt{\frac{57}{4} + \frac{5}{2}}$ 12(b) $x - \sqrt{\frac{37}{4} + \frac{5}{2}}$ or $x - \sqrt{\frac{57}{4} + \frac{5}{2}}$ 13(a) -5.54 (2dp) -10.54 (2dp) 0.54 (2dp) -10.54 (2dp) -0.54 (2dp)	13(c)	Lower quartile of ages (book shop) = 18 years Lower quartile of ages (cafe) = 18 years

2016 Sec 4 Prelims Mathematics PI (Answer Key)

20

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Υ.

1

2

Bank fee to be deducted from account

after 5 years = S\$ 88

Plan: Compound Interest

Plan: Simple Interest 0.8% per annum

No bank fee

Bank Flourish

Bank Prosper

0.9% per annum









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8	3
Calculate the value of AB.	Write down the column vector AB.
[2]	19

(10) D is a point such that $\overline{AD} = 5\overline{R4}$. Find the coordinates of D. 1 Э

3 The table below shows the number of tabs of ice-stram of three flavours,

	Vanilla	Chocolate	Strawberry
Mae	3	-	••
Cool		4	0
loca	\$	5	

\$20, \$18 and \$15 respectively. The cest price of a tub of Vanilla, Chocolate and Strawberry ice-cream is

The cost is represented by the matrix $\mathcal{B} = \begin{cases} 10 \\ 15 \\ 15 \end{cases}$

Write down a 3x3 matrix A that reportents the data in the table shown [1]

8

ΞΞ

Given that ?= AR evaluate P.

8

(10) Explain what the elements in P represent

Most makes a profil of 10%s. Cool makes a profil of 15% and loss makes a

profit of 20%

(A) White down a matrix C given that the product CP gives the profit

that each shop earth

33

(v) Evaluate the matrix CP.

Solve the inequality $\frac{x-1}{5} + \frac{3-x}{1}$

23

E

Z

Express as a single fraction in its sampling form

35 \mathbf{E}

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8 Given that $|y^1+y^1-1-y^1y^1+by^1-by^1$ express) in sects of x

[Tum Over

3

State, with a reason, which you think is the better fertilizer.



1	Diagram I In the question, the hut can be modelled as cylinder with a corre on top, as thown in Diagram I. The roof is the curved surface of a cone and is supported by a central vertical pole.		$\begin{bmatrix} 1.3 & 1.5 & 1.$	END OF PAPER
Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper. The variables x and y are connected by the equation $y - \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{x} - 3$. The table below shows some values of x and the corresponding values of y, correct to 1 decimal place. x = 0.2 1 2 3 4 5 6.5 8 y = 2.0 -1.8 k -0.4 1.3 3.5 7.7 1.1	 (a) Find the value of k. (b) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for 0.2 ≤ x ≤ 8. Using a scale of 1 cm to 1 unit, draw a vertical y-axis for -2 ≤ y ≤ 14. On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth 	curve. (c) Use your graph to solve the equation $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{x} = 3$. (2)	 (d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at the point (5, 3.5). [2] (e) By drawing a suitable straight line on your graph, solve x² - 4x² - 16x + 4 = 0. (f) 	, Tum Over

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	1	T III	vic .	- 0	1			17	81	10	21	-a	al lie	A ilia	aiv A	e
5 3 2 11 8 6 8 5 4	184) 454 310	he total cost price increased built in	0.11 0 0 0 0.15 0 0 0.12 0 0.12 0.00	8.4) 8.1) 82)	12 <mark>3</mark>	$\frac{3}{-1} - \frac{1}{3x-1} + \frac{1}{(3x-1)(2x-1)}$ $\frac{(3x-1)(2x-1)+1}{(3x-1)(2x-1)}$ $\frac{(3x-1)(2x-1)+1}{(3x-1)(2x-1)}$ $\frac{7x-1}{7x-1}$	$\frac{x+1}{x-3}$	BOC = 0.749 rad (3sf)	0 = 4.76 cm (3st)	D - 5.13 cm (3sf)	ea of shaded region 6.12 sq cm (3sf)	caring of R from Q =114*	R = 141 m (3sf)	rea of field PQRS 6620 sq m (34f)	COPR = 57.0* (1dp)	(1.3 m (3sf)

-	2
	x
9	24
PI	X = 5 755 av 6 755
e.	5.00 hours (3sf)
2ai	LBCF = 54" (/+ in +
2ali	LBFC = 85° (/ entrope A)
2aili	LBAC = 36" (/ in semi-citate)
2aiv	LBAG = 103° (ext / of control
25	$\angle BCE = 41^{\circ} (alt \angle s)$ $\angle ACE = 54^{\circ} + 41^{\circ} = 00^{\circ}$
	AC is not perpendicular to CE, hence CE is not
3ai	9
Jaiia	6.63 h
Jalib	1.73 h
Jaili	The girls sleep longer hours with a higher mean number of hours. The girls are also more consistent with a smaller
his	standard deviation
5	1=
bib	10 10
bic	2125
bii	4 green eggs added.
	25 cm
iii	10 cm (accept 30.5 - 19.5 = 11)
iii	5
	35.5 cm (accept 36 cm)
	Brand B fertilizer is better has a higher meaning plants grow taller with Brand B.
	(6)
	0 units
-	ler up to

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1.	07+07+
-11	-34+45
=	EV.
1.	3+0
- 1	4
_	
	ARLM 7
- 1-	<u>ANLS</u> 16
1	51-
	Ste attached and
	r = 3.25 (arcant 7 -
1.15	Draws tangent at v = c - 3.3) or 0.4 (accept 0.3
	y)/(change in x)
	Add y= r+1
	x=0.25 or 6 14
1.11	Volume of hut = 05 6 - 1
	93.3 m ² (3sf) 22.2 m (3sf)
_	It is not possible to have a shadow of 50 m ² -



•

3 Two numbers have HCF = 100 and LCM = 3000 . Find the smaller of the two numbers if both numbers are more than 100 .		[2]	Population Suggeore Actain Lumpur Longon Area (km ²) 7.19×10 ² 2.43×10 ² 1.57×10 ²	 How many more people live in London than in Singapore? Give your answer in standard form. 	(b) Calculate the average number of people per square kilometer in Kuula Lumpus, correct	your answer to the martest thousand.	10)
(a) Calculate $\frac{12+3(27-3\times3\times(-2))}{1-3^2}$	 Write down the first five digits on your calculator display. Marwer (a)	(1)	2 The first four term of a sequence are	12 19 26 33.(a) Write down the next two terms of the sequence.	[1][1]	(b) Write down an expression, in terms of π , for the π th term of the sequence.	[]].









The value of Mr Lim's car is \$140 000. By the end of the each year, the value of the car decreases by 15% of its value at the start of the year. Find the value of the car at the end of 2 years.	Activer (a) \$	
3	ê	
(a) By expressing $-x^{2} + 3x + 7$ in the form $-(x-\alpha)^{2} + b$, state the equation of the line of symmetry of the graph $y = -x^{2} + 3x + 7$.	Hence solve the equation $-x^2 + 3x + 7 = \frac{1}{4}$.	Answer (b) x =
	ê	70
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Altiver all the questions.	1 (a) 9.2052 (b) 9.21	2 (a) 40, 47 (b) 7 <i>n</i> +5	3 The smaller number is 300 or 200.	 4 (a) 3.27×10⁴ (b) 7000 	5 (a) x ^a = 52 ^a (b) y ^a = 38 ^a	6 Smallest prime number is 3.	1 125%	8 (a) 10-1=9 hours	(b) median = 4 hours	
25 ABCDO is a semi-circle with diameter AC, centre 0 and radius of 4 cm. ABD is a sector with contre 4. Given that $\angle BOD = 1.1$ rad, find	nguru.com		(a) the length of arc BD,(b) perimeter of shaded region.							Answer (a) BD =



		19 (a) - <u>3</u> (b) 9,85 cm	20 (c) Ship S is nearer to BH because it is between the angle bisector and the line BH.	21 (a) Equation of line is $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 3$.	 (c) coordinates of D is (4, 0). (c) 2.4 units 	22 (a) (i) P(spinner at X after 1 throw) = $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$	(ii) P(spinner at Y after 2 throws) = $\frac{5}{9}$ (b) (i) P(all the dice show different number) = $\frac{5}{6}$	(iii) P(at least two dice show the same number) = $\frac{4}{9}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{1}$	24 (a) $\angle 4CD = 90^{\circ}$ because it is the angle is a semi-circle	(d) AD=693 cm	25 (a) 3.75 cm (b) 9.23 cm
24													
-			ĩ		1							-	- 1
								On the grid below, sketch the					20 The (account) [-1
				2				for the last 6 seconds. On the grid below, sketch the					10 12 14 10 11 20 There (accredit) 1-1
	z=1.5	x = 4.5 or $x = -1.5$		2	720°	1980*	treed = 40 = 4 m/s	. 10 Ah a accelerates at 2 m/s ² for the last 6 seconds. On the grid below, sketch the	me graph for the turn.				2 4 0 12 14 16 11 20 The (scoold)
	z=1.5	x = 4.5 or $x = -1.5$	0 \$101150	b) \$2564.76	•) 720°	1980*	$\frac{40}{100} = 40$	 (b) 14.4 km/h (c) The man accelerates at 2 m/s² for the last 6 seconds. On the grid below, sketch the 	speed-time graph for the twin.				2 4 0 12 14 15 11 20 The (scroot)

The asian in two nuccessive, much much mark, much much much much much much much much	These	19118 '1271e	, medium an	d large at S					The second statement of the second statement at an and the second s	
$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1}$	W OM UI STIRE SITY	uccessive c	lays are giver	n in the tabl	2.50, \$3.20 e below.	and \$4.50 re	old in cups apectively.		Write down an expression, in terms of x_i for the number of hours he too 20 pages	the per hour
$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{12\pi}} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{12\pi}} \frac{1}{12\pi} $										E)
SizeSmallMediumLusa took to type 20 page.Turnon, turnum of x into to the proper symmetry are at a matrixed above that it simplifies to x2.Number old1313141210Solve the equation x ⁺ +2x-100=0, giving your solution o place.(10)Given that the difference between the two timings were x3 an expression, in term of x and show that it simplifies to x2.(11)The informationfor Started ys at each the restanced by the matrix, within x1, 132113(11)The informationfor Started ys's atte can be represented by the 			Saturday			1000			typing apeed. Write down an excension in	an Isaac's
Number clears of regression, in terms of a sector between the two unings were sta chears)(10)Given that the difference between the two unings were sta an expression, in terms of a sector bow that it simplifies to 3.Chearsy chears)Chearsy chears)(10	Size	Small	Medium			Sunday			Lucas took to type 20 pages.	r of hours
sold13132110Number181511132116Duran boundaria1321161781010Duran boundaria00000000Duran boundaria000000000Duran boundaria00000000000Duran boundaria000	Number of cups of Cherry	12	1	s arge	Small	Medium	Large	E	 Given that the difference between the two timings were 24 minutes, wn an expression, in terms of x and show tool 1. 	[1] Tite down
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The information for Saturday's sale can be represented by the matrix, $M = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 17 & 8 \\ (12 & 17 & 8 \\ (18 & 15 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$ and the cost of each flavour for each size can be represented by the matrix, $M = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 17 & 8 \\ (18 & 15 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$ and the cost of each flavour for each size can be represented by the matrix, matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3.2 \\ 3.2 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 17 \\ 3.2 \\ 5.2 \\ 7 \\ 3 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7$	Durian	9	2	-	11	12	16	ω	Hence, find the time stars to '	Ξ
$M = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 17 & 8 \\ 18 & 15 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$ and the cost of each flavour for each size can be represented by the matrix, $M = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 17 & 8 \\ 18 & 15 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$ and the cost of each flavour for each size can be represented by the matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the matrix N. (a) Write down the matrix N and calculate $P = M + N$. (b) Exercibe what the elements of P represent. (c) Describe what the elements of SPC represent. (c) Describe what the e	The information	1 3		1	P		7		and minutes, correct to the nearest minutes.	r in hours [1]
matrix $C = \begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 4.5 \end{pmatrix}$. The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & Simplify \frac{2x-x^2}{x^2-5x+6} \\ Make r the subject of the formula \frac{p}{2q} = \begin{pmatrix} r \\ 3x-1 \end{pmatrix}^2.(a) Write down the matrix N and calculate P = M + N.(b) Describe what the elements of P represent.(c) Calculate Q = PC.(d) Solve the equation \frac{7}{(x-2)^2}, \frac{2}{2-x} = \frac{2}{3}.(d) Describe what the elements of SPC represent.(e) Write down the matrix S such that the elements of SPC represent the total$	$M = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 17 & 8 \\ 18 & 15 & 11 \end{pmatrix} =$	nd the cos	t of each flav	rour for eac	represent	ed by the be represent	matrix, ad by the	3 (8)	Simplify $\left(\frac{3x^2}{4y}\right)^2 + \frac{y^2}{60}$	
$\frac{x^{-5x+6}}{4.5}$ The information for the Sunday's sale can be represented by the (e) Make r the aubject of the formula $\frac{p}{2q} = \left(\frac{r}{3s-1}\right)^{2}$. matrix N. (a) Write down the matrix N and calculate $P = M + N$. (b) Describe what the elements of P represent. (c) Calculate $Q = PC$. (d) Describe what the elements of $\frac{1}{2}Q$ represent. (e) Write down the matrix S such that the elements of SPC represent the total	(22) (22)					11 25		(e)	Simplify 2x-x	1
matrix N. (a) Write down the matrix N and calculate $P = M + N$. (b) Describe what the elements of P represent. (c) Calculate $Q = PC$. (d) Describe what the elements of $\frac{1}{2}Q$ represent. (e) Describe what the elements of $\frac{1}{2}Q$ represent. (f) Describe what the elements of SPC represent the total (g) Write down the matrix S such that the elements of SPC represent the total	(4.2), TI	he informu	ation for the	Sunday's	sale can b	e represente	d by the	(e)	x^{-5x+6}	[2]
(a) Write down the matrix N and calculate $P = M + N$. (b) Describe what the elements of P represent. (c) Calculate $Q = PC$. (d) Describe what the elements of $\frac{1}{2}Q$ represent. (e) Write down the matrix S such that the elements of SPC represent the total	matrix N.								$\frac{1}{2q} = \frac{1}{2q} = \frac{1}{2q}$	12]
(d) Describe what the elements of $\frac{1}{2}$ Q represent. [1] e) Write down the matrix S such that the elements of SPC represent the total	 (a) Write down the i (b) Describe what th (c) Calculate Q = PC 	matrix N a c elementi C.	nd calculate 1 of P represe	P=M+N int.	3		EEE		Solve the equation $\frac{7}{(x-2)^2} \frac{2}{2-x} = \frac{2}{3}$.	-
e) Write down the matrix S such that the elements of SPC represent the total	(d) Describe what the	elements	of $\frac{1}{2}Q$ ropn	csent.			εE			
amount received from the sales of the ice cream. [1]	e) Write down the amount received fi	matrix S rom the sa	such that the les of the ice	he element i cream.	s of SPC	represent t	he total [1]			

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interquartile range. Describe how the cumulative frequency curve will differ from the

given curve.





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•	(a)(i) 34.3 m (ii) (b) 23.6° (c) 16.1 m 10	 (a)(i) 11.25 (a)(ii) 4000 cm² (a)(ii) 14910 cm³ (b)(i) 18.4 (b)(ii) 2684 cm² 		